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THE WORLD'S FAIR.

The Struggle Over the Appropriation in Progress.

COLONEL OATES WILL LEAD THE FIGHT

Against Helping Chicago to the Public Funds.

THE HATCH ANTI-OPTION BILL.

Strong Arguments Made Against Its Passage, Showing That It Would Damage the Producers of the Country.

Washington, July 22.—(Special.)—Congress is sure to be in session all of next week.

The conference committee on the sundry civil bill announced today that they would be unable to report till Monday. The senate added $10,000,000 to the bill as it passed the house, including the $5,000,000 for the world's fair, and, of course, there has been much work for the conference committee.

When made, the report will have to be printed, and it is not probable that the world's fair amendment can be voted upon again before Wednesday. Should it be again voted down in the house, adjournment can be had by Monday week, but in the event the world's fair people have the votes they claim now, then the opponents of the appropriation will commence filibustering, which might last several weeks.

The opponents of the appropriation have requested Colonel Oates, of Alabama, to lead the filibuster in the event they have to resort to such tactics. It will be remembered that Colonel Oates led the long filibuster against the direct tax bill in the fiftieth congress, in which he was successful, and in the event he takes hold of this with the following he is sure to have, the filibuster will last until the senate agrees to recede.

While it is possible that the world's fair people might win, the chances are decidedly against them. The majority of democrats are averse to making such large appropriations for the show, and particularly at this stage of the political situation.

The Anti-Option Bill.

The opponents of the anti-option bill in the senate are making a powerful fight against that measure. Some of the strongest speeches made in the senate in a long time have been leveled at that bill. Many senators who were considered for it a few days ago, are flickering and wavering. The opponents are still determined not to allow the bill to come to a vote until full opportunity has been had for debate, and it is not at all probable that they will think full opportunity has been had at this session.

Indeed, they seem determined to throw the bill over into next session.

What Watson Is Going to Do.

The New York Times has an article from Washington this morning in which it says that Tom Watson asserts that he will have no difficulty in being re-elected, and that he is determined to defeat the re-election of Speaker Crisp. The correspondent, a friend of Watson's, says that he will go into Mr. Crisp's district immediately upon the adjournment of congress, and will make speeches in every county. He says the third party is very strong in that district, and asserts that the re-election of the speaker is by no means certain. Of course, such talk is the merest bosh, but it is interesting to know what Mr. Watson's opinions about Georgia really are.

The Indian Bill.

Colonel Moses is very happy today over the passage of his Indian war pension bill in the senate yesterday. Nearly all the beneficiaries are in the south, and he says it will prove a boon to many an old veteran in Georgia. The president will sign the bill within a few days.

Blackburn Is There.

Among the Georgians in Washington today are Mr. B. M. Blackburn, of Atlanta; D. Abrahams and daughter, of LaGrange; W. H. Searcy, Emory Drake, Douglass Boyd and Henry Smith, of Griffin.

Speaker Crisp treated his friends today to the finest peaches ever seen in Washington. They came from Mr. M. A. Sperry, of Marshallville. E. W. B.

THE DAY IN THE SENATE.

Peffer's Resolution About the Pinkertons, The Anti-Option Bill.

Washington, July 22.—The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Peffer, in the senate, instructing the judiciary committee to inquire into the relations of employes and employers, was taken up and Mr. Peffer addressed the senate in its support. Mr. Peffer argued that there were but three ways to meet labor troubles. One was for the government to keep its hands off and let employers and employes settle the matter between themselves; the second was for the government to establish and rgulate the rate of wages; the third was that the government take possession of private manufacturing establishments and conduct them as public institutions. Mr. Peffer's preference was for the first named method.

At the close of his remarks, the resolution was referred to the committee on education and labor.

The resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Voorhees, looking to the establishment of a tribunal of arbitration in labor questions, was then taken up and Mr. Call addressed the senate in support of it. He argued that the employment of the Pinkerton detective force was a violation of law, and of the constitution, and that any man should be indicted for raising troops at his own sweet will and pleasure without the sanction of the courts or of the authorities of the country.

No action was taken on the resolution which went back to the table.

The Anti-Option Bill.

The anti-option bill was then taken up at 2:15 o'clock and Mr. White resumed his argument—began yesterday—in opposition to it. He considered it a philosophical mistake to attempt to prevent the tendency to speculation on boards of trade, where there were proper restraints and restrictions and to encourage and foster speculation where such restraints and restrictions did not exist. It was simply a deflection of the course of gambling from its legitimate channel where its effects were wider and more pernicious. There was, Mr. White said, a concensus of opinion on the part of the great commercial bodies of the country against the measure. In proof of this he sent to the clerk's desk and had read resolutions of the Chamber of Commerce of the state of New York, protesting against it as injurious to the best interests of the community. He also sent up and had read protests of bankers of New York, Chicago and New Orleans against the bill. He also sent up and had read a list of other bodies that had sent memorials to congress against the bill. That list comprised New York, New Orleans, Savannah, Houston, Mobile, Greenville and Memphis cotton exchanges, Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce, Chicago Board of Trade, New York Produce Exchange, New Orleans Board of Trade, New Orleans Clearing House Association, bankers, millers and merchants of Toledo, O.; Baltimore Corn and Flour Exchange, Chicago merchants and manufacturers, and Minneapolis Clearing House Association; business union and chamber of commerce. Were these great associations, he asked, mere bodies of degraded and abandoned gamblers? And yet that was the inevitable outcome of arguments in support of the bill.

Speaking of the system of "futures," Mr. White said that before that system came into existence, the cotton business was confined to large capitalists. Large fortunes were required to carry and hold the product, whereas now, under the system of "future delivery," all men were on a footing of equality; and men with small capital were the equals of men with large capital.

Mr. White spoke for nearly three hours and when he closed the bill went over without action till tomorrow.

Mr. Davis asked and obtained unanimous consent to have taken up for immediate action the house bill to enforce reciprocal commercial arrangements between the United States and Canada. It was taken up, read and passed without any explanation and without division. (It is the Canada canal tolls retaliation bill.)

The house bill to pay the state of South Carolina money to which she is entitled under the agricultural college bill, was reported and passed.

The senate then adjourned.

GENERAL DEFICIENCY BILL.

Senate Amendments to It Considered and Acted Upon.

Washington, July 22.—The house immediately after meeting proceeded with the regular order, which was the call of committees. The time allowed the postoffice committee having expired, without action on any measure, the committee on public lands called up a few bills of little general interest and none of them succeeded in passing, the filibustering being so strong.

Mr. Sayers then called up the senate amendments to the general deficiency bill, which have not yet been agreed upon. One hour was granted to debate on the subject of Indian depredations claims, one hour for French spoliation claims, one hour for the amendment paying the widows or legal representatives of deceased members of congress, half hour for Pacific railroad claims and ten minutes for the item relative to the salary of the assistant attorney general in charge of the Indian depredation claims.

The amendments relative to the claim of the Pacific railroads and for the payment of the assistant attorney general were nonconcurred in.

An amendment was adopted to the senate paragraph relating to the payment to widows of deceased representatives. The amendment specifies the persons to whom the various amounts may be paid, and provides that the legal representatives shall be paid the balance of the salary to which the member would have been entitled, deducting mileage.

The next amendment relates to the French spoliation claim amendment, but before the house had disposed of it the hour of 5 o'clock arrived, and a recess was taken until 8 o'clock, the evening session to be for the consideration of private pension bills.

BACK TO GRAY GABLES.

Mr. Cleveland and Wife Return to Buzzard's Bay—General Stevenson to Chicago.

New York, July 22.—Ex-President Cleveland and his wife left the city this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock on a Fall River line boat for Gray Gables. General Stevenson leaves tomorrow morning for Chicago on the New York Central by a special car. He will be accompanied by John T. Brock, Judge Goodrich, James T. Ewing, Adlar E. Ewing and W. C. Ewing. Matters are quiet about political headquarters this morning.

Cleveland at Greenwich.

Greenwich, Conn., July 22.—About 8 o'clock this evening ex-President Cleveland arrived here from New York on E. C. Benedict's yacht, Oneida. Mr. Cleveland was driven directly to Mr. Benedict's residence, where a large crowd of people awaited him. Mr. Benedict made a brief address, and Mr. Cleveland responded in a short speech, which was wholly unpolitical. The ex-president was introduced to the leading citizens of the place by Judge McHolland. He shook hands with everybody. At the conclusion of the reception Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, Baby Ruth and Mr. Benedict left for Gray Gables on the Oneida.

THE TAUNT ANGERED HIM

And with a Winchester Rifle Killed His Brother-in-Law.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 22.—A special from Jennings village, Hamilton county, to The Times-Union says: Late this afternoon Edwin Hendry, who lives near this town, went to the house of his brother-in-law, Allen Holzendorf, carrying with him a Winchester rifle. Holzendorf jokingly remarked that he thought it was useless for Hendry to carry his gun with him anywhere as he was never known to use it. Without any words Hendry replied: "D—n you, I will use it on you." Immediately he threw the Winchester to his face and deliberately shot Holzendorf through the heart, killing him instantly. The men were fast friends, to all appearances. Only a few weeks ago Hendry married Holzendorf's sister. Hendry is a son of Rev. John M. Hendry, a prominent member of the Florida Methodist conference for more than forty years. Hendry made his escape.

The Fight Against Shiras.

Washington, July 22.—The senate judiciary committee met for the first time today since the anti-option bill was disposed of by it and took up the nomination of Shiras to be associate justice of the supreme court, but, after considering it for an hour, adjourned until tomorrow, when it will be again taken up. Cameron's influence is said to have been put forth with marked effort among the democratic senators and aided by Mr. Butler, he has reminded them of the assistance rendered by him in defeating the elections bill and in passing the silver bill as reasons why they should support him in his opposition to the nomination. It is probable that the judiciary committee will act upon the nomination tomorrow and thus transfer it subject to the senate.

Death of Mr. Z. H. Crittenden.

Dawson, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Mr. Z. H. Crittenden, a prominent and esteemed business young man, a member of the firm of Authur, Crittenden & Whitehead, of this place, and son of Colonel and Mrs. R. F. Crittenden, of Shellman, Ga., died yesterday, July 21st, at 1 o'clock at the residence of his parents. His remains was interred today at 11 o'clock at Shellman.

Married Romantically.

New York, July 22.—(Special.)—Julius Krauskoff, son of a wealthy Savannah merchant, was wedded here today romantically. He is about twenty-two years old and is quite a swell in Savannah. It is said that he was engaged to one of the belles of his own city.

Their Nominations Confirmed.

Washington, July 22.—The senate today confirmed the nominations of Ministers White to Russia, Snowden to Spain and Beale to Greece, Roumania and Servia, all nominated yesterday. Cyrus W. Field, son of the recently deceased Cyrus W. Field, who was yesterday nominated consul to Brunswick, Germany, was also confirmed today.

WHAT THEY CLAIM.

The Pinkerton's Say Their Men Were Sheriff's Deputies

AND FIRED IN SELF-DEFENSE,

But Not Until Several of Their Men Had Been Killed.

NEW MEN REPORTING AT THE MILLS.

The Carnegies Say They Have Plenty of Workmen—Serving Eviction Notices on the Strikers.

Washington, July 22.—The Pinkerton brothers were given a hearing this morning by the house committee on judiciary. They submitted a written statement in which they said the men employed by the agency were selected with great care, and only after a full investigation of their character and antecedents; that they seldom allowed men to carry arms unless authorized by the legal authorities or sworn in as deputy sheriffs; that these men have only used arms as a last extremity in order to protect life. They refused to send watchmen to Homestead unless the men were sworn in as deputy sheriffs; that Deputy Gray accompanied the men to Homestead and distinctly understood that he had the power to deputize them in case of necessity. The instructions to the men were that they should not be armed unless deputized by the sheriff; that the boxes in the barges were not opened and arms and ammunition distributed until after the strikers began firing on the watchmen. Klein had been murdered and about five others wounded before the men began to fire in self-defense.

NEW MEN FOR THE MILLS.

Boat Loads of Them Taken to Homestead. The Strikers Watching Them.

Pittsburg, July 22.—The steamer Tide left the wharf here at 9 o'clock for Homestead with about forty men on board and will continue to make trips all day, carrying men to Homestead in connection with the Little Bill, which took out a load early this morning. The boat was guarded by a squad of policemen to prevent trouble at the wharf or at lock No. 1. At the office of the Tide it was learned that the boats would be busy all day and it is evident that a large number of men will be sent up. All the morning men with satchels and bundles were coming to and going from the office of the company and it looks as if the company were carrying out their intention and make good their claim that all the men needed could be obtained. As soon as the Tide left three men, evidently watchers, went in the Monongahela house and sent messages by the Western Union, evidently to Homestead, to notify the men there that the boat had left.

New Men Coming In.

Pittsburg, July 22.—A high official of the Carnegie Steel Company when asked this afternoon by an Associated Press reporter as to the condition of affairs at Homestead replied that it was very encouraging for the firm. A number of new men have gone to work. Some strikers went back today and the company has more workmen than it can easily handle. Applications for employment are being received rapidly, but only good men are engaged.

According to this official the 119-inch plate mill and thirty-two-inch slab department are running full this afternoon, while all other branches of the large steel works are being gotten in readiness for resumption at once. The steamer Tide arrived at Homestead about noon with fifty-two men, carpenters and mill workers, on board. Their landing was without incident. At Carnegie's Upper and Lower Union mills today there is no change in the situation. None of the strikers have returned to work and no non-union men are at work. At Beaver Falls the shut down is complete.

Identifying O'Donnell.

This afternoon eight men supposed to be Pinkertons who were at Homestead on the 6th instant, the day of the riot, called at the county jail to identify Hugh O'Donnell. The latter was brought into the corridor with a dozen others confined in the jail and was identified by each of the eight men. The purpose of this move on the Pinkertons could not be learned, but it is surmised to be connected with the possible objection to O'Donnell's being released on bail. To prevent his release, a charge of first degree of murder must be made, and the visit of the supposed Pinkertons is thought to have been made with the view to substantiate such a charge against O'Donnell.

Hugh to Star It.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 22.—Samuel W. Boyd, editor of The Newsdealer, of this city, returned from New York today, where he went Tuesday last for the purpose of conferring with Hugh O'Donnell, leader of the Homestead strikers. It is authoritatively stated that Boyd closed a contract with O'Donnell for his appearance in a capital and labor play, "Underground," which opens its season at Pittsburg. P. L. Hart, of this city, author of the play, telegraphed O'Donnell, offering him an engagement and the meeting between the latter and Boyd was the result. This explains O'Donnell's mysterious disappearance from Homestead for several days.

Strike at the Duquesne Mills.

Pittsburg, July 22.—Skilled workmen at Duquesne Steel mills of the Carnegie Steel Company to the number of three hundred, went out on strike tonight in sympathy with the Homestead men.

Serving Eviction Notices.

At the strikers' headquarters the men's ranks were reported to be as solid as a stone wall, but the line of strikers waiting for admission to the room of the relief committee was stretched out to nearly double the length of any day yet.

Sheriff McCleary departed for Pittsburg on the same train with Governor Pattison. Swiftly on the heels of the governor's departure the serving of eviction notices commenced on Shanty hill. As a rule the notices were received in grim silence without the exhibition of feeling by the recipient. Chief McBroom, of the Carnegie company's police force, with one assistant accompanied Carnegie's agent, who made the distribution in person. Willingness to pay rent cut no figure, a clause in the lease of all houses giving the company the peremptory right of possession on ten days notice. No distressing scenes of forcible removals were to be witnessed, the ten days postponing such occurrences.

TRADE PROSPECTS GOOD.

An Improvement in Transactions—Cotton and Woolen Manufactories Busy.

New York, July 22.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review says: There is a distinct improvement not only in transactions in comparison with the same time last year, but also in prospects for the coming season. In the cotton market a decline of a sixteenth occurred with sales of 560,000 bales in the week. Owing to continued large receipts and improved crop prospects, cotton mills are actively employed and orders will keep the woolen mills crowded for some time to come, while boot and shoe makers are full, rubber works busy, leather firm and wool freely bought by manufacturers, sales reaching 5,400,000 pounds for the week.

Reports from Trade Centers.

At Philadelphia trade in most lines is fair but more firm in manufactured iron, while wool sales are large and the grocery trade is excellent for the season. In dry goods customers are still cautious, but more activity is seen.

Manufactured iron is stiffened at Pittsburg by the closing of many mills, and trade at Cleveland is pushed beyond its capacity with some advance in structural iron.

The clothing trade at Cincinnati increases with orders from the south.

Louisville trade is fair with excellent prospects, but at other southern points seasonable dullness appears.

Rain is reported to have slightly affected cotton about Savannah and considerable improvement in trade is seen at New Orleans, though sugar is strong and rice firm.

Production of Iron.

Official reports make the production of iron for the first half of 1892 4,709,056 gross tons against 3,368,107 for the first half of 1891, and in the year ending with June 9,710,819 gross tons against 8,279,870 the previous year. Unsold stock 148,621 tons for the half year, but only 16,255 tons for the last quarter. Southern sales depress the prices of pig, but bar, plate and structural iron are very active and temporarily higher.

Merchandise exports in three weeks of July are only half of 1 per cent larger than last year, while in imports a large increase appears.

Business failures occurring throughout the country during last week number for the United States, 168; for the corresponding week of last year, 231.

A CONSTRUCTION OF LAW

Brings About a Misunderstanding Between a Judge and County Authorities.

Brunswick, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Glynn superior court and Glynn's board of county commissioners—the two branches of Glynn county's government—have clashed in a manner that has created a sensation in this section. The facts in the case are these. Court stenographers, according to law, are allowed $15 per day for services and draw pay from the county for criminal business. His time is certified to by the judge of the superior court, who gives an order on the county treasurer or such parties as control the county funds. In Glynn county the commissioners control the funds. During the May term of court Stenographer Toome worked five days and two fractional parts of days in taking evidence in the criminal court. Judge Sweat allowed Toomer $15 per day for five days' work, which the commissioners paid. Sweat afterward allowed a bill for $15 per day for ten days' work, which Toomer required in writing out the evidence taken down during the five days, which the commissioners absolutely refused to pay. Their construction of the law, as expounded by Chairman Lamb, was that they were only required by law to pay for actual work done while the court was in session, trying criminal cases, and that no judge had the right to draw money out of the county treasuries for more days than is shown by the minutes of the court. That is the issue between the two sections of government. When Toomer was refused payment, he brought mandamus proceedings, and the commissioners were cited to show cause why the bill was not paid. The case was called for hearing, but through misunderstanding the commissioners' attorneys failed to answer, and the court, after stating that Toomer, in the interest of harmony, would deduct three days, rendered a judgment requiring the commissioners to pay the bill and costs of court. Before, however, proceedings of judgment had been placed on the minutes, the commissioners' attorney persuaded Judge Sweat that an injustice had been done his clients, and the court ordered the mandamus dismissed, thus giving the commissioners a chance to appeal to the supreme court.

Another order was given Toomer, and he will proceed to collect it by law, if not paid otherwise. Chairman Lamb swears he will not pay the bill, that it is an outrageous charge, and the supreme court will have to compel him to do it.

THE FIRST OF FIVE

Whose Figures Will Have to Drop Through the Trap.

Savannah, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Gus Williams was hanged in the county jail this morning for the murder of August W. Meyer last January.

He was the first of a half dozen negroes implicated in that terrible crime to meet death on the gallows. His death was of the most revolting character. For some minutes the contortions of his body were so horrible that the spectators were compelled to turn their eyes away from where the rope tightly clasped his neck. There seemed to be a continual tremor followed by upward movements of the shoulders and knees. It seemed as though in the agony of suffering he retained some consciousness, and was seeking to ease his pain.

For the first five minutes there was a succession of these struggling movements. Then the body stretched out its full length, and it seemed for the next minute as though the end had come. Then an awful struggling of the shoulders began again, and tremors ran the entire length of his figure.

Williams died differently from any of the other negroes who have been hanged in the new jail. The necks of Kitchen, Dobson and Cumings snapped on the second that they fell and death was practically instantaneous. Williams dropped just as far, but his was a slower death of strangling torture. Williams, too, died without any unnecessary display of excitement and religious frenzy. The others sang and prayed for several hours and made their exits in the most spectacular manner possible. They acknowledged their guilt too. Williams did not. He died with protestations of his innocence upon his lips.

TEN NECKS SAVED

From the Tightening Grasp of the Hangman's Noose.

Laurens, S. C., July 22.—(Special.)—A remarkable murder trial closed here today. At the last September term of court for this county ten negroes were put upon trial for conspiracy and the murder of Thornton Nance, another negro, on August 5, 1891. After a protracted trial, occupying three days, a verdict of guilty was rendered as to all of them, and they were sentenced to be hanged. An application for a new trial was subsequently granted. The second trial began Tuesday morning, ending about 1 o'clock this morning, resulting in a verdict of manslaughter as to nine of them, two being acquitted. They were sentenced to terms in the penitentiary ranging from three to seven years. Since the first trial another negro was arrested as a conspirator, tried with the others and convicted.

FLIRTED WITH EVERYBODY.

Yesterday's Evidence in the Trial of Alice Mitchell.

Memphis, Tenn., July 22.—There was but one feature of interest in the Alice Mitchell trial today. This developed in the testimony of W. H. Volkmar, brother-in-law of Freda Ward, who lives at Gold Dust, Tenn. He told how Alice Mitchell and Lillie Johnson, while on a visit to his sister-in-law in June of last year, flirted with everybody in the neighborhood who wore male attire at every opportunity, having no regard as to whether the men were married or single. Finally he expressed to his wife an opinion that they should be invited to leave. As to the proposition of Alice Mitchell and Freda Ward to elope and marry, he stated that it was regarded by him as a huge joke.

Too Much Morphine.

Alexandria, Va., July 22.—Ex-Mayor Cortland H. Smith died at his home in this city this evening from the effects of an overdose of morphine. While in Washington this morning he was taken suddenly ill and to allay the pain he suffered took an overdose of the drug. He died two hours after reaching his home in this city.

Broken Into by Burglars.

Waycross, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—The store of W. J. Smith, on Plant avenue, was entered by an unknown fiend, who robbed it of watches, jewelry, clothing, shoes and numerous other articles, and some money. The store was entered by the thief breaking in the window at the rear.

THEY WILL SUCCUMB

And Resign When the "No Confidence" Vote Is Taken.

THAT IS WHAT THE TORIES WILL DO.

The Rumor That the Salisbury Government Would Contest

THE VALIDITY OF THE LIBERAL VOTE

Set at Rest by Action at a Meeting Last Night—Sir Charles Dilken as a Labor Leader—Foreign Gossip.

London, July 22.—(Copyrighted, 1892, by New York Associated Press.)—To inquiries addressed to Akers Douglas, chief conservative whip, today as to whether the government, if defeated in a vote of "no confidence," would persist in remaining in office, he responded simply that the government will act in accordance with precedent and the constitution. As the balance of precedent is distinctly toward immediate resignation in defeat, the whip's reply can be taken as opposed to the reports that Lord Salisbury will challenge the validity of Gladstone's majority and try to govern with a minority suggestion to this effect, has been discussed in conservative clubs since the character of the Gladstonian majority became visible, but on every side it has been scouted as improbable.

The result of researches made today in official quarters by representatives of the Associated Press confirms his previous statement that the conservative and liberal-unionist leaders have decided to resign on the first vote in which the majority is against them.

The minister's communications to the heads of government departments exclusively concern the winding up of their official duties by the third week in August. According to present arrangements, the usual ministerial dinners on the evening preceding the opening of the session will not take place. The main result of the meeting of the small group of radicals at the house of Sir William Vernon Harcourt yesterday has been introduced as the first note of discord in the party. After the meeting several members of the house of commons, who had been present, appeared at the National Liberal Club, where they announced that a memorial would be sent to Gladstone urging him to put the leading planks of the Newcastle programme to the forefront and home rule in the background. Although the general feeling at the club is distinctly in favor of this course of legislation, yet the desire there to leave Gladstone unfettered is stronger and the proposed radical protest, as likely to embarrass him, is disapproved. The movement is causing a sharp internal row.

The reserved attitude of the Irish leaders is in contrast with this premature activity of the radicals. Dillon and O'Brien and other chiefs will not be interviewed for the present. They tell representatives of the Associated Press that they will say nothing for publication till the relations of their party with Gladstone are further assured. Mr. Redmond, as well, maintains a similar reserve.

Sir Charles Dilke is maneuvering to secure the leadership of the new party, hoping through them to win back the place and power.

Their Trades and Professions.

An analysis of the personelle of the new house of commons has practical value, as showing the influence of different classes and callings upon political life. Lawyers are most numerous, holding 164 seats, while merchants hold 55, army and navy officers, 53; officers of the auxiliary forces, 52; journalists, 35; manufacturers, 57; peers' sons and brothers, 35; gentry and landowners, 83; shipowners, 19; brewers, 18; farmers, 10; labor representatives, 15; railway directors, 50; while the remaining seats are occupied by men of various stations or classes. Among the adherents of religious denominations, there are 8 Quakers, 28 congregationalists, 20 Methodists, 20 Unitarians and 8 Baptists, the bulk of the others being either members of the established or Catholics.

They Have Decided.

London, July 22.—The Times in an editorial declares that the government will carry out the programme which it adopted prior to the dissolution of parliament, and will resign immediately after the vote of "no confidence" is passed.

Origin of the Stars and Stripes.

The United States quartermaster general's recent hostile statement in regard to the national flag has caused some discussion here. Tracing the origin to the Washington court of arms, a correspondent of The Times writes that "the stars and stripes of the Washington family can be seen on an old monument in Trinity church, London; another exact resemblance of the stars and stripes, mullets and bars on the monuments of Washington's ancestors at Sulgrave, Northamptonshire." Another states that the family of Washingtons who are descended direct from the patriot's grandfather still holds the form at Hoylake, near Birkenhead, and that a tombstone in Chester cathedral marks the grave of George Washington's first love.

These writers concur in scouting the notion that the United States flag originated in Mrs. Ross's parlor.

Mr. Walker, secretary of the Indian Currency Association, has sent a letter to the finance minister of India, stating that should the international monetary conference fail to attain its object, a remedy for existing evils ought to be found in the direct agreement between India and the United States insuring the stability of silver.

TWO THOUSAND LIVES LOST,

And an Island Destroyed by a Volcanic Eruption.

The Hague, July 22.—An official telegram received here today from Batavia confirms the recent accounts of the awful destruction caused on Great Sangier island, belonging to Holland, by a volcanic eruption on June 17th. These later advices are to the effect that the whole northwestern portion of the island was destroyed and that 2,000 of the inhabitants were killed. There were no Europeans among the victims.

Russia's Cholera Record.

St. Petersburg, July 22.—Cholera is increasing at Saratoff. The death rate at Samara is higher, with a fewer number of cases. At Astrakhan there is a decrease in mortality. At that place, July 19th, there were reported 198 new cases and fifty-seven death as compared with 195 cases and 132 deaths only July 18th. On July 19th there were fifty-eight new cases and forty-three deaths at Samara, against seventy-five new cases and thirty-six deaths, against twenty new cases and fourteen deaths. At Kazan four new cases and three deaths are reported. At Rostoff the figures have increased to eighty-four new cases and thirty-one deaths. At Tsaritsin, July 19th, there were eighty-nine new cases and fifty-four deaths. At Taganrog three new cases and two deaths, and at Asoff forty-six new cases and twenty-two deaths.

Stabbed the Jones Man to the Heart.

Birmingham, Ala., July 22.—(Special.)—Talladega county comes forward with a murder growing out of the heated political contest between Jones and Kolb. Two young men named Tom Nivens and John Blannon fell out over it, when the latter pulled a long knife and stabbed the Jones man to the heart. The murderer made his escape.

WINN OR PICKETT.

Which Will Secure the Third Party Nomination in the Ninth?

Gainesville, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—The congressional convention of the people's party will convene in Gainesville on the 29th instant, for the purpose of nominating a candidate to represent their views in the national halls of congress from the ninth district in the fifty-third congress.

There will be two names presented to the convention for the nomination, to-wit:

Hon. Thomas E. Winn, the gentleman from Gwinnett, and Rev. Thaddeus Pickett, who hails from Ball Ground in the county of Cherokee.

It is generally conceded that Mr. Pickett will enter the convention with more strength than Mr. Winn, and if the majority rule prevails he will most undoubtedly be nominated.

A careful estimate of the situation has been made and each candidate will come into the convention with the following strength:

Counties.	Winn.	Pickett.
Banks	2	
Cherokee		2
Dawson		2
Fannin		2
Forsyth		2
Gilmer		3
Gwinnett	4	
Habersham	2	
Hall	3	1
Jackson	4 (?)	
Lumpkin	2	1
Milton		2
Pickens		2
Rabun		2
Towns		3
Union	2	
White		2
Total	19	21

Jackson and Lumpkin have both been given to Winn, but neither has acted yet, and the friends of Pickett claim Jackson beyond a doubt, and say that Pickett has a fighting chance in Lumpkin. From the present outlook Pickett will be the nominee and Winn will get left world without end.

THE CONTEST IN CHATHAM.

A Meeting of Business Men in the Interest of Mr. Ryals.

Savannah, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—A largely attended meeting of solid business men was held tonight, Colonel Peter Meilly presiding, to take steps to support Major G. M. Ryals in his candidacy for the legislature. A series of resolutions were adopted and largely signed, directing the attention of the chairman of the county executive committee to the fact that he managers of the coming primary in the second district are all bitterly opposed to Major Ryals, and have openly avowed their intention of polling 600 votes against him there, and there are only a few over four hundred votes in the district. The managers are Russell men. If there is not a square showing accorded Major Ryals, an effort will be made to throw out the vote of the district.

THE CAMPAIGN IN THE SECOND.

Mr. Russell Addressing Large Audiences Wherever He Goes.

Thomasville, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Hon. Ben Russell is in the city tonight on his way to Bainbridge. He addressed a mass meeting at Isabella, in Worth county, today. Mr. Russell says the meeting rescinded action taken in June last, when Stevens delegates were chosen, and decided to elect delegates on July 30th to the congressional convention. At Nashville, in Berrien, he and Captain Hammond addressed 2,500 people, and at Moultrie, in Colquitt county, 1,700 people, and the speakers were well and favorably received. Mr. Russell lays great stress upon this fact because these two counties are overwhelmingly agricultural.

The political situation in Thomas county is at white heat. Candidates Roddenberry, Hall and Moody are stumping, the county very thoroughly and political speeches are being made at nearly every town, hamlet, postoffice, schoolhouse and picnic.

The Democrats of Houston.

Perry, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—The democrats of Houston county assembled here yesterday in mass meeting. Sixteen delegates were appointed to the gubernatorial convention, and are uninstructed.

It is impossible to learn the individual preferences of the delegates, as they are from different parts of the county, and a great many of them were not present. Strong resolutions endorsing the democratic platform and Governor Northen's administration were passed. This was the largest meeting of democrats that has been assembled in this county for years, owing to the fact that the old veterans had their annual barbecue. Captain J. L. Hardeman, of Macon, delivered the address to the vets. He was in fine trim for talking and his speech was brilliant.

The Democracy in Baxter.

Baxley, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—A large crowd of democrats and third partyites assembled here today to listen to a discussion of political issues between Major Walker, on behalf of the latter, and Mr. W. W. Webb and Hon. W. Y. Atkinson, on behalf of the former. Major Walker declared the financial plank of the people's party was the main issue, and when that was settled they will soon settle all other issues. The speeches of Mr. Webb and Colonel Atkinson were fine and impressive and have doubtless done the cause of democracy great good.

Three Counties Met.

Reynolds, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Quite an enthusiastic political meeting was held here today. The democrats and third party people of Taylor, Houston and Crawford met in joint discussion of the issues of the day. W. F. Wynne and J. H. McCormick spoke in behalf of the democrats, while the people's party was represented by M. D. Irwin and A. D. Wimberly, of Hawkinsville. The best of order prevailed, notwithstanding the crowd was immense, and a beautiful dinner was served.

The Candidates in Laurens.

Dublin, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—The democratic primaries today showed great majorities over the third party primary in the several districts in Laurens county yesterday. Captain T. H. Rowe is the democratic nominee for representative.

The Democratic Nominee.

Jackson, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Hon. E. J. Dempsey was today nominated for representative of Butts county in the democratic primary.

A BLIND BLIND TIGER.

He Was in the Poorhouse at That, but Got Caught at Last.

Dahlonega, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—A case both unique and pathetic was that of John Hester, who was bound over for trial by United States Commissioner R. H. Baker for violation of the internal revenue laws.

A blind boy running a blind tiger!

Hester was an inmate of the paupers' home, eight miles from here, and it is charged against him that he frequently made the trip to Dahlonega to dispense "high bead" to the boys on the sly.

Any way he has been carried to Atlanta for final trial.

The Hancock Teachers' Institute.

Sparta, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Dr. Arthur Harman Beals, professor of pedagogics and natural science, in the Georgia Normal and Industrial college of Milledgeville, is present in Sparta this week, conducting a teachers' institute. The attendance of teachers is good, and much interest is manifested.

A Case for the Doctors.

Lincolnton, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Mr. M. T. Estes, a well known citizen of this county, left for Atlanta today. He goes to have a tumor removed from his face. He is accompanied by his son and Dr. W. H. Graves.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

Recent Improvements Made by the Western and Atlantic.

$100,000 EXPENDED IN ATLANTA.

New Yard Tracks Put in and New Buildings Erected—Other Interesting Gossip of the Rail.

The lessees of the Western and Atlantic think that they have been criticized rather too harshly in Atlanta.

It is admitted by the management that the force of employes has been reduced and that certain kinds of work heretofore done in Atlanta is now done at Nashville. But on the other side of the account they ask to be credited with the outlay they have made for improvements in Atlanta.

This they estimate at over one hundred thousand dollars.

When the present lessees, the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis, took hold of the state road, eighteen months ago, the line was in a terrible physical condition. The yards in this city were in bad shape. The freight sheds were dilapidated, the tracks were too few and the roadways were often almost impassable. Twelve miles of yard track were rebuilt. The team tracks were increased in capacity seventy-five cars. The roadways were macadamized. A new freight shed, 350 feet long, was built. The roundhouse has been thoroughly overhauled, a new roof has been put on, and the turntable has been rebuilt. The old foundry has been converted into a blacksmith shop and a new brick boiler shop has been built. It is 60x35 feet. New machinery has been put in. Space has been saved in making the changes. Eight of the stalls in the roundhouse have been given up to machinery, driving lathe, boring mill, planers, wheel press and other machines.

A new car shop is to be erected on the north side of the roundhouse. This building will be 285x47 feet.

These improvements have been made gradually. When they are completed the Western and Atlantic will be well equipped in Atlanta.

After the Georgia, Carolina and Northern finishes its belt line and gets into the city the Western and Atlantic will take care of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern's rolling stock, and that will add considerably to the work in the Western and Atlantic shops.

"We propose to keep all the force here that we can afford," said Superintendent McCollum yesterday. "Traffic has been very dull for eight months past and all roads have had to cut down their forces. We have gone ahead making permanent improvements, and by the time we are through will spend $100,000 in this city. We have torn down some buildings but have put up new ones which are more substantial. There is no intention on the part of the management to move any work away from here that can be done as cheaply here as in Nashville, where we have the finest shops in the country."

REDUCING RATES.

The Traffic Men Worked Hard for Ten Days.

The traffic men are getting back from the association meeting in New York. General freight and passenger agents, C. E. Harman, of the Western and Atlantic; A. G. Jackson, of the Georgia; General Freight Agent P. J. McGovern, of the Georgia Pacific, and Traffic Manager R. E. Lutz, of the Atlanta and West Point, all came in yesterday. They had been attending the rate committee meeting at Manhattan beach. They worked hard and disposed of 200 subjects. Commissioner Stahlman kept them hard at it and more business was done at this meeting than was ever done before at a meeting of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association.

Colonel Stahlman told them that they did nothing but reduce rates all the time they were in session.

The impression among these traffic men is that all the lines will sign the association agreement. A break up is not expected. Delay is experienced every year. No doubt is entertained that the Richmond and Danville, the East Tennessee and the Central will soon sign.

Railroad Notes.

—General Passenger Agent J. C. Haile, of the Central, was in the city yesterday. He is getting a good grip on his department and is going to make the Central an efficient head for its passenger service.

—Traffic Manager Knapp, of the Atlanta and Florida, was in the city yesterday.

—Captain J. J. Griffin, of the East Tennessee, is out on the line stirring up business.

—The Georgia, Carolina and Northern brought in a large excursion from Elberton yesterday. One hundred and twenty-five of the excursionists missed the returning train. Superintendent Winder added two coaches to the northbound freight and sent them forward rejoicing on the way.

Organized in Jewells.

Jewells, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—We organized a democratic club at this place on the night of July 20th, to be called Jewell's Democratic Club, with thirty-six members. George Bradley was elected president; D. A. Jewell, Jr., secretary, and G. W. Etheredge, assistant secretary. On motion of W. A. Cone, the president was requested to appoint an executive committee of five. The following is the committee: Messrs. A. S. Bowen, W. A. Cone, R. C. Herndon, B. A. Etheredge and Lemuel Reynolds.

A Biscuit in a Gale.

From The Boston Journal.

The following story from real life is sent The Journal by a Maine reader to whom it was told by a gentleman from Arkansas:

They lived on a plantation, ten miles from a neighbor, these two little, swathy, black-eyed lads, who answered to the names of "Hank" and Jim.

Corn was king on that plantation, and corn cooked in all sorts of ways was a veritable staff of life to these boys; but such a thing as "wheaten biscuit" they had never seen.

One day "pap" and "ma'am" went away on a visit. They were gone a week, and two such utterly disconsolate boys, as were Hank and Jim during their parents absence, would have been hard to find. Late one afternoon, however, they arrived home.

"You got nothing for us, pap?" was Hank's first query.

"No," was the answer, "but I reckon your ma'am has got something for ye."

Ma'am took a little, carefully wrapped-up parcel from her basket and gave it to the expectant lad. Hank, with a big exclamation point on his face, unwrapped the mysterious gift, and disclosed something that, to more experienced eyes, would have resembled a daintily-browned tea biscuit.

The moment Hank caught sight of the biscuit his face lighted up with glee. He seized the tongs with his free hand, caught up a live coal from the fireplace and bounded out of doors, shouting as he did so:

"Come on, Jim!"

Jim obeyed instantly. Hank carried coal and treasure out to a large, flat rock. There he put down the biscuit and placed the coal carefully up beside it.

"Blow, Jim!" commanded the elder. "Blow!"

Jim puffed his cheeks and blew like a miniature cyclone. The coal changed slowly to a fiery red. The elder brother got so excited that he fairly danced.

"Blow, Jim, blow!" he repeated. "Blow, and he'll have to stick his head out pretty soon!"

They thought the biscuit was a new kind of mud turtle.

SHE IS VERY ILL.

And Needs Help—A Case Which Should Appeal to the Charitable.

The once pretty wife of Leo Hamburger is lying at the home of her friend, Mrs. Coleman, at 106 1-2 Whitehall street, in an exceedingly low condition.

Being naturally very weak, the excitement created by the publicity given to her trouble with her husband has completely prostrated her, and now from all appearances the little woman has not long to live.

She came back to Mrs. Coleman from Chattanooga two weeks ago in a much weakened state and had to take to her bed. Since then she has grown worse, and Mrs. Coleman has done all for her that her limited finances would allow.

More recently, since the young woman has become worse she has been attended by Dr. Orme, who thinks the case is a very aggravated one.

To add to her trouble Mrs. Hamburger received, so she says, several letters this week, all speaking most cruelly to her. The first was from her husband, who said he was doing all in his power to turn the people against her, and keep her from getting money from them. Another was from her father at Attleboro, Mass., which said that upon receipt of a letter from her husband he had discarded her forever. He refused to send her money or aid her in any way.

Since then the little woman has lain heartbroken upon her bed, weeping and suffering excruciating mental and physical agony. She is without money, and her friend, Mrs. Coleman, can aid her no further.

"I don't know what I'm to do," she moaned yesterday, "I have no money to buy medicine, and if I go to the hospital I shall die. Father, and uncle and all of them have turned their backs on me on account of my heartless husband's doing."

Her condition is indeed pitiable. She says if she was strong again she could easily earn a living.

When it was suggested that her husband would probably help her if she would return to him, her eyes flashed indignantly and she said with more spirit than it seemed possible for one so weak to show: "I won't do it, I won't do it—I'll die first."

Unless she receives aid from some source she will have to go to the hospital today, and she declares that if she is carried there she will die.

FAMINE IN TEXAS AND MEXICO.

The Border Counties of the Lone Star State Destitute.

From The New York Tribune.

The Rev. C. Q. A. Rose, of San Antonio, Tex., was at the Sea house, in LaFayette place, today, and during the course of a conversation in regard to the famine in portions of Texas and northern Mexico, said:

"The people of all the border counties of Texas, beginning with Valverde and extending down to Cameron county, have been in a terrible condition for a long time, owing to a drought that has existed now for four seasons, during which time no crops have been raised. The affected district embraces an area of many thousand square miles, and there is in this section a population of between 25,000 and 30,000 that may be said to be literally destitute. The people for a long time attempted to take care of themselves, but finally, last April, the destitution became so great that they were compelled to make known their condition and ask for help. Laredo, Austin, San Antonio and Corpus Christi responded by sending liberal donations, but further help is urgently needed. No crops can be raised this year, and the people will have to be cared for until next June."

Mr. Rose has many letters from people living in the affected district describing the terrible destitution. One from T. W. Kennedy, of Rio Grande City, says: "We have no hope of producing a crop of corn before next May or June. For three years we helped ourselves; the outside world knew nothing of our sufferings. While we had some stock we managed to aid our poor neighbors, but that gone, we are helpless and are compelled to let our situation be known. Our destitute in Hidalgo and Starr counties will soon number 5,000 persons. Two years of abundant rains will not replace the stock that has been lost in the last three years."

Another letter, from the acting sheriff of Zapato county, says: "The poor are subsisting on the provisions sent by you and charitable people of Austin and Laredo. They will require assistance for at least four or five months, providing it rains and farmers can plant for fall crops. If not, then I cannot even form an idea of the consequence. The condition of the people is pitiful."

A similar state of destitution exists also in the northern part of Mexico, extending as far west as the state of Durango. The Mexican government has, in a measure, provided for the wants of its people by supplies of corn; but in Texas the destitute have been dependent upon the charity of their more fortunate neighbors.

Mr. Rose is staying at the See house, No. 29 LaFayette place, and any contributions sent to him will be used in the purchase of food, which will be distributed to the various relief committees organized in the different counties of Texas.

The Empire State Bank.

The Empire State bank of Atlanta, Ga., will organize and open for regular banking business on or about August 4, 1892, or sooner if the books and fixtures are completed before the time named.

Its office will be located in the Kimball house on Pryor street, and it will only undertake to do a small safe business. It expects to make money principally by buying short time notes well secured by good collaterals, or satisfactory personal endorsements.

This bank will not solicit, and does not expect or wish to receive the accounts of large merchants, but will cater principally for the business of small depositors and parties who sell small notes at a liberal discount, as it expects to make its money chiefly by using its own small capital in a small, careful business.

J. R. TOLLESON.

Lucky American Girl.

From The Chicago Times.

"If Stanley had remained an American," says a morning paper, "and had married an American girl he would have avoided all this trouble and humiliation." But just think what the American girl has avoided as it is!

FAREWELL TO FAY.

Her Engagement Ends Tonight with the "Royal Middy."

A NEW SPANISH DANCE PROMISED.

"Erminie" Will Be Presented at the Matinee with the Widows and the Funny Burlesque.

"Erminie" was repeated at DeGive's last night before an audience which filled the opera house very comfortably. Miss Lamont carried the title role charmingly. She won enthusiastic applause with the lullaby which she sang in a clear, sweet voice. It has fine quality, is particularly sympathetic and she handles it most artistically.

Miss Templeton was a captivating Javotte, and in the widows' dance drew long applause. The words, the tune, the costume and the kicking make this dance a quaint feature of the performance, and Fay as the premiere widow always convulses the audience. Miss Weldon was a very pleasing Cervise, and Miss Smith made a great deal of her part. Mr. Drew, Mr. Hatter and the other principals were satisfactory in every respect. Mr. Dailey's baseball ditty won for him a basket of flowers, over which he was facetious and made much merriment. The performance ran smoothly and was the best the company has yet given.

The Templeton company's engagement ends tonight. "Erminie" will be given at the matinee, and "The Royal Middy" will be presented at the night performance for the first time in Atlanta. Fay and the other somber-clad widows will give their famous dance at both performances. Mr. Dailey's burlesque will follow. In addition, Miss Guerand and Miss Smith will introduce a Spanish dance which they do cleverly, suggesting Carmencita. They are artists in dancing and will certainly make a great hit.

AN EYE TO BUSINESS

Had John Burns, Who Drove an Ice Delivery Wagon.

John Burns has been driving one of the Standard Ice Company's delivery wagons at $1 a day, but he would soon have been a magnate if his employers had not tumbled to his racket.

Four dollars a day is the tune to which he has been knocking down the company's money. Each driver is supplied with a book in which he makes an entry of all sales of ice, giving the buyer a duplicate.

John Burns has had an extra book lately, and all the ice entered on it was collected, so it is charged, and the money pocketed by him. In this way he pocketed $4 a day for several days. The company soon dropped upon his game, and put Detectives Bedford and Looney to watch him. They soon had enough evidence against the negro to arrest him, and they landed him in the police station.

The Texas Excursion, August 2d, 3d and 4th.

The success of the harvest excursions is now insured by the Richmond and Danville and Georgia Pacific.

These lines have already arranged for through cars from Atlanta to the principal cities of Texas and will sell the tickets August 2d, 3d and 4th, making them good to return within thirty days.

The Georgia Pacific is the only line running out of Georgia with through cars every day in the year to points beyond the Mississippi river. It is a most reliable and well established route to Texas and Arkansas.

A Card from W. W. Gay.

Atlanta, Ga., July 22.—Editor Constitution: I desire to have the public know that the statement that I had been arrested on the charge of larceny after trust is absolutely and unqualifiedly false. I have not been arrested on any charge whatever, nor has any such accusation as that contained in the notice in your paper been made against me by any party whatever. I have not been before any court or tribunal on any charge, and have not been released by any court on my own bond, bail or otherwise. The officer referred to, read this before publication and states that there is no truth in said article published in your paper.

W. W. GAY.

THE HEFLIN CASE.

A Card from Heflin's Attorney Stating His Side of the Case.

Mr. M. R. Heflin claims that the newspaper reports concerning his case have done him an injustice.

The case is one familiar to the public. The papers have had a good deal to say about it, and naturally so for it has cut a pretty big figure in court circles for over two years.

Mr. Heflin's attorney requests the publication of the following communication:

Atlanta, Ga., July 22, 1892.—Editor Constitution: I thank you for the kind notice in this morning's Constitution, referring to my client, Mr. M. R. Heflin, but in this as well as in several other notices of his case heretofore published, the newspapers have fallen into error, unintentionally, I am sure, but which has done Mr. Heflin great injustice. It was published of him some years or so ago that he had run away, and that the first bond given had been forfeited, and that he was captured in Alabama and brought back to Atlanta a prisoner. Mr. Heflin never did run from this prosecution, but at the beginning of the trouble when informed that the sheriff wanted him he went to the sheriff's office, gave himself up and was released on bond. A year or so after that when he learned that his bondsman wished to surrender him, he came of his own accord back to Atlanta from Anniston, Ala., where he was at work and surrendered himself to the sheriff of Fulton county at the sheriff's office in the courthouse. That was on the 13th day of January, 1890, and he has been there ever since that time up to yesterday—two years and six months in all. During this time he has been tried once and convicted and sentenced to five years—not ten years as has been stated. Since the supreme court gave him a new trial in December last he has been urging for a trial, but could not get it.

Again he thinks the papers do him an injustice when they compare his case with that of Glenn McCord. He makes many points of difference, a leading one being that he never did testify that Gresham had a knife, but something which Heflin "took to be a knife, but he did not know what it was." Such testimony as this, if true, would not have much weight before the jury because so indefinite, and if false could not do much injury. But the main attack made on Heflin is that he was not in the alley at all, and the state undertook to prove this by showing by several witnesses that they did not see him there, but every one of whom swears that Heflin might have been there, and the witness not have seen him. The state actually shows one of its own witnesses, Willie Wade, to have been in the alley at the time. The other witnesses of the state testify they saw no one there. Heflin shows by Mr. W. A. Culver, a wealthy gentleman who resides in West End, who has no interest in the case, and is no relation to Heflin, that he with his friend Mr. Lewis, was in the alley at the time the shot was fired, and that he saw two men at the place in the alley where Heflin says he was when the shot was fired. There are several just as serious contradictions among the witnesses of the state as to the presence of each other at the scene of action as between them and Heflin, several of them swearing they did not see the others there, and if Heflin is to be convicted on such uncertain testimony as this, at least three of the state's witnesses could be convicted under the same rule. All I ask for him is a fair trial before an impartial jury, and that the public hear his unimpeached evidence before they condemn him. I do not believe his evidence is perjury under the law, and, furthermore, I believe he swore the truth as he understood it. Judge Clark told me if Heflin plead guilty he would give him the lightest sentence allowed by law, but Heflin refused, and said if Judge Clark would release him after thirty days' imprisonment on a plea of guilty, he would not do it and bring such disgrace upon his little children, if he had to go to the penitentiary the balance of his life.

FRANK A. ARNOLD.

What's That? That's What!

Pete Dailey, the comedian at DeGive's, last night took a sensible view of it when he sang to an encore:

We were invited out today
To see Atlanta and Macon play.
Macon hit and began to run
Ah, then 'twas clear we'd have some fun.
She ran and ran till the score was four.
Atlanta ran but ran no more.
But, while they seemed to play off tame,
Just keep you eye on tomorrow's game.
Ta-ra-ra-boom-de-ee."

NEWS FROM HARTWELL.

Queer Freaks of Lightning During the Storm of Tuesday.

Hartwell, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—The storm of Tuesday night did more damage than was at first reported. Cows and hogs were killed by the lightning in many localities, and burning trees were numerous in the woods. A strange freak of the electric current was that of the severe burning of a lady's feet, although she was not otherwise injured.

Some dastards have been stealing horses from the stables in Cedar Creek neighborhood at night and riding them. Not content with this they wantonly disfigure the horses by cutting their manes and forelocks. If caught the perpetrators will be made to suffer for their misdemeaners.

Mr. F. B. Doyle, the member of the democratic executive committee in the 1116th district (Bowersville), informs us that his district will elect delegates on Saturday, 30th instant, for the convention which meets in Hartwell on the 12th of August to nominate a candidate for the legislature.

The State Agricultural Report.

Raleigh, N. C., July 20.—(Special.)—The monthly bulletin of the department of agriculture, issued today, has a special article on the tobacco crop, which says that almost the entire crop shows a good stand, and in some favored sections it is phenomenal. In every instance, the plant can be seen in a flourishing condition. The cultivation of the weed is still extending in the eastern counties—some reports in this month are from Onslow county. The prospects for this crop average 91, with an increased acreage over former years.

Another Day Saved.

The new schedule of the vestibule limited train of the Richmond and Danville railroad in effect tomorrow will leave Atlanta at 12 o'clock noon and arrive at Washington at 7 o'clock a. m., New York at 1:10 o'clock p. m., thus saving that day for banking business or pleasure in New York. It was found that the former arrival of 3 o'clock p. m. was a trifle too late, hence this improvement. This is a great advantage to Atlanta. It seems almost incredible that one can lunch in Atlanta one day, lunch in New York next day and dine in Boston the same day. But this is what the Richmond and Danville does for its patrons.

There Are Two McGehees.

Talbotton, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—In your report of the people's party convention in your issue of the 20th instant, you speak of J. H. McGehee from Talbot, as a delegate. That is an error. The gentleman referred to is Dr. McGehee from Coweta.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.



Fun For Two.

All children enjoy a drink of

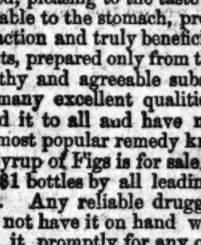
Hires' Root Beer.

So does every other member of the family.

A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons of this delicious drink. Don't be deceived if a dealer, for the sake of larger profit, tells you some other kind is "just as good"—'tis false. No imitation is as good

DR. W. W. BOWES!

24 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga.



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CHRONIC, Nervous, Skin and Blood and Throat successfully treated. Cases. Catarrh of Nose

VARICOCELE AND HYDROCELE, permanently cured in every case.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses impaired vital energy, despondency, loss of memory, effects of bad habits, confusion of ideas, safely and permanently cured.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases, with its terrible results, totally eradicated. Ulcers, blotches, sores or ulcerated throat and mouth scrofula, erysipelas. Permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY Kidney and bladder troubles, frequent and burning urine, gonorrhœa, gleet, urinary sediments, cystitis, etc., quickly cured.

URETHRA STRICTURE Permanently cured without any Cutting or Caustics or interruption of business or occupation.

CURES GUARANTEED.

Send 6c in stamps for perfect question list and book. The best of references furnished. Address

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Deliciousness
Within the Reach of All

By the labor and ingenuity of Dr. Price, we have now before us the sweetest, freshest and most natural flavors. His Delicious Vanilla Extract surpasses in delicate flavor any other flavoring extract, while his Extracts of Lemon and Orange are really as fresh and agreeable in their flavor as the true fruits from which they are made. Any Housekeeper who has once used

Dr. Price's Delicious Flavors

in her cakes, puddings or creams, will never return to the use of any other.

FOR BABY'S SKIN

Scalp, and hair, nothing in the whole world is so cleansing, so purifying, and so beautifying as the celebrated CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet and nursery. For irritating and scaly eruptions of the skin and scalp, with dry, thin, and falling hair, red, rough hands, with shapeless nails, and simple rashes and blemishes of infancy and childhood, it is absolutely incomparable. Thousands of grateful mothers pronounce it the only perfect baby soap.



CUTICURA SOAP

Is the only cure for pimples and blackheads, because the only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the pores the cause of many minor affections of the skin, scalp, and hair.

How Babies Suffer when their tender skins are literally on fire with itching, scaly, and blotchy skin and scalp diseases, none but mothers realize. A single application of the CUTICURA REMEDIES will afford immediate relief, permit rest and sleep, and point to a speedy and economical cure. Price: CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, 50c.; CUTICURA SOAP, 25c.; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, $1.00. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston. "ALL ABOUT THE SKIN, SCALP, AND HAIR," mailed free.

WELL BRED, SOON WED GIRLS WHO USE

SAPOLIO

ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.

tu th sat

M. HAVERTY, THE LIVE FURNITURE MAN

is offering for July the biggest bargains in Parlor, Bedroom, Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture ever before offered in our market. I have in stock 50 Hat Racks, from $6 to $50; a nice assortment of Wardrobes, from $7 to $35; some handsome Chiffoniers, Ladies' Desks, Rattan Chairs and Couches, a very nice lot of roll and flat-top Desks and revolving Book Cases and Chairs. The cheapest in the city. I have 10,000 odd Chairs in stock which I will sell very low in order to close out; some 50 new Baby Carriages at less than cost; 25 Bed Lounges very cheap. Folding Beds, Springs, Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Fancy Tables, Pictures, Looking Glasses and Commodes. All these goods must be sold to make room for fall stock. Come and get prices before buying, and I will save you money. Don't forget the place.

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We manufacture the following Specialties.

TRY THEM!

Pure Red Lable Lead, One Coat Carriage Paints, Enamel Paints, Fulton Tinted Lead, Artists' Oil Colors, Iron Brand Roof Paints, Varnishes and Japans. Dealers in Brushes and Window Glass.

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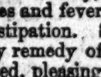
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july23-6t-sat

Miss Hanna's school, No. 15 E. Cain, Miss H. H. Hanna, principal. A thoroughly graded school, conducted on the plan of the public schools. A fine corps of teachers has been secured, among whom may be noticed the name of Mrs. B. Mallon, so long favorably known as a teacher in this community. Departments of instrumental and vocal music will be in charge of Mrs. Sarah J. Hanna and Miss J. E. Kinney. Foreign languages will be taught in the Berlitz school, Professor Collonge, director. Send for catalogues or call at No. 15 E. Cain or No. 370 Spring street.
july17d to sep4

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For Young Ladies. Bowling Green, Ky.
100 Rooms Elegantly Furnished. Bath-Rooms Attached, with hot and cold water. Steam Heated and Gas Lighted. 20 carefully selected Teachers. Accommodations first-class. Superior inducements offered in MUSIC, ART and PHYSICAL CULTURE. Rev. B. F. CABELL, Pres.
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Literature, Music, Art, Normal course. Dressmaking, typewriting, stenography. Music and art unsurpassed. VOICE CULTURE A SPECIALTY. Bookkeeping, harmony, physical culture free. Economical terms. Send for catalogue. 14th session begins Sep. 21, 1892.

GROWTH.	1888-89.	1891-92
Enrollment	104	243
Boarders	49	121
Music Pupils	68	177

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july23-6w sat wed.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY, BALTIMORE.
Announcements for the next academic year are now ready and will be sent on application.
july 6—2t sat

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New buildings. All modern improvements. Electric lights. Laboratories, libraries, museum. Healthful climate. Large grounds. Superior faculty of specialists in each department. Seven departments of instruction. Opens Sept. 1. Expenses low. For catalogue address John Franklin Crowell, Pres't.
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June 21-26t tues thur sun

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june11-26t-sat-tues-thur

NASHVILLE COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES
9 Buildings; 40 Officers; 325 Pupils; Vanderbilt privileges; Music, Art, Literature, Kindergarten, Gymnasium. Health unsurpassed. Send for catalogue to the President, Rev. Geo. W. F. PRICE, D.D., NASHVILLE, TENN.
july5—d13t tues thur sat wky3t s o w

Danville MILITARY Institute, Danville, Va.
English, Classical, Scientific, and Business Training. Faculty representing Virginia Military Institute U. S. Military Academy, U. S. Infantry and Cavalry School, University Nashville, Eastman's Business College, and Hampden Sidney College. Brick buildings, bath rooms, hot and cold water; healthy location; physical developments; moral training; terms low. For cat'g'e address I. H. Saunders, Supt.
july 1—d2m, eod.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL, Petersburg, Va.
The 29th Annual Session of this School for Boys begins 3rd of Oct. (1st Monday). Thorough preparation for Univ. Va., U. S. Military and Naval Academies, leading Engineering Schools and Colleges. For catalogue address W. GORDON McCABE, Head Master.
july 9 2-m e o d

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, Lexington, Va.—54th year. State military, scientific and technical school. Thorough courses in general and applied chemistry, and in engineering. Confers degree of graduate in academic course, also degrees of Bachelor of Science and Civil Engineer in Technical courses. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at rate of $336.50 per month, as an average for the four years, exclusive of outfit. New cadets report September 1st. General Scott's Shipp, Superintendent.
july17-19t e o d.

AUGUSTA FEMALE SEMINARY, STAUNTON, VA.
Opens Sept. 8, 1892. Closes last of May, 1893. Unsurpassed location, buildings, grounds and appointments. Full corps of teachers. Board, etc., with full English course, $200 for entire session of 9 months. Music, Languages, Elocution, Art, Bookkeeping and Physical Culture, extra. For catalogue apply to Miss MARY J. BALDWIN, Prin.
july 9—13t sat tues thur w o o w

WESLEYAN FEMALE INSTITUTE, STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.
Opens Sept. 22, 1892. One of the most thorough Schools for Young Ladies in the South. Twenty-five teachers and officers. Conservatory Course in Music. One hundred and fifty-two boarding pupils from twenty States. Climate unexcelled. Special inducements to persons at a distance. Those seeking the best School for the lowest terms, write for Catalogue of this time-honored School, to the President, WM. A. HARRIS, D. D., Staunton, Virginia.
june25-30t-sat tues thurs-wky10t

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With Whom Good Contracts will Be Made.

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Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return mail. Name this paper. Ask for Chichester's English Diamond Brand. Sold by all Local Druggists. Philadelphia, Pa.

NO HARD TIMES HERE.

Atlanta Real Estate Is Very, Very Good,

AND THIS DESPITE FINANCIAL CLOUDS.

While Many Cities Cry Hard Times, Atlanta Booms on with Healthy and Substantial Growth.

Atlanta dirt grows more valuable every day.

The promise is already fairly given that when the fall market opens there will be such activity in the sales as the oldest real estate agents of the city have never witnessed before.

Just at present there is a lull in the market—just the same little summer lull that comes, and is expected to come, during the months of July and August, when everybody—even the real estate agents themselves—are out of the city fanning themselves cool on some shady mountain side, or rolling in the regaling waters of the big blue sea.

A summer lull means nothing in Atlanta real estate business. Prices keep jumping up all the time the lull is "lulling," even as the mercury jumps up obedient to the commands of a mid-summer's sun. More than this, confidence increases as summer days lengthen.

'Twas ever thus.

The Agents All Expectant.

There is a look of expectancy and hope unmistakable on the countenances of every real estate agent in Atlanta.

"Oh, there'll be gay times for us fellows 'when the leaves begin to turn,'" exclaimed a well known and jovial real estate man on Wall street yesterday.

"Great times are being heralded already," was the enthusiastic observation of another agent on Pryor street as he gave himself a regaling puff of wind from a big palmetto fan.

"Letters are on our desk every day from capitalists of distant and northern cities asking us to keep a lookout for them this fall in the Atlanta market. They want to buy our lands around Atlanta and it is my frank opinion that there will be more foreign capital brought into Atlanta this fall in this way than during any previous autumn." This from a Kimball house firm.

An Interesting Talk.

Mr. Samuel W. Goode, president of the old real estate board of Atlanta, has this to say relative to the situation and outlook:

"The real estate market is not active but there are many evidences of continued confidence. All sales made are at an advanced price. Buyers are principally those who wish homes or business sites, and mere speculators are rare. Central property has shown more activity this year than outlying real estate, but this does not mean that suburban property is in disfavor. On the contrary there have been many significant sales and offers. South Boulevard lots, which sold in May at $700 a lot, have gone to $800, and this offer declined.

"'Bonnibrae' lots sold in May at $19,800, and which cost $11,000 about two years ago, have already advanced in many instances from 20 to 50 per cent, and, this week, an offer of $3,000 has been declined for three lots there, which cost at our May auction sale $2,500. For the 'Moore place,' on Peachtree road, bought two years ago by Messrs. Street & Sheppard at $7,000, an offer of $20,000 has been recently declined.

How's This?

"Mr. Green Adair bought the sixteen acres on the 'nine-mile circuit for $17,000 and will make it a summer home. This cost its former owner about two hundred dollars per acre at auction some five or six years ago.

"But instances of recent sales are abundant to show that prices are advancing and the demand well sustained. July, August and September always show a dull market, but never a falling off in price and value.

"It is remarkable that in these years of financial depression for Georgeia and the south, Atlanta shows a greater increase in assessed value of real estate, and greater improvements than at any previous period.

"The great Seaboard Air-Line system of railroads will do more than or at least as much to help Atlanta as any single influence affecting the city, and the recent equipment of the street car lines with electricity, and the new waterworks, are other influences powerful to influence an advance in real estate values and to give confidence to investors, home seekers and business ventures.

Why of Course She Does.

"In short, Atlanta gives every evidence of continued growth of an increased population and business, and this fall and next spring will be a fine market for real estate, and in the fall of 1893 and spring of 1894, I look for such growth and development and activity in real estate as has never been witnessed here.

"I am willing to buy Atlanta real estate as long as I have money, confident that there are good margins of profit in every such judicious investment."

THE STATE AGRICULTURISTS.

They Will Meet in Convention August 10th and 11th.

The Georgia State Agricultural Society will have a grand convention next month.

Their last session was held in Cuthbert and was the most brilliant success of a convention the agriculturalists have experienced for a long time.

Now comes the hospitable and ever enterprising citizens of Griffin who declare they will make the members of the society more at home than they have ever been at these conventions.

President J. O. Waddell has issued special invitations to the newspaper men of the state to attend the convention at Griffin and among other things says in his letter of invitation:

"You are cordially invited to attend the convention of this society to be held in the city of Griffin, August 10th and 11th proximo.

"As Griffin is the location of the state agricultural station, all who attend will witness a union of scientific with practical agriculture. Recognizing the influence of the press in the dissemination of information, the reports of the convention and notes from the station published by you would be read and appreciated by thousands who would be unable to attend. We also invite you to visit our state fair at Macon, Ga., October 25th to November 4th."

Three things to remember: Hood's Sarsaparilla has the most MERIT, has won unequalled SUCCESS, accomplishes the greatest CURES. Is it not the medicine for you?

WHISYK AND OPIUM.

An Awful Though Unintentional Error,

is that of drinking whisky and using opium and morphine. Stop! Reflect! and apply to Dr. B. M. Woolley, Atlanta Ga., and be cured as thousands of others have been who are now free with unclouded minds and happy families. A treatise sent free to all applicants.

BALLARD HOUSE.

A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare. jan29-dly

Cheap Traveling.

The Richmond and Danville announces a one-dollar ticket from Atlanta to New Holland Springs and return. These tickets will be on sale Saturday night and Sunday morning. Proprietor Timberlake, of the New Holland, will give a ball every Saturday night and "turn out the band."

Richmond and Danville Railroad Half Rates.

Tickets on sale July 20th, good ten days.

To Washington, D. C., and return	$17 50
To Richmond, Va., and return	17 50
To Old Point, Va., and return	15 75
To Charlottesville, Va., and return	15 50

Offices, 8 and 10 Kimball house, Atlanta, Ga. fri, sat, sun.



THE EVIDENCE CONTRADICTS IT.

Zed Rainey Had No Earthly Right to Open His Wife's Letter.

In yesterday's Constitution was a story giving the particulars of the sensational suit against Zed Rainey, of Acworth, for opening a letter.

That story was from Rainey's view of the case, and in it he did not mince words to imply that he had intercepted a very criminally suspicious letter between his wife and one of the proprietors of a shoe factory in Acworth.

The facts in the case as shown in the evidence submitted before Judge Haight's court when the case was on trial do not at all substantiate that account of the affair.

The case was tried before Judge Haight, June 20th. It was shown that Rainey had been not a responsible husband and that he and his wife separated, he leaving her for quite a long time. She then took employment in a shoe factory at Acworth to earn a living for herself and her four or five little ones.

Things rocked along smoothly enough, so the evidence goes to prove, until the seemingly unworthy husband returned, and his wife admitted him to the house to live, but not as husband.

She claims that in order to force her to do this he gave orders to her employers not to continue her name as an employe. This was done and the wife wrote a letter to her former employer telling him of her situation and asking him please to give her employment again that she might support herself and children, as her husband would not. In the letter she asked that a reply be sent her at some place else than her home, as her husband would prevent her from getting it.

She claims that her husband saw her go to the postoffice and mail the letter, and the evidence tells that he went there, and finding no one but a little boy in the office demanded the letter and obtained it. Opening it he retained it, keeping it from reaching the shoe factory proprietor.

The suit is against him by the government for violating the law that says no man shall intercept a letter before it has been carried by the mails to the person to whom it is addressed.

Meantime this act of Rainey started suspicious rumors of wrong between his wife and the shoe factory proprietor. The evidence submitted disproves the rumors, and when Rainey was arrested on the charge of breaking the letter he made no such charge against his wife. He admitted having taken the letter from the office and Judge Haight bound him over to the district court.

This seems to be the straight of the case.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Items of Interest Concerning the World's Fair from an Eye Witness.

Major T. H. Blacknall, of our city, has just returned from a four weeks' visit to Chicago, and gives a most vivid and glowing account of what he has seen and heard during his pleasant sojourn in the most interesting, enterprising and progressive city of the new world.

Major Blacknall is a representative southern man of cultured mind, broad, liberal views and of intelligent and extensive observation, and his visit to the magic city of the west was to definitely ascertain what facilities would be afforded for the entertainment of the southern people during the progress of the Columbian exposition. He says there will be no lack of conveniences for obtaining, in abundance and of the best quality, at reasonable rates, table accommodations, but as at all other great fairs the matter of obtaining convenient and agreeable lodgings will be a problem less easy of solution, and that for one to really enjoy the sight-seeing, pleasant and convenient lodging apartments are indispensable, and that those who go there without having this important feature prearranged will make a great and irreparable mistake.

Major Blacknall interviewed the world's fair representatives while in Chicago relative to this all important subject and was informed that there would be a committee appointed and organized whose duty it would be to make ample provision for all contingencies and that nothing would be left undone in the matter of arrangements, providing facilities to make every one comfortable during their visit to the great fair.

Major Blacknall says it is evidently the purpose of the managers and directors of this great enterprise to fully provide for the enjoyment of all who visit Chicago to see the wonderful sights that will be on exhibition there when the fair opens.

The major says he has attended all of the great expositions that have been held for the past thirty years and that he does not hesitate to declare from what is already visible at Jackson park that the Chicago exposition will in every essential particular surpass all of the great fairs of the old and new worlds combined.

Marvelously grand and magnificently sublime, he says, will be this peerless manifestation to the civilized world of the genius and resources of America.

The people of Chicago, he declares, are desperately in earnest in their determination to make the world's fair the wonder and admiration of Christendom and the crowning glory of the century, and from the present outlook their expectations and desires are destined to be abundantly realized.

Major Blacknall feels sure that the grandeur, magnificence and sublimity of the results that will crown the undertaking will be of lasting benefit to America, and thrill with patriotic pride the heart of every true son of this land of liberty when he realizes in the multiplicity and elegance of the displays that will be presented there the exhaustless resources of his country and the genius and enterprise of his countrymen.

THE NEW LINE THE BEST LINE.

Always on the Lookout for the Comfort and Welfare of Its Patrons.

For next Tuesday, July 26th, the Seaboard Air-Line will run another special excursion from here leaving Inman Park at 6:10 o'clock p. m., city time, to Washington, D. C., and Richmond, Va., at one fare—$17.50 to Washington, $15.50 to Richmond, for the round trip, tickets good to return in ten days. This line offers its patrons a choice of two routes to Washington, D. C., viz: All rail via Weldon and Richmond, or via steamer from Portsmouth up the Potomac, passing those historical points—Mount Vernon and Hampton Roads, and also that celebrated health and pleasure resort, Old Point Comfort.

On the same date this line will also have a special train with through Pullman buffet sleeper to Portsmouth for Old Point Comfort and Virginia Beach at $15.75 for the round trip good for ten days.

Tickets and reservations can be secured at No. 45 Edgewood avenue.

BUTLER SWEPT BY FLAME.

Great Loss from Fire, Which Could Not Be Controlled.

Butler, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—J. W. McCrary's block of stores was burned yesterday morning at 2:30 o'clock. It was the biggest fire Butler has ever had. The origin of the fire is not known. Some are of the opinion that it was the work of an incendiary. Others think that it caught from the stove, the fire breaking out in the storeroom.

Butler has no fire protection, and the wonder is that it did not burn the whole town. Mr. McCrary is not at home and the amount of his insurance is not known, but his bookkeeper tells me he thinks that he had only $7,500 on the buildings and stock. His loss is estimated at $20,000. Mr. Corithers, who occupies the second story of the main building, lost $1,000; no insurance, about half of his furniture, bedding, etc., being lost. Mr. Corithers runs a hotel, and Professor Merritt and Mr. Robert Leonard, of Talbotton, were stopping with him. They did noble work, for which the town is graciously thankful. It was a very slow fire, there being hardly any wind at all. To the surprise of every one the postoffice was saved, it being in sixty feet of the burning building. Everything had been removed from the postoffice, however, and the damage to Mrs. Wallace's stock of goods was slight. Mrs. Wallace is postmistress and has a store in the office building. Mayor Steed boards at the Corithers house, and he sustained a loss of about sixty dollars.

Mr. McCrary's loss is severe, but he is able to stand it and go ahead just the same. He is the most successful business man in Butler, and I hope when he comes it will be found that he has more insurance than he is said to have. He is insured in the Aetna and Phoenix. He is at Indian Springs, and will be at home as soon as he can come.

FREDRIKA WARD

Was a Godchild of Captain Merrifield, of Brunswick.

Brunswick, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—The case of Alice Mitchell, now on trial at Memphis, for the murder of Miss Fredrika Ward, is of interest in Brunswick, as Miss Ward was the only godchild of Captain George H. Merrifield, of this city.

A few days since Captain and Mrs. Merrifield received from Mrs. Volkmar, of Gold Dust, Tenn., a cabinet size photo of Miss Ward, taken just before the murder, at the age of seventeen years and ten months. It shows her to have been a most beautiful young lady. Very attractive, smooth features, large eyes and any amount of fluffy hair. The picture is highly prized by its Brunswick owners.

The Two Fugitives Were Caught.

Waycross, Ga., July 22.—(Special.) Two negro convicts escaped from the Waltertown, Ga., mills Wednesday. The guards allowed them to go to their tents to get out of the rain. While the guards were attending to something on the outside of the tent, they escaped through the back way, keeping the tent between them and the guards. They went into the river swamp. Bloodhounds were put on their tracks and it was not long before one of them was caught. The other obtained citizens' clothes and a gun from a negro who was plowing in a field near the swamp. After donning the new suit of clothes, he started to leave the country, but was overtaken by the bloodhounds and recaptured. The negro who is supposed to have furnished the citizens' dress is now in jail.

She Was Ninety.

Canton, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Rev. A. B. Vaughan, Jr., was called to Hoy's crossing Tuesday evening to attend the burial and preach the funeral of "Grandma" Fowler, mother of Nathan and "Bud" Fowler, of Woodstock. She was in her ninetieth year, and had been a citizen of this section for, perhaps, more than sixty years. Her life had been one of Christian zeal and piety, and hence by her death her family and friends and the neighborhood in which she lived sustains a great loss.

An Accidental Death.

Cartersville, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Pickens R. Lewis, a well-known citizen of this county was accidentally killed by the discharge of his gun today. He was passing through his farm. In getting over the fence both barrels of his gun were discharged, the loads taking effect in his head. He was a son of John W. Lewis, and was about fifty years of age.



Removed—every vestige of Catarrh in the Head, no matter how bad the case, or of how long standing, by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. Not only Catarrh itself, but all the troubles that come from it—they're perfectly and permanently cured by its mild, soothing, cleansing and healing properties.

If you could only be sure of that, it's enough.

The proprietors of Dr. Sage's Remedy try to prove it to you. *They* are sure enough of it—a record of 25 years, with thousands of the most hopeless cases, has satisfied them—but how can they prove it to *you*? There's no better way than with money. So they say this, and they mean it: "If we can't cure your Catarrh, no matter what your case is, we'll pay you $500 in cash. There's a chance that you can't be cured, but it's so small that we're willing to take it."

What more can they say or do to convince you?

Isn't that enough?

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—We have $4,000 to loan on Atlanta property for a non-resident; money here; no delay. Harris & Nutting. july23-1w-sat-sun-wed

MONEY TO LOAN—The Merchants' and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Co. will loan you money on city real estate at 8 per cent, on long time, repayable monthly. 51 N. Pryor street, Equitable building. R. H. Wilson, cashier. july15-d1m-sat-sun-wed

STATE SAVINGS BANK, 34 West Alabama, conducts a general banking business; encourages small savings accounts. Interest on these at the rate of 5 per cent if remaining over 60 days.

MONEY TO LEND on improved real estate in or near Atlanta. S. Barnett, Equitable building, room 537, Pryor street and Edgewood avenue

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 32 Gould building.

MIDSUMMER BARGAINS!

FULL AND COMPLETE

Bedroom, Parlor, Hall, Dining Room and Sitting Room Suits

In Hard Oak, Mahogany, Cherry, Birch, Sycamore, Prima Vera and Maple. Overstuffed Parlor in Brocatelle and Tapestry. Colonial Carved and Brocatelle Parlor in Oak and Mahogany. Leather Lounges, Black, Maroon and Olive, Leather Chairs, plain and Tufted to match. Cabinets, Folding Beds, Book Cases, Office Desks, Ladies' Desks, Card Tables, Chiffoniers, Shaving Stands, Dressing Cases, Music Racks, Swinging Mirrors and Hall Seats, Reed Rockers, Umbrella Stands, Invalids' Trays, Commodes, Bidets, Hall Stands, Pedestals, Easels, Cots, Pillows, Bolsters, Springs, Mattresses in Hair and Cotton, Linen and Cotton Sheets, Bolster and Pillow Cases and Bedding of all kinds. Largest stock in the Southern States.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

Our Buyer Is in Market and We Must Have Room.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

NOTICE.

All advertisements in our Want Column, such as "Lost," "Found," "Sales," "For Rent," "Boarders Wanted," "Business Chances," "Personal," "Help Wanted," etc., cost Ten Cents per line or fraction of a line each insertion. There are seven words to a line. No advertisement taken for less than the price of three lines. Advertisements must be in Business Office before 8 p. m. the day before publication, and must be paid for in advance.

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED—A young man for special work. A permanent position for the right one. Address F. W., care Constitution. july21-3t

WANTED—Men and women to sell best household articles on record; everybody wants them; big profits. Fry's Specialty Company, Anniston, Ala. sat sun

TRAVELING salesman to sell baking powder. To the right men liberal salary and com contracts will be made. Experience not necessary. If you answer any ad in this column answer this one. U. S. Chemical Works, 840-846 VanBuren, Chicago. july20-2w-wed-fri-sat

B—WANTED—Salesmen on salary or commission to handle the new patent chemical ink erasing pencil, the greatest selling novelty ever produced; erases ink thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 200 to 400 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days, another $32 in two hours. We want one general agent in each state and territory. For terms and full particulars address the Monroe Eraser Manufacturing Company, LaCrosse, Wis., X 16.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—A few ladies can secure handsome salary for home work permitting other duties. Write W. Springsteen, Box 213, Chicago, Ill june 23—wed sat sun

WANTED—A good reliable white woman to do general house work in a small family. Apply to No. 2 Peachtree street.

SITUATIONS WANED—Male.

BY AN EXPERIENCED young man a position as bookkeeper or assistant bookkeeper; best of references. Address Books, care this office.

DRUGGIST—Position by a graduate, P. C. P.; single; first-class experience in compounding prescriptions and managing. W. R. Patterson, Hillsboro, O.

WANTED—University graduate of several years' experience desires position as teacher. Best of references given. Stating terms, address "Winstead," Yancey, Va. july 21-3t

WANTED—"Work"—Good accountant, 8 years' experience in railroad office. Would like position as shipping clerk or city drummer with good firm. Moderate wages. Satisfaction guaranteed. References. Address "Business," care Constitution. july 21—3t

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Fifteen shares Westview Cemetery Association stock at 85 cents, if taken this week. Address Westview, this office. july22-2t.

NEW SEED—Just arrived, rutabaga and other turnips. All seed guaranteed fresh. Mark W. Johnson Seed Company, Atlanta, Ga., 35 South Pryor street. july 21—3t

PERSONAL.

OWEN, the new photographer, makes a specialty of babies and children, and makes a cabinet of groups at the same price as a sngle person; over Rich Bros.

MARRIED LADIES—Send 10c for "Infallible Safeguard" (no medicine, no deception); just what you want. Ladies' Bazar, Kansas City, Mo. june 24-d6m

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee; Niagara Falls forty minutes away.

Rooms.

FOR RENT—Two suites of rooms over M. Rich & Bro.'s store, well lighted, in best condition for offices, dressmaking, etc. Immediate possession. Apply to M. Rich & Bros.

FOR RENT—Rooms over M. Rich & Bros' store, suitable for dressmaking or offices, etc. M. Rich & Bros. july15-d2w.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—To give away about 100 yards of dirt at corner Loyd and Decatur streets. Do you want it. Sciple Sons. sat sun.

WANTED—Nice roll top desk; state price and where could be seen at once. W., care Constitution.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—One nice new brick storeroom in Monticello, good business stand. For particulars address P. O. Box 24, Monticello, Ga. july12-4t.

FOR RENT—Party obliged to leave the city will rent desirable house. Call 13 Forest avenue. july 19-4t wed sat, sun, mon

LOST.

LOST—A small anvil layer, D. & L., Gainesville, Ga. Notify Logan & McCrory, for reward.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE in Savannah, Ga. Will sell cheap for cash or on easy terms. Address A. N. O'Keefe, Savannah, Ga.

FOR RENT—Edisto hotel, Selma, Ala. Recently renovated; centrally located; has 30 rooms. Modern conveniences. Call or write for particulars. Bennet & Wise, P. O. Box 150, Selma, Ala. july 19-1 m tues thur sat

CARRIAGE and Wagon Factory for Lease—The old, established shops of the late B. Rice, of Eatonton, Ga., consisting of blacksmith, wood and harness shops, paint, varnish, repository and salesrooms, lumber sheds; a complete plant for either manufacturing or custom work; no opposition. For particulars call on or address Robert Rice, Eatonton, Ga. july22-fri-sat-sun

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

FOR SALE—217 Jackson street. One of the best built houses in Atlanta. No contract work. New; eight large rooms; very convenience; beautiful shaded lot 50x150; side alley; $5,000; easy terms.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

J. A. SCOTT. ISAAC LIEBMAN.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,

Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agents,

No. 28 Peachtree Street.

$5,500 BUYS 12-room brick house, corner lot, on Luckie, rented now for $45 per month. Will take small house and lot as part payment.

$1,800 buys nice cottage, corner lot, 50x161½ on Wyly street, just beyond Colonel Hulsey's home; $200 cash, balance $15 per month. Cheaper than rent.

$2,250 buys 4-room house, lot 50x160, on Love street, near Washington street, 1-2 cash, balance easy.

$2,000 buys 8-room house, water and gas, lot 40x125, alley on side, on Hood street. $1,025 cash, $250 in September, 1892, balance $25 per month. Rents for $20 per month.

$4,500 buys new 2-story 7-room house on Jackson street, back to another street, nice home in elegant neighborhood. $1,500 cash, balance $50 per month.

$2,250 buys 5-room house, new, on Dunlap street, near Jackson street. $500 cash, balance $25 per month.

$1,250 buys 5-room house on East avenue, $250 cash, balance $20 per month.

$4,000 buys new 2-story 7-room house, lot 50x200, on Morrison avenue. $1,000 cash, balance $50 per month.

$800 buys 3-room house, lot 36x100, on North Butler street, 1-2 cash, balance easy.

$2,800 buys 8-room house, lot 50x150, on E. Cain street. $1,500 cash, balance easy.

$2,500 buys 5-room house, corner lot, on Simpson street, close in good neighborhood, rents for $25 per month.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,
28 Peachtree Street.

ROBERTS & M'CRORY,

14 S. Broad St., next to Corner Alabama St.

5 ACRES, fronting West Point railroad, between East Point and Manchester, for only $2,400.

100 ACRES between Manchester and Hapeville for $2,500.

340 ACRES, twelve miles from carshed and one and one-half miles from Georgia railroad for $5,500.

400 ACRES on Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad, twenty miles from Atlanta, for $5,000; this includes 9-room, 2-story dwelling, four tenant houses, two 3-story barns, ginhouse and gin, twelve-horse power engine, etc.; a great bargain.

20 ACRES, two and one-quarter miles from carshed, for $500 per acre; electric cars run by it.

WE HAVE for sale over three thousand pieces of real estate; we have four beautiful suburban homes that we are anxious to sell cheap; we have homes in the city ranging to price from $1,000 to $40,000; you may lose something if you fail to see our list before buying; we have some brand new houses, elegant and modern, on the best streets in the city, that we want to show you.

ROBERTS & M'CRORY.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR.

—

Real Estate.

—

14 Wall Street, Kimball House.

—

I have a large and attractive rent list, embracing stores and offices in the

Kiser Law Building

Corner Pryor and Hunter streets. The stores are admirably adapted to any retail or wholesale business, or for a bank. The offices are conveniently arranged, well lighted and ventilated, have steam heat and first-class elevator service.

Diagram of building in my office. Call at once and select an office. G. W. ADAIR.

Ware & Owens,

17 S. Broad, Cor. Alabama St.

$4,500—10-r, two-story, brand new modern residence within the shadows of state capitol, 50x200, side and back alley, all street improvements; very cheap.

$5,500—6-r cottage, new and well built and handsomely finished, spacious verandas, cabinet mantels, clubhouse grates, water, gas belgian blocks, electric cars, 60 feet east front; one of the best neighborhoods in the city.

$2,650—4 vacant lots on eorgia ave., one block from Pryor street, nice shade and corner; you want to see this.

$1,000—5-r house on Pearl st., near car line, cost $1,400, new and very cheap; come at once.

10 acres—3 1-2 miles out, for only $1,100; this is a great snap, and is sure to double in value. "Come a running."

$3,200—Houston street, 100 feet front, property renting for $30 per month, good part of street; cheap.

$1,500—Decatur, 22x90 to alley, you can make money on this.

$1,000—Good 4-r cottage, McAfee st., very cheap.

$3,000—5-r cottage, E. Cain, near Jackson, corner lot, belgian block

$4,500—7-r house 2 story Wheat st., close in; very reasonable.

$1,850—Hill st., corner Woodward ave., 50x140 to alley.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate. Real Estate

$3,500—FOR a nice house and lot over 1 1-2 acres, at Decatur, fronting the Ga. R. R., nearly opposite the depot; offered at a sacrifice.

$6,000—8-R. Ellis street house and lot, near Ivy; one of the cheapest homes offered.

$3,000—7-R. Williams street house and lot, near Cain street, half mile from carshed.

$3,000—6-R. cottage and lot 50x200, on Hill street; come see it.

$4,000—BEAUTIFUL Washington street lot 50x179; one of the nearest in lots on the street vacant.

$6,000—BEAUTIFUL Whitehall street house and lot, near in.

$4,500—FOR the best investment offered, in business property; come and find out about it.

$9,000—A new beautiful house on corner lot, on Jackson street, near Highland avenue.

$6,750—BOULEVARD house and corner lot, near Highland avenue, best location on the street.

$3,000—RICHARDSON street house and lot, near Windsor.

$2,000—BEAUTIFUL Capitol avenue lot, near Georgia avenue.

$1,350—MILLS street lot, 60 feet front, near Spring street.

$2,100—JACKSON street lot 50x150, near Irwin.

$2,250—BEAUTIFUL lot, 54x160, on one of the best streets on the north side; a bargain.

$4,200—CREW street house and lot; a nice home.

$15,000—PEACHTREE 9-r. house and lot.

$5,000—WHEAT street house and lot, near Courtland.

$5,500—HOUSE and lot on Edgewood avenue, near Edgewood theater; a bargain.

OFFICE 12 E. Alabama st., Telephone, 363.

Sam'l W. Goode & Co.'s

Real Estate Offers.

$200 PER ACRE for 43 acres at four-mile post on McDonough road, with 3-room dwelling, outhouses, shade, fifteen acres timber, running water, about 1,200 feet front, between J. L. Dickey's and C. K. Busby's places.

$2,100 FOR TWO central lots, on paved street, half block from electric car line, in good neighborhood, on easy payments.

PIEDMONT AVENUE house, new, two story, nine rooms, water, gas, belgian pavement, brick sidewalk, east front, lot 80x200 feet to alley, near Ed Peter's and Clarence Knowles's beautiful homes, $12,000, on easy terms.

PEACHTREE STREET home, two story, seven rooms, brick residence, water, gas, east front, shaded lot 54x200 feet to alley, on electric car line, $7,500, on easy payments.

PEACHTREE LOTS, large and choice and cheap; call and see our list.

SPRING STREET lot, 50x120 feet, near Parker street, east front, good neighborhood, $1,600.

WILSON AVENUE and Center street lots at prices which should be tempting to investors, home seekers and speculators.

COPENHILL LOTS at prices which give a margin of profit and on terms liberal to home builders.

350x305 FEET, on Peachtree street, this side Joe Thompson's, for $12,000 if taken this week.

$300 PER ACRE for thirty acres three miles from the Kimball house, with 4-room dwelling, new barn, vineyard and orchard, running water, long front on McDonough road and rear fronting the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad; excellent place for fruit, dairy and truck farm.

ORMEWOOD PARK lots for homes; see us and arrange to have your house built on the lot we sell you.

EDGEWOOD LOTS, part of the Binder and Hanye property.

CENTRAL NEW four room Simpson street cottage, for $2,000, $500 cash and $25 monthly with 8 per cent interest.

BOULEVARD HOME, seven rooms, new, two stories, modern conveniences, corner lot 54x140 feet, east front, fine views, three car lines to center of city, $7,000; see us quickly.

FOREST AVENUE homes in good variety.

WEST PEACHTREE home, new, modern and choice.

ACREAGE PROPERTY in all directions about the city.

PLACE YOUR property, in or out of the city, with us if you wish it quickly sold or exchanged.

CORRESPONDENCE solicited with buyers and sellers. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

A. J. WEST & CO.,

Real Estate!

A SURE profit of $1,000 right away in this—Lot 64x216, on Hilliard street, containing two good houses, paying fair rents and room for several more; only $600 cash, balance $32.65 per month.

MANUFACTURING SITE, fronting 200 feet on Western and Atlantic railroad, this side Boyd & Baxter's; only $30 per front foot; long time.

FOUR LOVELY LOTS, Georgia avenue, 50x150 each; beautiful view; $1,250 each for inside ones and $1,500 for corner.

TEN ACRES opposite Baptist Orphans' home property, near Van Winkle's, the cheapest land similarly located about Atlanta, $4,000.

EIGHT ACRES, corporate limits of West End, well located, $5,500.

THE HOTTER the weather the harder we work; make four or five customers happy every week. If you wish to borrow money or make your expenses to the lakes of the north or Europe, call on us.

A. J. WEST & CO.

We desire to say to persons wishing to place advertising in our "Want" columns, that the price is made low purposely and the cash must accompany the order in every case. THE CONSTITUTION.

THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY

The Daily, per year	$ 6.00
The Sunday (20 to 36 Pages)	2.00
The Daily and Sunday, per year	8.00
The Weekly, per year (12 Pages)	1.00

All Editions Sent Postpaid to any address.

At these reduced rates all subscriptions must be paid in advance.

Contributors must keep copies of articles. We do not undertake to return rejected MSS., and will do so under no circumstances, unless accompanied by return postage.

NICHOLS & HOLLIDAY,
Eastern Advertising Agents.
Address, CONSTITUTION BUILDING, Atlanta, Ga.

12 CENTS PER WEEK

For THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, or 50 cents per calendar month. Sixteen cents per week for THE DAILY and SUNDAY CONSTITUTION, or 67 cents per calendar month; delivered to any address by carrier in the city of Atlanta. Send in your name at once.

Where to Find The Constitution.

THE CONSTITUTION can be found on sale as follows:

New York—Brentano's, No. 5 Union Square.
Cincinnati—J. R. Hawley, 162 Vine street.
Washington—Metropolitan Hotel.
Paris—Anglo-American reading rooms, Chaussee Antin and Rue Meyerbeer.

ATLANTA, GA., July 23, 1892.

The World's Fair Appropriation.

Undoubtedly, the question of a government appropriation of $5,000,000 to the world's fair at Chicago has two sides.

Chicago at first asked only for the endorsement of congress and $1,500,000 for government buildings and a government exhibit. This request was granted. Then, various inducements were secured from foreign countries and the states' large subscriptions, a partial list of which is as follows:

United States congress, $1,500,000; Arizona, $30,000; California, $300,000; Colorado, $100,000; Delaware, $10,000; Idaho, $20,000; Illinois, $800,000; Indiana, $75,000; Iowa, $50,000; Maine, $40,000; Massachusetts, $75,000; Michigan, $100,000; Minnesota, $50,000; Missouri, $150,000; Montana, $50,000; Nebraska, $50,000; New Hampshire, $25,000; New Jersey, $20,000; New Mexico, $25,000; North Carolina, $25,000; North Dakota, $25,000; Ohio, $100,000; Pennsylvania, $300,000; Rhode Island, $25,000; Vermont, $20,000; Washington, $100,000; West Virginia, $40,000; Wisconsin, $65,000; Wyoming, $30,000. Total, $3,200,000.

In addition to these appropriations already made the people have pledged $100,000 in Alabama, $100,000 in Arkansas, $100,000 in Florida, $100,000 in Georgia, $100,000 in Kansas, $100,000 in Oregon, $80,000 in South Dakota, $50,000 in Tennessee, and $300,000 in Texas. Total, $1,030,000.

Foreign governments have been equally liberal. The Argentine Republic has appropriated $100,000; Austria, $47,000; Bolivia, $150,000; Brazil, $550,000; British Guiana, $20,000; British Honduras, $7,000; Ceylon, $40,000; Chile, $100,000; Colombia, $100,000; Costa Rica, $100,000; Cuba, $25,000; Danish West Indies, $10,000; Dutch Guiana, $6,000; Dutch West Indies, $10,000; Ecuador, $125,000; France, $400,000; Germany, $250,000; Great Britain $125,000; Guatemala, $120,000; Honduras, $20,000; Japan, $500,000; Mexico, $750,000; Nicaragua, $50,000; Peru, $100,000; Salvador, $30,000.

Here, then, are the totals of appropriations and bonuses provided for up to January 1, 1892:

From congress and state legislatures	$3,200,000
From state associations	1,030,000
From thirty-one foreign governments	3,630,000
Total	$7,860,000

With nearly $8,000,000 as a starter, and the prospect of all the benefits that will accrue, Chicago ought to feel very well satisfied, but she is insisting upon a further government appropriation of $5,000,000.

Naturally, there is strong opposition, and our advices state that the southern congressmen will oppose it to the last on constitutional grounds.

Just here the other side of the question suggests itself. It is rather an ungracious thing for the southern members to take this course when only a few years ago the government aided the cotton exposition at New Orleans. If the appropriation is opposed at all, it should be for the reason that Chicago has already received what she asked for at first, under her pledge to ask for no more.

The withholding of the appropriation will be of no benefit to the country, but on the contrary will be something of an injury. The money asked for, is seems, is to come out of certain funds and subsidiary silver coins which the government will not pay out or put in circulation, unless this extraordinary appropriation turns them loose. Practically, the granting of Chicago's request means an immediate addition of $5,000,000 to our circulating medium.

But, as we said before, it is a two-sided question, and, while the southern congressmen should stand up to their convictions, we fear that their attitude will be construed as indicating strong sectional prejudice. However, as blundering appears to be the order of the day, the prospect of getting on the wrong side of the world's fair business will not alarm anybody.

The Issue Here.

The demonstration made at the democratic notification meeting in New York was literally overwhelming in its character, showing unmistakably that even before the campaign is fairly opened, party enthusiasm has reached a very high pitch.

Mr. Cleveland's speech of acceptance is a very clear outline of the issues on which the campaign is to be fought—the tariff and the force bill in the north; the force bill and the tariff in the south.

Everything goes to show that on these issues the democrats will win. The tariff touches the pocket nerve and the threat of force bill legislation goes to the very root of democratic principles, and stirs up the indignation which freemen must always feel when their rights and liberties are assailed.

There is no need of any elaborate tariff discussion at the south. There is no one here to convert. Our people are practically unanimous in their opposition to a system which robs the producer and the wage worker to enrich the manufacturer.

It might be said, too, that there is no need to urge the white voters of the south to oppose force bill legislation, but the danger here is that many voters may be led to support the people's party and thus endanger the success of democracy by precipitating a division at the very moment when the party needs all its strength to oppose republican aggression.

This is a danger that cannot be ignored. The people's party in Georgia gets its strength mainly from a misconception—from an idea that financial relief is more important than democratic success. The movement has been helped along, too, by the intolerance with which certain democratic organs have attacked the alliance; but its basis is the belief that the people can secure relief by crippling and destroying the only organization that is able or willing to give them the relief which they demand.

It is a wild and foolish belief, for the moment the farmers of the south desert the democratic party which they are able to control to suit themselves, that moment they give themselves over to the confusion which will result from force bill legislation. By dividing the party in the south they make republican success reasonably sure, and all the evils that are bound to result from that success will fall most heavily on the class that is now seeking consolation in the people's party.

The farmers of Georgia will not need financial relief when the federal deputy marshals and white aliens begin to rally the negroes around the polls and arrange the machinery for perpetuating republican control of the country. They will need some other kind of relief; but how will they get it? It will be too late to retrace their steps when the force bill is in active operation. The democratic party might be made even stronger than it was in its prime, but with the polls in federal control its strength would avail nothing.

Let the third party voters retrace their steps before it is too late. There is but one issue that is as important as the democratic party and that is the force bill issue. Let it be kept before the people!

A Timely Suggestion.

We believe that the letter from President Chappell, of the Girls' Industrial school at Milledgeville, printed in another column, will call forth a gratifying response.

Young men who are determined to get an education will get it in some way. They move about in the world, and make their wants known. But there are hundreds of bright, energetic girls in Georgia, members of impoverished families, who are barred out from profitable callings because they need some special training for them, and in the seclusion of their quiet homes they cannot attract the attention of rich and well-to-do people who would be glad to help them.

Every girl in Georgia who wants to be prepared to support herself in an honorable calling should be given the opportunity. Money given for this purpose will be nobly invested, and President Chappell will doubtless be glad to aid the donors in applying it to the most deserving cases.

A Superficial Critic.

The Springfield Republican has its old sectional prejudices deeply stirred by the recent "Life of Yancey."

In its review of the work The Republican speaks of "this child of South Carolina," a bad break which shows that the critic merely skimmed the book superficially, as he would have discovered by reading it that the great southern leader was a native of Georgia.

After this, we are not surprised to find this ignorant and careless reviewer sneering at certain statements concerning the high status of southern civilization before the war, and making the charge that the dwellers in the cotton and tobacco states "sold their own children, and whipped and shot black men like beasts."

This is only another instance of the insanity of sectionalism. Northern newspapers occasionally tell the story of white people in their section who sell their children into lives of shame, and of capitalists who shoot down their oppressed and swindled white workingmen, but if a southern writer should make such statements the basis for a general charge against the northern people he would be considered very unfair and malignant. Yet there is just as much foundation for such wholesale condemnation in the one case as there is in the other.

Why will our northern contemporaries persist in attempting to criticise a society with, whose history, objects, conditions and character they are wholly unfamiliar? The information they have collected from adventurers, fanatics and imaginative Africans does not qualify and equip them for the task of reviewing and passing judgment upon the most beneficent civilization for white and black, rich and poor, that this continent has ever seen. The sections should understand each other better. It will not profit them to misrepresent each other.

State Banks of Issue.

The Richmond Dispatch dwells with some emphasis on the fact that under the old state bank system, the notes of the Virginia banks were at a discount in Baltimore, and refers to "the premium which the notes of a Baltimore bank invariably commanded over the notes of banks issuing a local currency."

Now this information is so exceedingly interesting that we desire more of it. The notes of the Baltimore banks commanded a premium over the notes of the Virginia banks. Why was that? The Baltimore banks were not national banks. They were local banks issuing a local currency. Why were their notes at a premium over the Virginia banks?

There was no discount on the notes of the state banks of Georgia and South Carolina in any of the cotton markets of the world; why should the notes of the Virginia banks have been at a discount in Baltimore? In short, what was the matter with the Virginia banks? We think our contemporary will find, by looking into the matter, that the trouble was with the Virginia banks. This is the only inference to be drawn from the facts disclosed by The Dispatch. The notes of these banks were at a discount right at their very doors, while the notes of the Georgia and Baltimore banks were good away from home.

The Dispatch says "it will require the agitation of several campaigns to dislodge the present plan of putting out circulating notes." On the contrary, as our contemporary certainly knows, the plan is dislodging itself. It is a plan based on the government debt, and it will expire when the debt is paid. So far as the putting out of circulation is concerned, the national banks themselves are winding it up. They are already going out of the business of putting out circulation. Government bonds are too scarce and high to be made the basis of circulation.

When the failure of the Barings created a semi-panic in Wall street awhile ago, and the government began to call in bonds before they were due, offering a large premium in order to put more money in Wall street, a great many of the banks surrendered the bonds they held and called in their circulation. This contraction was going on before that event, and it has been going on much more rapidly since.

We mention these things in order to show The Dispatch that it cannot reasonably depend on "this plan of putting out circulation." It is a plan that has ceased to put out circulation altogether, and it is gradually canceling the circulation already out. Now, then, what is to be done? The Dispatch is no more open to conviction than we are.

The objection urged against the notes of state banks that they would not stay far from home is one of the peculiar merits of the system. The notes would certainly not collect and congest in the financial centers. The very fact that they would not be legal tender would prevent this, and the result would be that the people of all the states would have at all seasons a plentiful supply of currency.

As to the interstate currency, what objection is there to the United States treasury notes, and the gold and silver certificates? In addition to this, there is the system of exchange which now exists between even the private banks of the country and all other banks of standing. In short, the national banks would become state banks, and we would still have the treasury notes which are in circulation.

The English stage is growing very corrupt. Another actress has just married a British peer.

The democratic party will draw a long breath of relief when the democratic congressmen go home.

The republicans are violently opposed to Adlai Stevenson. He was the democratic headsman in 1884, and he still has a tomahawk concealed about his person.

The republican organs are becoming alarmed at Senator Hill's silence. He'll wake them up long before they are ready for him.

The Chicago saloons have a very soft snap. They will be kept open on Sunday, while the gates of the world's fair will be closed.

Mr. W. D. Howells says he always destroys what he writes under inspiration. His readers will easily believe that.

The Britishers sing "God Save the Queen" and vote the other way.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The assistant postmaster general at Washington has recently issued a couple of important orders to postmasters throughout the country. The first is that no prisoner whose case has not been tried, and who under the law is held to be innocent until convicted, shall have his correspondence opened and read by the prison authorities. The second forbids postmasters from furnishing the address of any recipient of mail matter to any person who may apply for it. This cuts off most thoroughly an avenue of information that has heretofore proved invaluable to collectors and collecting agencies. It has also aided police officials and private detectives to trace people from one city to another faithfully, promptly and cheaply. In his official circular Mr. Whitfield says:

"The name of the person addressed is written on the outside of the letter for the single purpose of enabling the postmaster to deliver it to the proper person. For any other purpose he is presumed to have no knowledge of the address. His knowledge is confined to the discharge of his official duties. The privacy of the service would be at an end if postmasters were required to disclose the name and address of their patrons, except after due judicial proceedings shall have been taken. It would be an unwarranted act of the postmaster to betray the address to the very person (perhaps) whom the patron desires to avoid. Postmasters cannot and should not be called upon to perform detective service for creditors and others similarly situated."

The first lady advertising agent lives in St. Louis. Fifteen years ago her husband was a traveling advertising agent and found it difficult to make a living. One day she took his samples and went to work. She did more business in one day than he could do in a week. He at once employed a dozen bright young women and put them on the road working his schemes, and they were eminently successful. Other sharpers caught on to it, and for a number of years the country was literally overrun with female advertising drummers. Most of the schemes were utterly and altogether worthless, but while the novelty of the thing lasted they reaped a harvest. Merchants finally got tired of investing their money in hotel guides, advertising cards, envelope schemes, etc., and the business fell flat.

Says The New York Sun: "There is not, or at least there need not be, any difference whatever between 'literary English,' which is the diction of books, and 'colloquial English,' or the speech of daily life. A writer may properly set down his thoughts on paper in the very words he would use if he uttered them in a dialogue, and a talker may converse with propriety in the phraseology of polite letters. The writer who composes for the printer as he would speak to a hearer is not necessarily too free and easy in his style; the speaker who expresses his thought to a listener in the form in which he would print it is not necessarily stilted in his expression, and may not be taking on airs. Many great writers talk just as they write, and many good talkers write just as they talk. What miseries are brought upon mankind, what horrible evils accrue to the world, through inaccurate or disorderly writing and speaking. One of the gravest faults of many of our talkers is that they talk too rapidly, and one of the worst faults of many of our writers is that they write before thinking deeply."

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Hot Times in Georgia.

The turpentine's a-steamin' from the hot, perspirin' trees,
The river, turnin', burnin', is jus' yearnin' for the breeze;
The sparrows with their twitches, in the niches hide an' el'ng,
An' the mockin' birds are silent—for they're all too hot to sing!
An' yet, for all the blazin' of the white, unclouded sun,
That burns the cattle grazin', till the beef cooks as they run;
The campaign drums are beatin', you hear the people yell;
Red-hot, an' still a-beatin', an' hollerin' for—well!

The Yatesville Enterprise is one of the latest entries in the field of weekly journalism. It is published by a stock company and Mr. Will Knott, the popular railroad man from McDonough, is business manager.

The mayor of a western town forgot that he had invited the Georgia editors to dine with him. One of them, however, had not forgotten it, and bravely demanded dinner for the crowd. When last heard from the mayor was ordering groceries.

Are You In It?

O, the politician's glory,
O, the handshake and the hug!
O, the roaring campaign story,
O, the brass band and the jug!

Mr. G. W. Humphries is improving The Milton Democrat. The current issue shows this improvement in a marked degree. In The Democrat Milton has a bright paper, and the editor promises to add to its brightness as it grows in grace.

Ahead on Alligators.

"How's the newspaper business now?"

"First-class. Took two alligators on subscription, rented 'em to a dime museum, and the fellow who caught them paid $2 to see 'em six hours afterwards."

This political year is a blessing to the editors. One of them writes as follows to his paper: "We attended three barbecues in one day, and have been invited to say grace at six more. Send the family by freight."

We observe that the flourishing city of Rome is getting a wide advertisement for the handsome work accomplished by its citizens in entertaining the weekly editors. For the next year or so Rome will cut a bright figure in their columns.

GEORGIA POLITICAL NOTES.

Colonel George J. Willis, of Taylor county, is a candidate for the senate from the twenty-third senatorial district, composed of Houston, Crawford and Taylor counties. It is Taylor's turn to name the senator, and there will probably be four candidates all running for the democratic nomination. All the counties mentioned will vote by primaries on the same day, but all will vote for some one of Taylor's candidates. Mr. Willis is a very popular man in the district, and would be an able, faithful representative of its interests. He stands high as a citizen, and as a lawyer. He was one of the four delegates to the convention from Taylor when Crisp was first nominated for congress. The four delegates made Crisp's nomination possible by insisting on the majority rule, when either of the delegates could have caused Crisp's defeat. Mr. Willis's friends—and he numbers them by the hundreds—predict that he will make a strong and winning race, and they have entered the fight for him with flying colors. The welfare of the district would certainly be safe in his hands.

The Macon Telegraph says that the present legislative race promises to be the hottest ever held in Bibb county, and it is gratifying that the people of Bibb have such excellent timber to select from. It is just two weeks from now until the legislative primary, and the eyes of the public are fixed on the entries already made and the racers that are still grooming. Of the former there are three positively in the race, and working with might and main to win. Messrs. Davis, Bolfeuillet and Hodges are avowed candidates and have already been doing some active work. Of the steeds now in the grooming stables, there are three who are looked upon by nearly all as certainties, their friends having talked sufficiently in the past few days to advance them from the stage of possibilities. Messrs. Huff, Bacon and Patterson have not yet announced, but they are considered in connection with the race, and their announcement at any time would cause no surprise.

A prominent democrat of Effingham says that the action of certain parties and papers in Savannah in bringing out a new man every day for senator is irritating to the people of the county. The gentleman says further: "It looks like Savannah was determined to bring out a city candidate against the country candidate. It seems to be anything to beat Colonel Wright. I do not exaggerate when I say our people are indignant at this spirit. If Colonel Gordon wants to run our people realize that he is a strong and prominent man. He would get votes in both city and country. But Colonel Gordon, as far as a man can do, seems to us to have withdrawn his name. Then we hear he is to be run anyhow, in spite of his disclaimer. Next we hear of this man and that man being brought out by his friends. There seems to be a frantic effort to get somebody to run. It is hurtful. I don't think it right. Our people do not understand it. I am a business man in Savannah. Have been doing business there for years. I go home to Guyton every day. I hear our people talk and know how they feel. We are now getting up a democratic club to help Lester. We want to keep city and country harmonious. They make it too hard for us. We cannot lose a man in the democratic party in Effingham this year."

In an interview with The Savannah Press, Captain James Mansfield, a leading democrat of Darien, says:

"Put McIntosh down for Lester. That is positive. We carried the county for him before and we are going to do so again. The negroes in the county will vote for Lester. They think a great deal of him and no republican or third party man can win over him there."

"How about the third party in your county?"

"We haven't any third party in our county. We take our politics straight, and are republicans or democrats. The white democrats of my section would rather vote for a republican than a third party man. I think the democrats will put up Captain W. A. Wilcox for the state senate, for it is our time to name the senator. Whoever McIntosh puts up is going to be successful."

Hon. Thomas L. Lewis, who represented the thirty-ninth district in the Georgia senate eight years ago, is now a candidate for the democratic nomination for the house from Milton county, which county he has before represented in the general assembly. In his letter to the people he says he favors the repeal of the law providing for boards of tax equalizers and he opposed a similar bill before the legislature in 1885. He also compares the state tax rate now, since and before his term in the senate with the rate when his service ended, showing a big difference in favor of the rate fixed during his services.

Commenting on the rumor that Mr. Pickett has agreed to give the third party nomination to Tom Winn, and he take Captain Perkinson's place for the senate, The Cherokee Advance says:

"This is one of those wild political rumors that sometimes get into circulation. In our honest opinion, however, there is absolutely no grounds on which to base such a rumor. Mr. Pickett in our judgment would not be willing to give up his chances for the nomination to Tom Winn. No, never. He might to Twitty or some one else, but to Winn never. And he has said he never intends to come down in his aspirations for office and so if he be true to that declaration the senate has no charms for him."

Judge Philip M. Russell, of Savannah, even since his published card saying that he must decline to make the race for the legislature, has been importuned to withdraw his declaration and make the race. The judge emphatically declared that he could not do this and that he would not under any circumstances be in the race. Even later than this the judge had to put a stop to a movement intended to put him in the race in spite of his expressed determination not to run.

The Barnesville Gazette, commenting on the attempt of third party men to organize the negroes in that section, says:

"We understand that it is the plan of the third party to quietly and somewhat secretly organize the negroes and get them to join the third party. This was attempted, we are informed, by some men in Pike county and this is a part of the third party work. If it be true, the Georgian or southerner, who gives his endorsement and support to such a movement, brings upon himself a shame and a disgrace in the sight of every true southern citizen, and such a person deserves the treatment usually given to such a degraded character. We do not see how such a scheme can be supported by men in this section."

Five good democrats are in the race for representative in Sumter county, and there may be more. All but two of them will be out of the contest on the evening of the 26th of next month on which day the primary election occurs. The five are making strong efforts and each will run a good race. Each one has a strong backing, and the race promises to be close and exciting. After the 26th it will be democrats versus third partyites, or those who in their own language are known as people's partyites.

The third party captured the Pulaski County Alliance at the recent quarterly meeting at Carey. The Hawkinsville Dispatch says that all the officers elected are third party men. Messrs. Allen T. Fountain and F. R. Collins, stanch democratic alliancemen, the former having served the alliance faithfully as secretary for three years, and the latter having zealously expounded alliance doctrine for a like time, as lecturer for Pulaski county, were ignored, and third party men were made their successors.

Hon. S. L. Hayes, of Forsyth county, announces himself in The Leader as a candidate for representative independent, as he says, of any party, clique or secret organization. Rev. Mr. Hayes represented the county very ably in the sessions of 1888-89. Rev. W. J. Pirkle is also a candidate.

AT THE EDGEWOOD.

A Large Audience Hears "The Merry War" Sung by the MacCollin Company.

The audience which assembled at the Edgewood Avenue theater last night was one of many brilliant features, from the fact of its culture and elegance.

"The Merry War's" music was in many respects more artistically defined last evening by the MacCollin people than at any of this opera's productions during its week's run here.

The waltz song by the Marquis, though effeminate in sentiment, is very prettily sung by Mr. Leonard. This is a part not easily adopted by the average comic opera baritone singer, from the fact of its being a character strictly allotted to a light tenor voice. Mr. Leonard, though, is given the credit for the work he does in this role.

Mr. Pearson and the K. K. quartet are as popular as ever. The Old Brigade song is never devoid of attractive features when sung by this splendid aggregation of vocalists.

Miss Hall's Elsa still continues to create admiration for her cleverness in the essayal of the role.

Mr. J. Lisle Apple, in the role of Umberto, is, from several good reasons, to be heartily congratulated at the manner in which he sings this character, as it is one for which he is entirely unfitted, both from a vocal and a physical standpoint. But this is not Mr. Apple's fault in the least. If he has captivated his audience as Fra Diavolo and Nanki Pooh, as well as in other leading tenor roles, there is no reason why he should be assailed in the interpretation of Umberto. This must be understood right here that the above is not meant to reflect in any way upon this genial and promising young tenor's past work in Atlanta.

Miss Caseday, as Violetta, does her work well and sings with a staccio which is admirable.

Mr. MacCollin and Mr. Burrows were recognised in a pleasing way by last night's audience.

Miss Leyton sings her Artemesia in a highly satisfactory way, as do Miss Taylor and Miss Lillie Hall their respective roles.

The chorus quarter is noticed as musically strong and its presence in "The Merry War" productions is attracting no little attention.

"The Merry War" will be sung at a matinee today and the same bill will close the sixth week's engagement tonight.

KOLB VS. JONES.

The Followers of the Former Issue an Appeal.

A meeting of Kolb men at Pine Level, Ala., issued an appeal to the people the other day, which closes as follows:

"The reign of terror is upon us. There is no safety for life, liberty or property, and American liberty in Alabama exists only in name.

"A life of degradation is not worth living. We are not worthy to represent and defend our dear families if we submit to such slavery. We are now forced to choose between evils. We have an element not far distant that can be made effectual.

"Brethren and friends, if we do err, let us err on the safe side. We can make concessions for the sake of peace without conceding principle. Let us go to our neighbors by committee and plead with them in the name of our families and especially in the name of Jesus Christ, to forbear trying to compass our destruction. Let us plead with our tongues, and if they hear us they are our friends; but if they insist in their diabolical career, we must, as a dire resort, insist with our teeth in the name of Satan and let them and us abide the consequences."

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Suggested by an Editorial.

Milledgeville, Ga., July 21.—Editor Constitution: In the interesting editorial on "Does It Pay to Be Rich?" that appeared in your issue of yesterday, I was specially struck with the following sentence: "A very wealthy lady in New York worries herself sick trying to give away her money where it will do most good." If there are any persons in Georgia, men or women, who are "worrying themselves sick" on this account, I wish to offer a suggestion which may help them out of their trouble. One hundred dollars will pay the entire expenses of a girl in the Georgia Normal and Industrial college—generally known as the "Girls' Industrial school"—for a full scholastic year of nine months. Tuition is free, board in the college dormitory, including fuel, lights and washing, is only $10 a month, incidental fees for the year are $10, making all told $100. The special object of this institution is:

1. To give young women honorable callings by which they may earn a good livelihood for themselves.

2. To fit young women for the proper discharge of the practical duties of home and domestic life.

In these particulars the college offers advantages that certainly cannot be equalled by any other school in the southern states or perhaps in the entire union.

Dr. J. L. M. Curry, the distinguished manager of the Peabody fund, a man not given to gush or overstatement, and who has, perhaps, a larger personal acquaintance with American educational institutions than any other person living, after a recent visit to this college and a thorough inspection of its work, declared it to be, in his opinion, one of the most progressive, most beneficent, best organized, best taught schools on the American continent. The many intelligent and discerning persons from all parts of Georgia and from other states who have visited the school and watched it at work during the past season, will agree with him in this opinion. The state has spent a great deal of money to get this noble institution established, and gives a liberal annual appropriation for its support, and yet hundreds of earnest, worthy Georgia girls, who are anxious to come here and avail themselves of the matchless advantages offered, are debarred from doing so because, in these hard times, they cannot get the $100 necessary to pay their year's board and other expenses. I have received from this class of girls scores of letters that are touching and pathetic in the extreme. When these facts were stated to Rev. Walker Lewis, pastor of Trinity Methodist church in your city, while he was on a recent visit to Milledgeville, he at once exclaimed: "I will give $100 to pay the expenses of some poor girl next season, and I hope I may be able to do the same every year hereafter." Are there not other benevolent persons in Georgia who will follow Dr. Lewis's noble example?

There are thousands of men and women in the state who are far more able to give the amount than he is. If there be any such who wish to put a hundred dollars "where it will do most good" here is a splendid opportunity for them. I cannot conceive how a hundred dollars can be spent to better purpose than in this fine charity. Perhaps the loan of the money to be returned by the pupil as soon as she begins to earn money for herself, would be even better than the free gift. I can guarantee that it would be a perfectly safe investment. I should be glad to correspond fully with any good man or woman who may feel inclined to lend a favorable ear to this appeal.

Our first year, just closed, was a grand success, and the outlook for next session is promising beyond measure. Our new illustrated catalogue will be out in a few days, and will be sent to any address on application.

J. HARRIS CHAPPELL,
President Georgia Normal and Industrial College.

Dr. McDonald Was Not There.

Editor Constitution—In the report of the success of Manchester's first great day and the ceremony incident to laying the corner stone of the proposed female college, published in yesterday's Constitution, the following statement occurs:

"After a few congratulatory remarks upon the great audience, the auspicious day, the charming programme and the brilliant outlook for Manchester, Dr. Hawthorne called upon Rev. Henry McDonald to pronounce the benediction."

As the statement quoted contains an error, will you kindly say that Dr. McDonald was not present on the occasion referred to.

M. M. WELCH.

Atlanta, July 22d.

Objects to the Platform.

Jackson, Miss., July 22.—President Jamison, of the state alliance, has published his withdrawal from the congressional race in the fourth Mississippi district, represented by Clark Lewis. Mr. Jamison objects to the national democratic platform and declines to stand thereon. It is rumored that he will run as a third party candidate for congress. Congressman Lewis is a candidate for re-election, but as he favored the Ocala demands in the canvass which he made last year for Walthall's seat in the senate, democrats from that district do not take kindly to his renomination. Primaries will be held throughout the district July 30th.

VETERANS' DAY.

The Old Forty-Second Georgia at Covington Yesterday.

A TRIBUTE TO GENERAL HENDERSON.

It Was a Delightful Occasion—An Elegant Dinner Was Served and the Veterans Heard Some Good Speeches.

The old Forty-Second Georgia held its reunion at Covington yesterday.

A goodly number of veterans went down from Atlanta to enjoy the exercises and to meet with their old comrades in war.

It was a rare and splendid occasion, and the good town of Covington, famed for its hospitality, surpassed its record in the welcome it gave to the old soldiers.

It was just such a greeting as the old soldiers deserved—warm-hearted and southern—and they appreciated it fully. It came from the hearts of the crowd, and it came spontaneously.

A braver regiment never entered the field than the Forty-Second Georgia, and the courage displayed by the soldiers—especially Jordan and Athanta—under the gallant leadership of Colonel L. P. Thomas, was never surpassed by any regiment in the southern army.

The hills around Atlanta are full of the memories of the Forty-Second Georgia, where, twenty-eight years ago, in the famous battle of the 22d of July, they held their own against the enemy. Many of them fell during the day, but they

Fell Where the Battle Was Thickest,

and with their feet to the foe. There was no fear in their jackets—they were brave men, every one of them, the pick of the state, and they fought in a manner that gave a new meaning to chivalry.

It was, therefore, in accordance with the eternal fitness of things that the regiment should meet with a warm reception, and that the day should be greatly enjoyed by the old veterans.

The Meeting Yesterday.

The reunion was held in the old academy grounds, and under the cool, spreading oaks they gathered for the purpose of hearing the speakers and to carry out the programme of exercises arranged for the day. The meeting was presided over by Colonel L. P. Thomas, the colonel of the regiment. Captain J. M. Pace, the mayor of Covington, delivered a beautiful speech in behalf of the citizens, and extended to the soldiers the hospitality and privileges of the city. Colonel L. L. Middlebrooks then spoke in behalf of the veterans of Newton county and extended a soldiers welcome to the veterans. Colonel W. L. Calhoun, in behalf of the regiment, then responded in an eloquent speech in which he expressed in beautiful diction the heartfelt gratitude of the soldiers. He also delivered the annual oration, which was pronounced by the veterans who heard it a masterly and able delivery. Colonel Calhoun is not only an eloquent speaker, but a soldier of the first gallantry, and his tribute to courage was strikingly illustrated in his own personality.

In Memory of General Henderson.

After the oration by Colonel Calhoun the following memorial and resolutions upon the death of General Henderson were read:

The committee appointed at the last meeting of the Forty-second regiment of Georgia Volunteers to prepare a memorial and suitable resolutions upon the death of General Robert J. Henderson respectfully submits the following:

Amid the constant hurry and exactions of this busy age we are apt very soon to forget those of our number who have passed away, and especially so when many years have elapsed since the scenes were enacted which made them honored and beloved by us. In justice to them, as well as ourselves, this should not be so, and we should ever cherish the fondest memories of those who stood with us in that great struggle for the preservation of the government as it existed in the days of our fathers. General Henderson was born and reared in this, Newton, county, in which, by the generosity of its citizens, we have met today to hold our annual reunion—a fitting place and occasion to speak words of eulogy of her honored son.

He was of gentle birth and had ample means to afford himself and family all reasonable comforts and pleasures. The war between the states had been carried on for about a year when, feeling that his native south needed his services, he commenced the organization of a regiment. His efforts resulted in the formation of this regiment, and early in 1862 he was elected and commissioned its colonel.

It is unnecessary for me to repeat to you, his survivors and comrades, the facts in the career of General Henderson as our commander.

From Cumberland Gap to Bentonville he was with us except for a short time when wounded. His history is the history of the Forty-second Georgia. Very early he exhibited striking traits of character—such, too, as were absolutely essential for a successful military leader.

He was a strict disciplinarian and very exacting in the performance of duty, though not cruel, a fine drill master, and always kept his command under good control; was very sensitive and jealous of his own reputation, particularly that of the regiment; was brave in battle, but not rash, and was remarkably expert in managing his command on the field of battle, and in extricating it when overwhelmed by numbers; he did not forget the comfort of his men, and saw that they were provided for. In short, he was a superb soldier, of splendid appearance and a magnificent horseman. Some of these characteristics, at first, rendered him somewhat unpopular; but when it was found that the effect of his course had made, out of raw material, a splendid regiment, winning honors in almost every battle, all dissatisfaction ceased, and he was ever afterwards loved, obeyed and respected. We do not think we err in saying that whatever of reputation for bravery and efficiency the regiment achieved in the twenty-one battles in which it was engaged was in a large measure due to General Henderson. During the latter part of the war he was made a brigadier general, an event which would have happened long before but for his modesty, which was also a marked trait in his character.

The chairman of your committee will never forget him. He was in war, and in peace, one of his best friends and advisers. You comrades can never forget him. In his family relations he was pure and affectionate; in his relations with his fellow men he was true, honorable and brave. How sad that a strong, proud man, as he was, should have been stricken with an incurable malady, which though not quickly fatal, yet rendered him, in the latter part of his life, incapable of engaging in the active and pleasing duties demanded of him, and which he so much desired. He died the 28th of February, 1891

"God's finger touched him and he slept."

Some of his old companions in arms bore his remains from Atlanta to his old home and tenderly placed them in their last earthly resting place in yonder cemetery.

As expressive of our sentiments, your committee recommend these resolutions:

Resolved, That the death of General Henderson, our old commander, was received with profound sorrow and our deepest sympathy went forth to his bereaved family.

Resolved, That the south had no truer or more patriotic son and the confederate army no braver soldier.

Resolved, That we shall ever cherish his memory and never forget his fidelity to us during the hardships, privations and dangers of the mighty struggle in which we were engaged, and trust that he is today in the realms of eternal peace.

Resolved, That this memorial and these resolutions be spread on our minutes, embodied in our history and a copy furnished to the family of General Henderson.

W. L. CALHOUN, Chairman.
W. H. HULSEY,
W. T. SMITH,
Committee.

A beautiful dinner was then served in the best of style, and the veterans ate with a "coming appetite."

The Afternoon Speeches.

Reassembling after dinner speeches were made by Colonel W. H. Hulsey, Lieutenant H. Y. Snow, Colonel R. L. Rodgers and others. As a mark of respect and reverence the regiment then proceeded in a body to the grave of General Henderson, their old commander. There with their heads uncovered, they laid the old flag of the regiment and silently marched around the spot. The scene was impressive and was a beautiful tribute to the dead soldier.

It was in every respect a delightful day and will be pleasantly remembered by the old veterans. The next reunion will be held at Jug Tavern.

BAILEY IS KING,

And on the Atlanta Diamond He Reigned Yesterday.

A GREAT GAME HE PITCHED.

Atlanta Worked Hard and Played a Magnificent Game, but Could Not Win—Other Ball News.

It's King Bailey still.

And if any one doubts that he's the best pitcher in the Southern League he can—

Lose money if he has the nerve to back his judgment.

With the king in the box Macon won the game yesterday before a big audience and won it easily, thereby breaking the hearts of many Atlanta fans.

But those same fans and hundreds who are not fans are proud of Bailey. Proud of him because he belongs to a Georgia baseball team.

What Atlanta can't get she always wants Macon to have.

And Macon got it yesterday—and got it with hands down, thanks to Mr. Bailey, the man who carries a strong, deceptive left arm with him.

McLaughlin, he who wears a black, Napoleonic mustache and a white blouser, asked Mr. Bailey to start the fun for the fifteen hundred present and the king, with a smile, complied. Donaghue, who works Atlanta's left grass plat, caught the ball on the side of his bat. The ball rolled off and up and Hess reached it before it struck the ground.

That ended Mr. Donaghue's life.

Jimmy Long waited for a good ball and got first before Bailey could accommodate him. Then Hill, seeing that Long had a good start, found the sphere for two bags. Long trembled on third as Motz faced the king and without trouble came in on the long first baseman's sacrifice. Smith, however, couldn't find Bailey's curves and Hill walked away from the second as Pop struck out.

That one run made everybody love Jimmy Long more than ever.

York drove a long fly to Hill and the ball was just what Hill wanted badly. Gillen's looks pleased France and France gave him first. Joanes popped the ball up and Motz went under it, hands first. Schaub touched the hog skin and France reached for it so nicely that the German went out at first.

France's work was so good in the second that only three men came up. Two of these Graham threw out at first and the third Graham caught out on a hot liner.

France opened the third with a hit but never got beyond second to which he was advanced by Donaghue's pretty sacrifice, because Long struck out and Hill went out at first on Kirby's pretty assist.

Atlanta's run made in the first was evened by Macon in the third.

And it came this way.

Weddige led off with a hit—the first Macon got—and was sacrificed nicely to second by Bailey. Then York hit the ball and France, with a cool head, put it to third, catching Weddige. York, by quick running, beat Dixon's high throw to second and came home on Gillen's single. Gillen stole second but Joanes flew out to Smith.

Had York been caught at second Bailey would have been called down. Dixon made a great throw and a quick one to Ardner but the ball was just a little too high.

A single by Motz was all Atlanta got in the fourth but that was quickly offset by Hess's double, which, however, did no good for Macon or any hurt for Atlanta.

Ardner, Dixon and France alone faced Bailey in the fifth. The first flew out to York, the second went out the same way to Joanes and the third was called out on strikes.

Weddige's hit, France's error, Dixon's catch of York's foul fly and Dixon's pretty throw to third, which caught Weddige with Gillen's strike out, made the history of Macon's fifth.

Donaghue, Long and Hill went down before the king in the sixth. The first two dying at first and the third out in right field.

A strike out by Joanes, Schaub's fly out to Motz and Hess's death at first closed the sixth.

It was close, hard, fine ball playing along here.

Motz opened the seventh by flying out to Gillen. Smith couldn't find Bailey and struck out, but Graham came up with a pretty single. Ardner was trying to find the ball for a three-bagger when Graham was caught napping at first, and it was done nicely, too.

With two men out and two strikes on the third a double and a single gave Macon a run. Veach opened Macon's seventh with a hit to Graham and was thrown out at first. Kirby flew out to Smith and Weddige came up. With two strikes charged to him, he found a two-bager, and came home on Bailey's single. York's fly out to Hill left Bailey on first.

Ardner drove a high ball out of sight but Gillen pulled it down. Dixon flew out to Weddige and France struck out. That was Atlanta's seventh.

Gillen's single in the eighth made him gay and he tried to go to second on Joanes's bunt, but Pop Smith, with his old head, tossed the ball to Ardner, and Gillen went out. Schaub came up with a hit and Ardner's fumble and bad throw let Joanes go to third. Then Hess's double scored Joanes and sent Schaub to third. Veach hit to left and Schaub came in.

That was all Macon needed.

Donaghue, Long and Hill retired the side in the ninth, and the game stood 4 to 1 against Atlanta.

Both teams played great ball and Atlanta needn't feel sore over the loss of the game. Every member of the Atlantas played well and every one hit Bailey's delivery, but Bailey's support was simply invincible. His balls were knocked every way but a Macon fielder was always just where the ball went.

It was smiting the pig skin but without luck.

France pitched a fine game and up to the seventh only four hits were made off him. Two of them, too, were scratches. Ordinarily a man would have been where either ball went. In the seventh he was hit twice, but one of these went into an unoccupied territory. The two singles and one double in the eighth would have been one single had luck been France's way.

It was the hitting of Weddige, one of the weakest batters Macon has, that lost the game for Atlanta. Somehow he got a hit when a hit was wanted, and of the nine hits three were credited to him.

But here's the score:

ATLANTA.	AB.	R.	1B.	SB.	PO.	A.	E.
Donaghue, lf.	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Long, rf.	3	1	0	0	1	0	0
Hill, cf.	4	0	1	0	2	0	0
Motz, 1b.	3	0	1	1	11	0	0
Smith, ss.	3	0	0	0	2	1	0
Graham, 3b.	3	0	1	0	3	5	0
Ardner, 2b.	3	0	0	0	1	2	1
Dixon, c.	3	0	0	0	3	1	0
France, p.	3	0	1	0	0	3	1
Total.	29	1	4	1	24	12	2

MACON.	AB.	R.	1B.	SB.	PO.	A.	E.
York, cf.	4	1	0	1	2	0	0
Gillen, ss.	3	0	2	1	3	1	0
Joanes, lf.	4	1	0	0	1	0	0
Schaub, rf.	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
Hess, c.	4	0	2	0	7	0	0
Veach, 1b.	4	0	0	0	9	0	0
Kirby, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1	3	1
Weddige, 2b.	3	1	1	0	3	3	0
Bailey, p.	3	0	1	0	0	3	0
Total.	33	4	9	2	27	10	1

Score by innings:
Atlanta. . . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Macon. . . . . 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 2 *—4

Summary—Earned run, Macon, 1; two base hits, Hill, Hess 2, Weddige; double plays, Gillen and Weddige; bases on balls, off France 2, off Bailey 1; struck out, by France 2, by Bailey 6; time of game, one hour and thirty minutes; umpire, McLaughlin.

The Game Today.

The game today will close the present series between Atlanta and Macon.

And it will be the last game of the present season.

Both teams will try hard to pull in the game, and the contest will be worth seeing. Acting Manager Smith will pitch Colcolough and Schabel will catch him. Schmidt feels mighty sore over his defeat Thursday and wants to go in today, and the chances are that he will be given an opportunity to redeem the crown. If Schmidt don't pitch Hart will.

The teams will be:

ATLANTA.	POSITION.	MACON.
Colcolough.	Pitcher.	Schmidt or Hart
Schabel.	Catcher.	Schaub or Hess
Motz.	First Base.	Veach
Ardner.	Second Base.	Weddige
Graham.	Third Base.	Kirby
Smith.	Shortstop.	Gillen
Donaghue.	Left Field.	Joanes
Hill.	Center Field.	York
Long.	Right Field.	Butler

Mobile Beats Montgomery.

Montgomery, Ala., July 22.—(Special.)—Mobile won the game from Montgomery in the first inning today, the Gulf City boys slugging the life out of Tommie Gillen. After three singles and a three-bagger were made off Gillen in the first, which with a base on balls, brought in six runs, Levis called Tommie out of the box and put Herr in to finish the game. The sluggers made seven scattered hits off of Herr's delivery. Wittrock's delivery was too much for the locals and only five safe hits were made off him.

Score by innings:
Montgomery 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2. H. 4, E. 3
Mobile .....6 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 *—7. H. 11, E. 2

Summary—Earned runs, Mobile 3; two-base hits, Conley, Langford, Lutenburg; three-base hits, Langford, Hazen; double plays, Dunn to Welkart to Conley, Hays to Lutenberg; bases on balls, Gillen 1, Wittrock 3; struck out, Wittrock 2; wild pitches, Gillen 1, Herr 1. Time of game—one hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Taylor.

A Slugging Match.

Memphis, July 22.—(Special.)—The Memphis team woke up today and slugged Pitcher Ortman's balls all over the field, and although making errors and fielding poorly, were able to win by a score of 12 to 8. In six successive innings Memphis scored and in the fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh New Orleans did likewise. Errors of their opponents enabled the visitors to score most of their runs. In the third inning Kearns knocked the ball down the right foul line, and while Powell was hunting for it in the long grass Kearns trotted around the bases. In the fourth the bases were filled with Memphis men and O'Connor got home on Moss's bunt and Bolan's two-bagger brought in Keith and Moss. A base on balls, Adams's hit and Smith's two-bagger earned a run for New Orleans in the fourth, and a passed ball a minute later added two more runs. The score:
Memphis. . . .0 0 1 3 2 4 1 1 0—12. H 16, E 8
New Orleans. . .0 0 0 3 2 2 1 0 0—8. H 8, E 7

Batteries—Sherwood and Bolan; Ortman, F. Adams and McKie.

Earned runs—Memphis, 1; New Orleans, 1. Two-base hits—Smith. Three-base hits—Parks, Bolan. Home run—Kearns. Stolen bases—Memphis, 8; New Orleans, 4. Double plays—Keith and Bolan; Miles and Stouch. Base on balls—Memphis, 2; New Orleans, 6. Hit by pitched ball—Phelan, Stouch. Struck out—By Sherwood, 5; Ortman, 5. Passed balls—Adams, 1; Bolan, 1. Wild pitches—Sherwood, 2. Time—2:15. Umpire—Mr. Graves.

Friend Pitched This Game.

Birmingham, July 22.—(Special.)—The champions received a drubbing of the first water to the tune of 6 to 3. The Blues had their batting clothes on and found a Friend in the Chattanooga twirler whose first name is Danny. Of the ten hits one wasn home run, and another a two-bagger. Gans scored in the first on a base on balls, a wild pitch and the catcher's error. Chattanooga scored McCann and Sommers on hits, a wild throw to second and Niles's error. Birmingham scored again in the fourth and in the fifth. The victory was clinched by Sweeney's home run while Klusman was on first. Chattanooga got one more in the eighth on a hit and Mauck's muff and a wild throw. Chattanooga closes the season here tomorrow.

Score by innings:
Birmingham 1 0 0 1 2 0 0 2 0—6. H. 10, E. 7
Chattanooga 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3. H. 5, E. 4

Batteries—Bell and Kelner, Friend and Sommers.

Summary—Earned runs, Birmingham 3; two-base hits, Mauck; home run, Sweeney; bases on balls, off Bell 2, off Friend 3; hit by pitched balls, Gans, Broderick, Niles; struck out, by Bell 8, by Friend 4; wild pitch, Friend; passed balls, Sommers 1.

How the Clubs Stand.

The games yesterday made no change in the standing of the clubs. Chattanooga still leads, with Montgomery second, while Macon and Memphis are still tied for last place. The standing is:

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Chattanooga.	80	51	29	.638
Montgomery.	83	50	33	.602
Mobile.	81	44	37	.543
Birmingham.	77	38	39	.494
New Orleans.	76	34	42	.447
Atlanta.	80	35	45	.438
Memphis.	78	32	46	.410
Macon.	78	32	46	.410

Baseball in Sandersville.

Sandersville, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—A beautiful and highly interesting game of baseball was played here this afternoon between the Wrightsville and Sandersville teams. Lawson's curves were too much for the visitors, and fifteen retired before his puzzlers. The feature of the game was Gilmore's timely high fly running catch in left. Boyer received great applause by a fine catch in right. Roughton hit Wrightsville for a home run. The score resulted 12 to 2 in favor of the locals. Umpire—Mr. Prichard.

BIG LEAGUE GAMES.

At New York—
New York ..0 0 1 6 1 0 1 0 0—9. H. 10, E. 0
St. Louis ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1. H. 9, E. 2

Batteries—Crane and Doyle, Carruthers and Buckley.

At Baltimore—
Baltimore ..1 0 7 3 1 0 0 0 6—18. H. 16, E. 2
Louisville ..1 2 1 0 0 0 2 1 0— 8. H. 15, E. 4

Batteries—McMahon and Robinson, Weaver and Viau.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia ..0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1. H. 8, E. 4
Cleveland ....2 0 1 0 0 4 0 0 0—7. H. 7, E. 2

Batteries—Cuppy and Zimmer, Weyhing and Clements.

At Brooklyn—
Cincinnati. . . .1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0—3. H 10, E 2
Brooklyn. . . . .0 0 0 0 2 0 4 0 0—6. H 10, E 3

Batteries—Chamberlain and Harrington; Haddock and Kinslow.

At Boston—
Boston. . . . . .2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—3. H 7, E 3
Chicago. . . . . .0 1 1 4 0 0 0 0 0—6. H 9, E 4

Batteries—Nichols and Kelly; Hutchinson and Schriver.

Diamond Dust.

Gillen, Weddige and Veach made a pretty double in the fourth, Motz and Graham being the victims.

Friend pitched for Chattanooga yesterday and Birmingham won the game.

Bumpus Jones, who pitched Joliet in the last season's race will go to Macon.

Hank O'Day, who pitched for Savannah in 1886, will probably join Birmingham this week.

Kirby made Macon's only error and that was made in the second inning.

York is managing the Macon team during George Burbridge's absence.

Two singles and a double made Weddige's batting record yesterday.

Hill, Motz, Graham and France did Atlanta's stick work yesterday.

Ike Flatan watched the game from a box yesterday and like every one else was pleased with Bailey's work.

Chattanooga people are now digging a deep hole for the pennant pole.

A big crowd will be out today to see the rubber played.

Frost, Mobile's new catcher, is doing some mighty good work.

The Macon visitors will be out in full force this afternoon.

CITY NOTES.

Bailiff O'Shields was yesterday arrested by Sheriff Morrow. The charge preferred against the bailiff was for selling the property of Mrs. Doore before the expiration of ten days. The sale was not a criminal act, however, and the bailiff will come out of the difficulty without any trouble.

Messrs. Scott & Battle were placed in the hands of Sheriff Morrow yesterday. The petition for a temporary receiver was filed by Mrs. Scott and was granted by Judge Clark. The parties own a wood yard on Fraser street below the jail, and falling out in regard to a settlement they appeal to the court to settle the difficulty.

Mr. Sidney Root received an invitation yesterday from the world's Columbian commission to attend the dedication of the buildings in Jackson Park on the 14th of next October. Mr. J. W. Root, his talented son, who died a few months ago, was the principal architect of the building, and one of the prime movers in the undertaking. The invitation is beautifully printed and is the first one that has been received in Atlanta.

For excellent reasons no meeting of the Atlanta Horticultural Society was held Wednesday. A meeting will be held today at 10 o'clock and it is hoped that grape growers and vegetable growers will be there to report on the condition of their crops. The contestants for the tomato prizes are expected also to report.

FULTON DEMOCRATS.

The Primary for Delegates to Occur Tuesday.

THERE WILL BE SOME FUN.

All the Tickets Have Been Announced, and Now the Campaign Will Begin in Dead Earnest.

The democrats of Fulton county are stirring themselves to action.

Next Tuesday is the day fixed by the county executive democratic committee for holding a primary to select delegates to the congression convention of the Fifth district, and likewise also to elect delegates to the state convention which meets August 10th.

The tickets of delegates are already in the field.

The ticket for Judge Hillyer was announced yesterday. The names to be voted for in the interest of Judge Hillyer are as follows:

Samuel B. Hoyt, A. Q. Adams, D. J. Baker, S. M. White, R. W. McCown, W. S. Thompson, Aaron Haas, E. T. Allen, John A. Corbally, John H. Mecaslin, James R. Wylie, W. J. Garrett.

Above the ticket the following announcement was made:

"The following named gentlemen, if elected at the primary on Tuesday next, 26th instant, as delegates to represent the county of Fulton in the approaching democratic congressional convention in this district, will support the candidacy of George Hillyer and vote in the convention for his nomination."

Colonel Hulsey's Men.

The friends of Colonel Hulsey have put forth the following ticket of delegates in his behalf:

R. C. Mitchell, Arnold Broyles, W. T. Gentry, Jacob Haas, John L. Tye, J. S. McLendon, J. E. Nabell, John Colvin, George W. Hawkins, A. McD. Wilson, R. F. Griffin, Charles Northen.

These tickets are well arranged. They are all well-known and popular men, those on Judge Hillyer's ticket and those on Colonel Hulsey's.

The primary will be held Tuesday, 26th instant. The polls will be open in the city wards from 7 o'clock a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m; at Cook's and Blackhall precincts from 7 o'clock a. m. until 3 o'clock p. m. In the country districts the polls will only be opened from 10 o'clock a. m. until 3 o'clock p. m.

This primary is going to be no tame affair if present conditions carry any weight. There will be considerable life in the election and a precious deal of excitement and agitation and fun.

Colonel Hulsey and Judge Hillyer are waging a vigorous campaign of it, not only here in Fulton, but out in the other counties of the district. They were both out of the city yesterday. Colonel Hulsey was at Conyers with his old soldier boys yesterday. He couldn't stay away when the boys who wore the gray were gathering at their reunion, and besides he was down on the programme for a speech.

He said last night that he never spent a more enjoyable day than that at Covington with his old fellow confederates. "Of course," said he, "there was no politics in it. It was just a good, old time sociable that we had, free from political issues, political strife and political excitement."

Colonel Hulsey says he gets such assurances from his friends in Newton, DeKalb, Rockdale and Walton as make him believe he will carry those counties. His friends are actively at work in each of the counties of the district, and they all are elated at the outlook for their favorite candidate.

Judge Hillyer's friends are also astir.

To the State Convention.

At the primary to be held Tuesday, 26th instant, to select delegates to the state convention the following delegates, if elected, will cast the vote of Fulton county for W. J. Northen, governor, and all the present statehouse officers, and our county man, W. C. Glenn, for attorney general:

Hoke Smith, James W. English, W. H. Venable, John B. Goodwin, Josiah Carter, P. J. Moran, L. Z. Rosser, Aaron Haas, B. F. Walker, James M. Moore, J. J. Falvey, Wheeler Mangum.

This is a very popular ticket and will doubtless prove so at the polls. No other ticket to the state convention is announced.

COLORED METHODISTS.

The Griffin Conference in Session in This City—What Has Been Done.

The Griffin district conference of north Georgia has been in session for the past two days at St. Paul African Methodist Episcopal church on Humphries street.

Great interest has been manifested in this conference and much valuable information has been gained through its proceedings. Rev. A. J. Miller is the president of this body and Revs. P. G. Simmons, N. L. Holmes and Mr. Obadiah Adams are the secretaries. The reports given show much progress. Prominent among those who have attended the sessions and delivered able addresses on the subjects at hand are Bishops H. M. Turner and A. Grant, Drs. C. S. Smith, secretary Sunday School Union, Nashville, Tenn.; S. H. Robertson, secretary and treasurer of Morris Brown college; Revs. R. A. Hall, presiding elder, Atlanta district; W. Newman, of the Macon conference; J. H. Adams, pastor of the church in which the conference is held; E. W. Lee, M.A., of Griffin; R. R. Downs and J. A. Cary, both of this city; also Mr. T. L. Kennedy. The district conference will not probably adjourn before Monday morning. The Sunday school convention was opened and organized yesterday afternoon immediately after the adjournment of the conference.

THE CONTRACT SIGNED YESTERDAY.

An Elegant New Building Will Be Erected for the Spellman Institute.

The Spellman institute is to have a new building.

It will be an elegant structure of brick and marble and will cost completed the round sum of $53,000.

The number of teachers in the institute last year was over forty and the attendance of scholars was 883.

A new building for the next year is, therefore, a necessity in order to accommodate the increased attendance.

There are already eight buildings on the campus, and the new one, in size and appointments, will be far ahead of the others.

The architect for the building is Mr. William Howe, of New York, and the contractor, Mr. Nicholas Ittner, of Atlanta.

The papers were signed up yesterday afternoon and the work will commence immediately.

HE CLUNG TO THE DASHBOARD.

A Suit for $3,000 Filed in the City Court Yesterday.

Mrs. Ella McNeil, in behalf of her little boy, Tommie, yesterday brought suit against the Consolidated Street Railroad Company.

The amount of damages claimed in the petition is $3,000.

Mrs. McNeil set out in her declaration that Tommie was playing in front of the Houston street school when the car came up, without signal or warning. He was standing between the rails and seeing the car too late to get out of the way he made a clutch for the dashboard and clung to the moving car.

He was badly injured by the shock and was confined to his bed for several weeks.

The suit was filed by Messrs. L. P. Skein and W. P. Andrews.

How is Your Blood?

I had a malignant breaking out on my leg below the knee, and was cured sound and well with two and a half bottles of S S S. Other blood medicines had failed to do me any good. WILL C. BEATTY, Yorkville, S. C.

I was troubled from childhood with an aggravated case of Tetter, and three bottles of S S S cured me permanently. WALLACE MANN, Maysville, I. T.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SOON TO DIE.

The Brilliant Career of Mr. John W. Fain About to Be Cut Short.

Mr. John W. Fain, the only son of Judge John N. Fain, of this city, is very low with fever at his home in Calhoun, Ga.

His death is expected hourly. John Fain is one of the brightest young men at the Georgia bar, and his ability has been of such a high character as to readily win him recognition. He has many friends in Atlanta who watch anxiously for some cheering news from his bedside.

He is yet a young man, and gifted beyond his fellows, he gave promise of rising to great eminence in his profession. So great was his devotion to the law that last week while suffering from the disease which was just seizing him, he delivered an able argument in a case, and had to be carried home. It was possibly his last. He is at the home of Judge J. C. Calhoun, his law partner.

SOCIAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Mrs. Ethel Hillyer Harris and Miss Mamie Hillyer, of Rome, are in the city, guests of Mrs. Harry L. Schlesinger, 109 West Peachtree street. Both ladies are fascinating and accomplished, while Mrs. Harris has won no small amount of fame as an author.

***

Mr. Edgar Dunlap, the popular and handsome manager of the Americus, Ga., Guano Company, is in the city, the guest of friends. Mr. Dunlap is well known in this city and he always receives the heartiest welcome at the hands of his acquaintances here.

***

The approaching nuptials of Miss Nell Howard Waring, of Cement, Ga., is an item of much interest all over the south. Miss Waring is one of Georgia's most fascinating society women, clever, distinguished looking and lovable. The friends bidden to this wedding are indeed fortunate, for it is not to be a very large affair, but very elegant. Miss Waring's beautiful country home, Annandale, will be thrown open to a fashionable houseparty a few days before the wedding, at which will be gathered the intimate friends and relatives of the bride and groom. Colonel Waring's home has been noted always for its old-fashioned and graceful hospitality, showing how the genial host was "to the manner born" in antebellum days, and still keeps up the regime. The wedding ceremony will be performed by Bishop Cleland Kinloch Nelson, of Georgia.

***

Carrollton, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—Mr. S. O. King, a young business man of Carrollton, and Miss Izora King, a belle of Bowdon, were married at the beautiful home of the bride, Hon. C. W. King. Rev. G. W. Colquitt, of Palmetto, Ga., officiated. The couple left for a bridal tour east.

Mr. S. B. Gaston, of Carrollton, and Mrs. L. E. Chandler, of Elberton, Ga., were married today by Rev. John R. Parker, at the residence of Colonel J. J. Gaston, of this city.

***

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Bates, Miss Annie L. Bates and Miss Sallie Hunnicutt have returned home after a delightful trip to Cincinnati, Chicago, Waukesha, Denver and Colorado Springs.

***

Mrs. Colonel J. W. Avery has been quite ill for several days, and her daughter, Mrs. William Wilkins, of Greenville, S. C., is visiting her.

***

Mrs. F. L. Stanton has returned home after a pleasant visit to Cumberland.

***

Among the many guests at the Wigwam are Mrs. John J. Woodside, Miss Lillian R. Woodside, Master John J. Woodside, Jr., and Miss Lizzie Roberts, who will spend two weeks at Indian Springs. Miss Roberts is one of the most charming young ladies that has visited the spring this season.

Why Is It That Everybody Goes to Cumberland Island?

Because Cumberland island is situated in a grove. The only hotel on the Atlantic coast that is so situated. Because there is no place on the Atlantic coast where you have the combined advantages of hunting, fishing, boating and bathing. The family rate in effect each Wednesday and Saturday during the present month of $6 from Atlanta and $4 from Macon, limited eight days from date of sale, five or more persons to use one solid ticket, meets the demands of the public and is appreciated as is evidenced by the liberal patronage received. sat sun mon.

HE WORE DIAMONDS,

And He Dressed Very Flashily, and Now—

THE DETECTIVES ARE AFTER HIM.

Joe Steele Is Charged with Signing His Employer's Name to Two Checks. He Has Skipped.

Joe L. Steele, a city drummer for Montag Bros., wholesale stationers, is being searched for by the police.

Steele is a young man about twenty-seven years of age, strikingly handsome and a most capable business man. He has been in Atlanta nearly all his life, and is a nephew of one of the wealthiest bankers in the city. For years he traveled for a New York stationery house, through the south, and was a first-class salesman. Personally very agreeable, his sales were always large. Two years ago he began work as city salesman for Montag Bros., now and then making visits to neighboring towns. He had full charge of collecting all the bills he sold and was entrusted with his firm's funds to any amount.

Last Tuesday Steele went to B. Carlton, the Whitehall street jeweler, and deposited with him a diamond pin as collateral for a loan. Later he purchased a gold watch from Carlton on credit. Wednesday he went to Mr. Carlton to pay for the watch and tendered a check for $20.70. It was made payable to him, and was drawn on the Capital City Bank by his employers. Mr. Carlton was suspicious of the genuineness of the paper and went with Steele to the bank to get it cashed.

The paying teller very readily pronounced it a forgery, as Montag Bros. had printed their name on the top of all their checks.

Steele was badly embarrassed and returned Mr. Carlton his watch and diamond pin and hurriedly left. The matter was at once reported to his employers, but with the fullest of confidence in Steele's integrity they waited for him to show up at the office. But he kept out of the way and yesterday morning the matter was turned over to the city detectives. Detective Joe Green was detailed to search for Steele, but has been unable to find him.

Steele has a large amount of papers belonging to Montag Bros. in his charge—between $500 and $1,000, which he had to collect.

A forged check for $15, which had been cashed, was found at one of the banks yesterday.

Steele is a very festive fellow, and always dressed in "the latest." He is the young man who figured in a sensation at Macon two years ago, being, as he claimed, knocked down and robbed of a considerable sum of money. His mother is a widow, residing on Hood street. He has a brother here who is highly thought of.

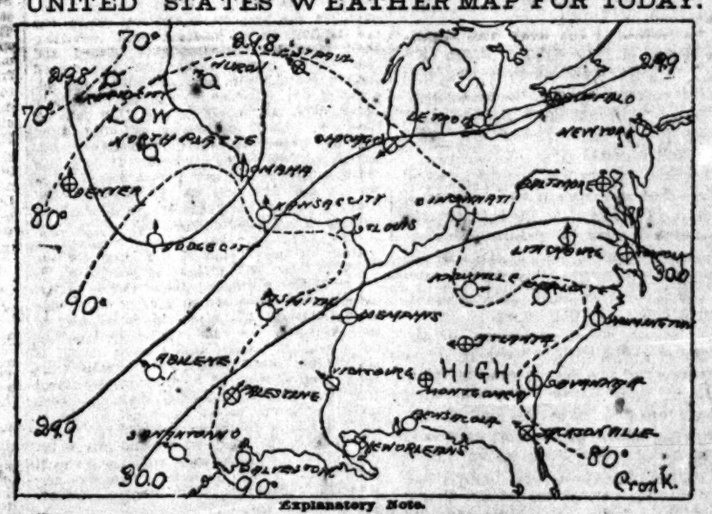
Thrown from His Horse.

Stone Mountain, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—While driving his thoroughbred Texan, Calico Charley, Hon. James M. Goldsmith was thrown out with violence, making an impression on mother earth and spraining his right hand.

The report of the sale of the property at the corner of Broad and Marietta streets, known as the "Gem" corner, was a mistake. The property belongs to Mrs. Bell and has not been sold.

LOST—A small gold watch with the inscription, "Bessie Hogan from Papa." Lost between Union depot and 41 Powers street. Liberal reward paid for recovery at my store, 138 Peachtree.

UNITED STATES WEATHER MAP FOR TODAY.



Explanatory Note.

The weather symbols on the map are as follows:

○ CLEAR ◐ FAIR ● CLOUDY ◉ RAIN ⊜ SNOW

Arrows fly with the wind. Dotted lines traverse regions of equal temperature. Figures at the ends show the degree of heat. Unbroken lines traverse regions of equal barometric pressure. Figures at the end of an unbroken line, as 29.9, 30.0, 30.1, etc., show that the air along the line if high enough to balance that many inches of mercury. Areas of high pressure are accompanied by a clear atmosphere, and "lows" by a moist air, clouds and rain.

Friday was a fair day in nearly all parts of the country. A few local showers fell in Georgia, and some of the other states, were not confined to any topographical position of the country, and none were heavy.

Warm weather prevailed in all sections. The highest temperatures were recorded in the region lying between the Rockies and the Mississippi. Yesterday Atlanta had a maximum of 90 degrees; New York, 88 degrees, and at St. Louis, Omaha and Denver, the thermometer registered several degrees above 90.

The low barometer remains in the northwest, and the high barometer in the southeast, and together will probably continue to cause warm southerly winds.

Today generally fair though light showers are to be expected in some portions of the state; continued high temperature.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AT WHOLESALE BY THE TRADE GENERALLY.

$10, $12, $15, $18

BUYS SUITS NOW THAT WERE

$15, $18, $20 AND $25.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

SUMMER COATS AND VESTS

—AND—

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.

A. Rosenfeld & Son.

EVERYTHING IN MEN'S ATTIRE.

24 Whitehall Street, Corner Alabama.

Col. W. H. Hulsey

CANDIDATE

FOR CONGRESS.

Primary Election, Tuesday, July 26th, 1892.

Polls open in the city wards from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Cooks and Blackhall from 7 a. m. to 3 p. m. Country districts from 10 a. m. to 3 p. m.

Colonel Hulsey's delegates to be elected will be:
R. C. MITCHELL,
ARNOLD BROYLES,
W. T. GENTRY,
JACOB HAAS,
JOHN L. TYE,
J. S. M'LENDON,
J. E. NABELL,
JOHN COLVIN,
GEORGE W. HAWKINS,
A. McD. WILSON,
R. J. GRIFFIN,
CHARLES NORTHEN.
sat sun tues



july 14 to nov 1 n r m

Bile Beans

Small

Positively cure Sick-headache. 40 to the bottle. Price 25c. Reliable, Economical. Sold by druggists.

july7-d mon tues wed fri sat N R M

AMUSEMENTS

OPERA HOUSE

FAREWELL

—TO—

FAY AND THE WIDOWS.

"ERMINIE"

At the Matinee.

"Royal Middy" Tonight.

Notwithstanding the tremendous cost of this wonderful aggregation, the prices remain 15 to 50 cents. Tickets on sale at Miller's.

EDGEWOOD AVENUE THEATER.

SIXTH CONSECUTIVE WEEK.

Commencing Monday, July 18th.
Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

MACCOLLIN OPERA COMPANY

In a grand spectacular production of

THE MERRY WAR,

By Johann Strauss (the waltz king).

Brilliant Marches,
Handsome Costumes,
Special Scenery.

Popular prices: 15c, 25c, 50c. Seats on sale at Bolles & Brueckner's book store.
In preparation, "SAID PASHA."

WE HAVE THE PRETTIEST LINE

—OF—

STERLING SILVERWARE

IN THE CITY.

Maier & Berkele,

93 Whitehall St.

an amuse

GO TO

38 and 40 Walton St.

And see the most complete stock of Phaetons, Buggies and Vehicles generally, ever brought to Atlanta. Prices are right.

Standard Wagon Co.,

OF GEORGIA.

CLAUDE L. LEYDEN, Treasurer

july15—d1y mod n r m

GET YOUR **PRINTING,** Blank Books, Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Binding, Electrotyping, etc., etc., of

JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.,

(The Franklin Publishing House.)
Blank Printers, Atlanta, Ga.

MEETINGS.

Atlanta, Ga., July 18, 1892.—Stockholders' Meeting. A special meeting of stockholders of the Atlanta Suburban Land Co. is hereby called for Monday afternoon, 25th instant, 4 o'clock, at 36 East Alabama street.
AARON HAAS, President.
H. H. BROWN, Secretary.
July 19 5-t.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 22, 1892.

Atlanta Clearing Association Statement.

Clearings today........................$ 308,332.12
For 4 days.............................. 1,472,518.88

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

New York exchange buying at par selling at $1.50@$2.00 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years	98	100	Atlanta 6s, L. D.	110	
New Ga. 3½s, 35 to 40 years	99½	100½	Atlanta 4s, S. D.	100	
New Ga. 4½s, 1915	109	112	Atlanta 5s, L. D.	100	
Georgia 7s, 1896	102		Atlanta 4½s	97	
Savannah 5s	103½		Augusta 7s, L. D.	107	
Atlanta 8s, 1902	120		Macon 6s	111½	
Atlanta 7s, 1904	113		Columbus 5s		
Atlanta 7s, 1899	108½		Rome graded	104	
			Waterworks 6s	102	
			Rome 5s	98	

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

Atlanta Nat'l	350		Lowry B'k Co	160	150
Atlanta B. Co	121	125	Atlanta Trust & Banking Co	100	103
Ger L'n & B. Co.	100	102	Am'n Banking & Trust Co	100	
Merch. Bank	150		South'n Bank'g & Trust Co	100	103
Bank S. of Ga.	150				
Gate City Nat.	145				
Capital City	125	130			

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 6s, 1897	100	Ga. Pacific, 1st.	98	100
Ga. 6s, 1910	110	Ga. Pacific, 2d.		
Ga. 6s, 1922	112	A. P. & L., 1st 7s.	101	
Central 7s, 1893	101½	Mari'ta & N. G.	85	
Char. Col. & A.	100	S., A. & M., 1st.	75	78
At. & Florida				

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	168		Aug. & Sav.	129	
Southwestern	92		A. & W. P.	101	102½
Central	56		do deben	90	—
Cent. deben		40	E. At. L'nd Co.	101	

THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The stock market today was less animated and prices moved in narrower limits throughout the day except in a few specialties, which were subjected to stimulus from the inside, and business done, dwindled steadily, gradually getting back to the dullness which has been so oppressive during the last two months. Burlington was inclined to weakness, but it declined only a small fraction and that was afterward partially recovered, while in Vanderbilts positive strength was seen and Lake Shore in particular led the list in point of strength. The market, after the decline in Burlington, settled down to its old condition of dullness with only slight fractions, and those in no particular direction, and considering the developments of the day the market exhibited remarkable strength throughout the session. Even Burlington was only slightly changed at the close. Among the specialties to show material advances were Manhattan and Linseed Oil, but the final change of neither were important, while one weak spot in the market was Colorado Coal, which retired on realizations, scoring a final loss of 1 5-8. The market finally closed dull and steady at irregular but slight changes for the day. Sales of listed stocks, 123,000; unlisted, 20,000 shares.

Exchange quiet and steady at 486@489½; commercial bills 486½@488.

Money easy at 1½@2, closing offered at 1½.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $88,028,093; currency, $13,217,000.

Governments dull but firm; 4s 116.

State bonds dull but steady.

Ala., Class A, 2 to 5	100	N. Y. Central	113¼
do., Class B, 5s	105	Norfolk & West. pref.	43½
N. C. con. 6s	124½	Northern Pacific	20¼
do. 4s	99	do. preferred	55⅞
S. C. con. Brown	95	Pacific Mail	33⅛
Tennessee 6s	107	Reading	60
Tennessee 5s	101	Rich. & W. P. Ter.	8
Tenn. settlement 3s	74	Rock Island	80½
Virginia 6s	35	St. Paul	82⅜
Virginia consols	55	do. preferred	126
Chicago and N. W.	117¼	Texas Pacific	9
do. preferred	143	Tenn. Coal & Iron	33
Del. and Lack.	156⅜	Union Pacific	38
Erie	26⅜	N. J. Central	136
East Tenn., new	4½	Missouri Pacific	58⅜
Lake Shore	134⅜	Western Union	93⅜
Louisville & Nash	69⅞	Cotton Oil Trust	39⅜
Memphis & Char	50	Brunswick	6
Mobile & Ohio	27	Mobile & Ohio 4s	64
Nash. & Chat.	88½	Silver certificates	87
Texas Pacific 1st	80	Sugar	102¼

*Ex-dividend.

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Stock Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, July 22.—The activity and animation that marked the trading in stocks yesterday were sadly wanting today.

Prices opened steady with Europe a seller of about 4,000 shares. A little short stock was covered in Louisville and Nashville and Atchison, this probably being the last of a line of shorts which the prominent bears had outstanding. The only real strong feature of the market was Lake Shore, which advanced on good buying and which we consider cheap for investment. The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy has served a formal notice of its withdrawal from the Western Traffic Association and this, to our minds, means the death of that body. Some people think the affair can be patched up before the October meeting, as the feeling between several of the roads is very bitter. Passenger rates are more or less demoralized and the Atchison has made a rate of $12 from Chicago to Denver and return on account of the triennial conclave of the Knights Templar. The Trans-Missouri Association ordered a rate of $28.50, but as they favored the other roads cutting below this rate, the Atchison used this plan for forcing the fight.

Reading especially and the Coalers in general were heavy. So many suits are pending that some people are selling out their stock. The traders are again in full control and are working the market for eighths and quarters.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 22

Local—Market steady: middling 6⅞c.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
July	7.13@7.15	7.16@7.17
August	7.17@....	7.17@7.18
September	7.25@....	7.25@7.26
October	7.33@7.34	7.35@7.36
November	7.44@....	7.44@7.45
December	7.53@....	7.54@7.55
January	7.61@7.62	7.63@7.64
February	7.70@7.72	7.72@7.73
March	7.79@7.81	7.81@7.82

Closed quiet; sales 77,000 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS.		EXPORTS.		STOCK.	
	1892	1891	1892	1891	1892	1891
Saturday	1551	741	1850	1059	483638	244904
Monday	1856	1632	4965	4964	484819	250587
Tuesday	3540	2297	519	2544	490675	250162
Wednesday	473	1257	1942	726	488075	247698
Thursday	6847	1433	3072	1708	491962	244525
Friday	664	1844	5783	3267	487455	245430
Total	14911	9204	18574	12763		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	7.21	July	6.87
February	7.29	August	6.87
March	7.37	September	6.92
April		October	6.99
May		November	7.06
June		December	7.13

Closed quiet; sales 12,300 bales.

NEW YORK, July 22—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today.

Net receipts at all United States ports	14,911
Same time last year	9,624
Showing an increase	5,287
Total receipts	7,031,676
Same time last year	6,878,086
Showing an increase	153,390
Exports for the week	18,574
Same time last year	12,763
Showing an increase	5,811
Total exports to date	5,726,409
Same time last year	5,680,240
Showing an increase	46,169
Stock at United States ports	487,455
Same time last year	245,430
Showing an increase	242,025
Stock at interior towns	47,675
Same time last year	24,715
Showing an increase	22,960
Stock at Liverpool	1,521,000
Same time last year	1,045,000
Showing an increase	476,000
American cotton afloat for Great Britain	20,000
Same time last year	23,000
Showing a decrease	3,000

NEW YORK, July 22—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all United States ports since September 1, 1891:

Galveston	1,140,687
New Orleans	2,478,271
Mobile	284,389
Savannah	1,019,008
Charleston	509,365
Wilmington	181,116
Norfolk	519,268
Baltimore	85,272
New York	164,814
Boston	146,421
Newport News	29,743
Philadelphia	85,789
West Point	334,822
Brunswick	183,796
Velasco	2,694
Total	7,031,676

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, July 22—The slight decline in Liverpool was quickly recovered, and the market close very steady at a shade better than the closing quotations of yesterday. This improvement is due to the continued demand from spinners. Their purchases today amount to 8,000 bales, and is accepted as bearing out our cable advices that the threatened strike would not occur. Our market shows wonderful strength in the face of the threatened legislation; and we have seldom witnessed so general a disposition to buy cotton. There is no positive information from Washington as to the time of adjournment. The evident purpose of the opponents of this legislation appears to be to discuss fully all the questions involved. It is thought this discussion will occupy the entire time of the senate, and that a vote on this measure this session is as yet doubtful. From a cotton point of view the advices coming to hand from the south favor advancing prices. The temper of the trade is also bullish, and unless unforeseen circumstances occur in Washington it seems probable that the market will slowly creep upward. During the afternoon the market lost a portion of the extreme advance on the receipt of rumors from Washington that the anti-option bill would pass. Later advices from Liverpool say that another meeting was held in Manchester recommending short time and a reduction in operatives' wages. We hear of offers to New England spinners of new cotton from Texas for shipment within the next fortnight. Under the provisions of the Hatch bill this character of business is prohibited unless a license fee has been paid. The market closed quiet with little disposition to enter into fresh engagements, but the tendency of prices continues upward, and unless we have bad news from Washington a further advance will follow.

J. S. Bache & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, July 22—The market was steady all day with a firm undertone, although the trade was intensely dull, and this is one of the dullest days we have had for a long time. The report that the federation of master cotton spinners recommended a 10 per cent reduction in the wages of operatives and the mills be run on short time had no effect, although a reduction in wages would cause a strike. As a whole, the market was featureless but firm, and there is very little desire to trade pending the final outcome of the action of the senate.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, July 22—12:15 p.m.—Cotton spot steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 3 15-16; sales 8,000 bales; American 6,600; speculation and export 1,500; receipts 12,000; American 11,500; uplands low middling clause July and August delivery —; August and September delivery 3 55-64; September and October delivery —; October and November delivery 3 60-64; November and December delivery 3 62-64; December and January delivery 4 2-64; January and February delivery 4 5-64; futures opened quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, July 22—4:00 p. m. — Uplands low middling clause July delivery 3 55-64, 3 56-64; July and August delivery 3 55-64, 3 56-64; August and September delivery 3 56-64, sellers; September and October delivery 3 58-64, 3 59-64; October and November delivery 3 61-64, 3 62-64; November and Decmber delivery 4, buyers; December and January delivery 4 3-64, sellers; January and February delivery 4 5-64, 4 6-64; futures closed firm.

NEW YORK, July 22—Cotton steady; sales 2,441 bales; middling uplands 7¼; Orleans 7⅜; net receipts none; gross 390; stock 305,968.

Weekly—Net receipts 387; gross 6,955; exports to Great Britain 700; to France 75; to continent 1,441; forwarded 1,778; sales 10,322; to spinners 5,486.

GALVESTON, July 22—Cotton quiet; middling 7; net receipts 299 bales; gross 299; sales 499; stock 17,772.

Weekly—Net receipts 447; gross 447; sales 59; to spinners 43; exports coastwise 705.

NORFOLK, July 22—Cotton steady; middling 7⅛; net receipts 37 bales; gross 37; sales 355; stock 4,197.

Weekly—Net receipts 119; gross 119; sales 457; exports coastwise 50.

BALTIMORE, July 22—Cotton nominal; middling 7⅜; net receipts none bales; gross 2,000 sales none; to; spinners —; stock 10,499.

Weekly—Net receipts 3,782; gross 10,914; sales none; to spinners —; exports to Great Britain 929; to continent 249.

BOSTON, July 22—Cotton dull; middling 7¼; net receipts 199 bales; gross 353; sales none; stock none.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,410; gross 2,840; sales none; exports to Great Britain 2,044.

WILMINGTON, July 22—Cotton quiet; middling 6⅞; net receipts 62 bales; gross 62; sales none; stock 4,762.

Weekly—Net receipts 67; gross 67; sales none; exports coastwise 1,219.

PHILADELPHIA, July 22—Cotton dull; middling 7⅝; net receipts 294 bales; gross 294; sales none; stock 9,850.

Weekly—Net receipts 915; gross 915; sales none; exports to Great Britain 530.

SAVANNAH, July 22—Cotton steady; middling 6 15-16; net receipts 75 bales; gross 75; sales 50; stock 8,568.

Weekly—Net receipts 1,062; gross 1,070; sales 385; to spinners —; exports coastwise 1,354.

NEW ORLEANS, July 22—Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 4 bales; gross 4; sales 300; stock 95,554.

Weekly—Net receipts 4,541; gross 4,635; sales 3,400; exports to Great Britain 9,085 to continent 1,130; coastwise 912; sales to spinners

MOBILE, July 22—Cotton nominal; middling 7; net receipts 8 bales; gross 8; sales none; stock 7,962.

Weekly—Net receipts 105; gross 105; sales 350; to spinners —; exports coastwise 408.

MEMPHIS, July 22—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 7; net receipts 40 bales; sales 200; shipments 26; stock 27,870.

Weekly—Net receipts 410; shipments 1,242; sales 1,075.

AUGUSTA, July 22—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 7; net receipts 18 bales; shipments 55; sales 55; stock 7,930.

Weekly—Net receipts 187; shipments 877; sales 90; to spinners —.

CHARLESTON, July 22—Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts 8 bales; gross 8; sales none; stock 15,468.

Weekly — Net receipts 95; gross 95; sales 140; to spinners —; exports coastwise 305.

MONTGOMERY, July 22—Cotton dull; middling 6½; net receipts of the week 78 bales; shipments 32; stock of 1892, 2,814; 1891, 3,699; sales 32.

MACON, July 22—Cotton —; middling —; net receipts of the week 10 bales; sales —; stock 1892, 1,800; 1891, 905; shipments 210.

COLUMBUS, July 22—Cotton steady; middling 7; net receipts of the week 31 bales; shipments 127; sales 39; to spinners —; stock of 1892, 3,353; 1891, 2,208.

NASHVILLE, July 22—Cotton quiet; middling 7; net receipts of the week 475 bales; shipments none; sales 818; to spinners 819; stock of 1892, 1,105; 1891, 726.

SELMA, July 22—Cotton steady; middling 6⅞; net receipts of the week 22 bales; shipments 68; stock of 1892, 2,768; 1891, 2,458.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, July 22—Wet weather had a depressing effect on the crowd on the board today and they consequently did very little business. Prices underwent very little change, but what alteration there was in grain was against prices, wheat closing from ⅛@¼c lower and corn at a decline of ¼c. Oats advanced ⅛c.

Provisions maintained their recent bullish character, and ended at an improvement of 10c in pork and ribs and 2½c in lard.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago today.

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
July	79⅜	79⅝	79⅜
September	78⅜	78⅜	78⅜
CORN—			
July	50⅛	50⅜	50
September	48⅜	48⅝	48¼
OATS—			
July	31⅜	31⅜	31
September	30⅞	30⅞	30⅝
PORK—			
July	11 87½	11 97½	11 92½
September	11 97½	12 07½	12 02½
LARD—			
July	7 17½	7 17½	7 17½
September	7 27½	7 27½	7 27½
SIDES—			
July	7 52½	7 55	7 55
September	7 50	7 55	7 53

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

CHICAGO, July 22.—The feeling today in wheat has been easy although closing about the same as yesterday. The liberal selling at the opening we believe was for local account. During the day the conditions were, as usual of late, very dull, and a light trade. Foreign cables were easy in tone and not at all inducive to higher markets. The reports of damage in the northwest yesterday were all denied today and the conditions in that locality were reported very favorable. The northwest have buyers of wheat today in our market, but they are said to be against sales in their own markets. Buying was not, as some supposed, on account of any damage in their locality.

The trade in corn has been very much neglected. The market opened about where it closed, fluctuating about 1-2 cent, with a great part of the business local. Tomorrow being Saturday and a short session with nothing in sight now likely to disturb values, the probabilities are that it will be another very dull and quiet day.

Provisions have been strong, with a firm undertone although the buying was very light, yet there were hardly any offerings, closing firm and quiet, prices being at a small advance over yesterday.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, July 22, 1892.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, July 22—Flour—First patent $5.50; second patent $5.00; extra fancy $4.50; fancy $4.25; family $3.50@4.00. Corn—No. 1 white 70c; No. 2 white 70c; mixed 66c. Oats—White 47c; mixed 44c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, $1.00; No. 1 timothy, large bales, 90c; choice timothy small bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 85c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 85c. Meal—Plain 68c; bolted 60c. Wheat bran—large sacks, 90c; small sacks 92½. Cotton seed meal—$1.10 ⅌ cwt. Steam feed—$1.25 ⅌ cwt. Grits—Pearl $3.30.

NEW YORK, July 22—Flour, southern quiet and steady; common to fair extra $2.45@3.25; good to choice $3.30@4.60. Wheat, spot lower and less active; No. 2 red 85½@87 in elevator; options closed steady ⅛@¼c under yesterday; No. 2 red July 84⅞; September 85⅜; October 86⅜. Corn, spot higher but dull; No. 2 56@57¼ in elevator; options closed firm; July 1⅛c up on covering; other months ⅛@¼c down; July 57⅛; September 54¼; October 53⅞. Oats, spot dull and weaker; options dull and easier; July 38⅛; September 35; No. 2 spot 36@38¼; mixed western 36@38.

ST. LOUIS, July 22—Flour steady and lower; choice $3.15@3.30; patents $4.45@4.45; fancy $3.40@3.70; family $3.05@3.10. Wheat, cash a shade lower; options were hammered from the start; No. 2 red cash 76@76⅝; July 76⅛ asked; September 75⅞ asked. Corn, cash stronger; options lower; No. 2 mixed cash 47; July 46⅝; September 44⅝@44½. Oats dull; No. 2 cash 31; September 29 bid.

BALTIMORE, July 22—Flour dull; Howard street and western superfine $2.10@2.75; extra $3.00@3.65; family $3.90@4.40. Wheat, southern easy; Fultz 80@85; longberry 81@86; western weak; No. 2 red winter spot 83⅞@83⅞. Corn southern steady; white 62; yellow 58.

CHICAGO, July 22.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour quiet; winter patents $4.20@4.40; spring patents $4.10@4.50; bakers $3.00@3.25. No. 2 spring wheat 77¼@79⅝; No. 3 do.—; No. 2 red 79¼@79⅝. No. 2 corn 50. No. 2 oats 31.

CINCINNATI, July 22—Flour stronger; family $2.50@2.85; fancy $3.55@3.90. Wheat scarce and nominal; No. 2 red 75@76½. Corn strong; No. 2 mixed 51. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 34.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, July 22—Roasted coffee—Arbuckle's 19.50c ⅌ 100 ℔ cases; Lion 19.60c; Levering's 19.60c. Green—Extra choice 20c; choice good 19c; fair 18c; common 16½c. Sugar—Granulated 5c; powdered 5½c; cut loaf 5½c; white extra C 4¼c; New Orleans yellow clarified 4½c; yellow extra C 4c. Syrup — New Orleans choice 45@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 22@25c. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmeg 65@70c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c. Singapore pepper 14c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Fair 7½c; good 6½c; common 5½@6c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; icecream $1.10; Virginia 70c. Cheese—Full cream, Cheddars —; flats 12c. White fish—½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 ℔s, $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 60 ℔s $2.25@250. Candles—Paraffin 12c; star 10½c. Matches—4.00s $4.00; 300s $2.00@2.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s, 5 gross, $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk, 5c; do. 1 ℔ packages 5½c. cases, 1 ℔ 5⅞c; do 1 and ½ ℔ 6c; do. ½ ℔s 6¼c. Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX butter 6½c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; lemon cream 9c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 9c. Candy—Assorted stick 6½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.50; imitation mackerel $3.95@4.00; salmon $600@7.50; F.W. oysters $1.75; L. W. $1.25; corn $2.50@3.50; tomatoes $1.60. Ball potash $3.20. Starch—Pearl 4½c; lump 5c; nickel package $3.50; celluloid $5.00. Pickles—Plain or mixed, pints, $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Powder—Rifle, kegs, $5.50; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.65. Shot—$1.70 ⅌ sack.

NEW YORK, July 22—Coffee, options closed 5 to 15 points down; July 12.25@12.35; September and October 12.30@12.45; spot Rio quiet and steady; No. 7 13⅛; fair cargoes 16⅞. Sugar, raw, fair to good refining 3@3 1-16; centrifugal 96-test 3 7-16@3½; refined steady and quiet; mould A 4 5-16; standard A 4 3-16@4 7-16; off A 4⅛@3 13-16; confectioners' A 4 3-16@4 5-16; cut loaf 5@5½; crushed 5@5½; powdered 4⅝@4⅞; granulated 4 5-16@4 9-16; cubes 4⅜@4¼. Molasses foreign dull; 50-test 11¼@12; New Orleans dull and steady; open kettle common to fancy 25@35. Rice steady and quiet; domestic fair to extra 4¼@5½; Japan 5⅛@5¼.

NEW ORLEANS, July 22—Coffee firmer; Rio ordinary to fair 14@17¼. Sugar quiet; open kettle Louisiana, choice 3⅛; fully fair to prime 3⅛; good common to good fair 2 13-16@3; centrifugals off plantation granulated 3⅞; off white 3⅝; gray white 3½@3⅝; choice yellow clarified 3⅝; prime do. 4; off do. 3 13-16; seconds 2½@3 9-16. Molasses steady; open kettle centrifugals, strictly prime 18; good prime 16@17; fair to prime 10@13; common to good common 6@9. Louisiana syrup 24@28. Rice in fair demand; Louisiana ordinary to good 3½@4⅜.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, July 22—Provisions strong and higher. Pork new $12.62½. Lard, prime steam 7.05@7.10. Dry salt meats, loose shoulders 7.00; long clear 7.62½; clear ribs 7.62½; short clear 7.75. Bacon, boxed shoulders 7.50; long clear 8.62½; clear ribs 8.62½; short clear 8.85; hams 11@11½.

NEW YORK, July 22—Pork quiet and steady; mess old $12.25@13.25; prime extra $12.50. Middles slow; short clear 7.95. Lard firmer but quiet; western steam 7.50; city steam 6.75; options, September 7.49 asked; October 7.51.

ATLANTA, July 22—Clear rib sides, boxed 8½c; ice-cured bellies 9½c. Sugar-cured hams 12½@15c, according to brand and average; California 9c. Breakfast bacon 11½c. Lard—Leaf 8¼c.

CHICAGO, July 22—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $11.95@12.00. Lard 7.20@7.22½. Short ribs loose 7.55@7.60. Dry salt shoulders boxed 7.00@7.25; short clear sides boxed 7.75@7.80.

CINCINNATI, July 22—Pork quiet; new $12.25. Lard firm; current make 7.05. Bulk meats nominal; short ribs 7.75@7.87½. Bacon easy; short clear 9.00@9.12½.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, July 22—Turpentine steady at 26⅜; rosin firm; strained 85; good strained 90; tar steady at $1.40; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.65; virgin $1.65.

NEW YORK, July 22—Rosin quiet and steady; strained to good strained $1.22½@1.25; turpentine quiet and steady at 29¾@30¼.

CHARLESTON, July 22—Turpentine steady at 27; rosin firm; good strained $1.00.

SAVANNAH, July 22—Turpentine firm at 27¼; rosin firm at $1.05@1.10.

Country Produce

ATLANTA, July 22—Eggs 11@12c. Butter—Western creamery 20@22½c; choice Tennessee 16@18c; other grades 10@12½c. Live poultry—Turkeys 10@12½c ⅌ ℔; hens 27@30c; young chickens, large 20@25c; small spring 10@15c; ducks 15@18c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys 18@20c; ducks 12½@15; chickens 15@16c. Irish potatoes $2.00@2.50 ⅌ bbl. Sweet potatoes, new $2.00@2.50 ⅌ bu. Honey—Strained 8@10c; in the comb 10@12c. Onions $2.50 ⅌ bbl; crates 75@$1.00.

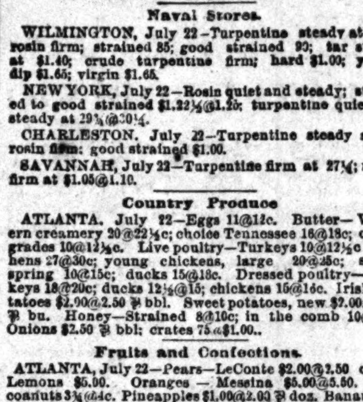
Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, July 22—Pears—LeConte $2.00@2.50 crate. Lemons $5.00. Oranges — Messina $5.00@5.50. Cocoanuts 3½@4c. Pineapples $1.00@2.00 ⅌ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.50@2.00. Figs 13@18c. Raisins—New California $2.25; ½ boxes $1.30; ¼ boxes 75c. Currants 7@8c. Leghorn citron 20@25c. Nuts—Almonds 16c; pecans 12@14c. Brazil 9@10c. Filberts 11½c. Walnuts 16c. Peanuts—Virginia, electric light 5½@6c; fancy handpicked 4½@5c; North Carolina 4@5c.

Petroleum Markets.

Furnished by Commercial Oil Company:

Georgia Test	9½c	Peerless Water White	12½c
Prme white, 150.	0c	National Light	15c
W. W. Headlight	11c	White Rose Gasoline	12c
Red headlight	12c		



On July 23, 1850, at a ball in Lynn, Mass., Mrs. Amelia Bloomer appeared in the costume which bears her name.

She was the editor of a temperance journal called The Lily, which was published at Seneca Falls, N. Y. She hoped to live to see the Bloomer costume in universal use, but in spite of all her efforts to bring this about, she was doomed to disappointment.

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LeSUEUR & RUNGE, Architects, Room 41, Old Capitol Building, Atlanta, Ga. sept 1—1y

G. L. NORRMAN, Architect, Equitable Building, Atlanta, Ga.

DRS. ALFRED J. & SARAH E. MALOY, HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS. 13 Forest Avenue.

DR. F. BARTOW McRAE, Office at residence, 152 Courtland avenue. Hours: 9 a. m. to 12 m. Telephone, 1074. Practice limited to diseases of women.

C. T. LADSON, ATTORNEY, 43 1-2 East Alabama street. Telephone 151. Atlanta, Ga.

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McCURRY & PROFFITT, Lawyers, Athens and Elberton, Ga. Prompt collections and returns throughout Northeast Georgia.

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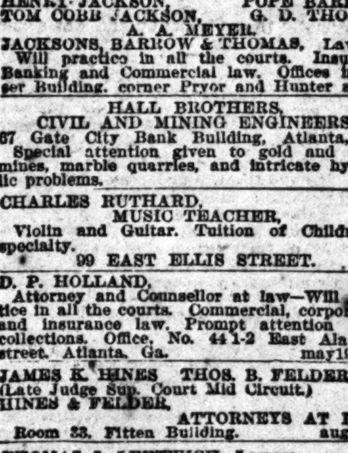
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The Alaska



Refrigerator.

FACTS WORTH CONSIDERING

The qualities sought for in the refrigerator are Preservation of Perishable Food and an Economical Use of Ice.

The economical use of ice depends entirely upon the principle involved, the construction of the Refrigerator, and in utilizing all the cold air.

Dry atmosphere and uniform temperature can be obtained only by a perfect circulation of the air in the Refrigerator, and its condensation in the ice chamber.

The Alaska is constructed upon strictly scientific principles, by which low temperature and dryness of air are naturally and inevitably obtained.

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The Alaska produces better results with less ice than any other refrigerator.

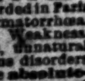
The Alaska is a dry-air refrigerator, and the best one ever patented.

DOBBS, WEY & CO.
61 Peachtree Street.



OXYGÈNE
17,252 treatments recorded in Paris during 1891. For Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, Seminal Weakness, Pimples and Blotches, Unnatural discharges, all nervous disorders and Lost Vigor, cure absolutely guaranteed. First treatment (sent sealed) Free to any address.
THE CHEMICAL IMPORTING CO., CINCINNATI, O.
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FAT FOLKS REDUCED From 15 to 25 lbs. per month by harmless herbal remedies that do not injure the health or interfere with one's business or pleasure. It builds up and improves the general health, clears the skin and beautifies the complexion. No wrinkles or flabbiness follow this treatment. Endorsed by physicians and leading society ladies.
PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL. CONFIDENTIAL.
Harmless. No Starving. Send 6 cents in stamps for particulars to
DR. O. W. F. SNYDER, M'VICKER'S THEATER, CHICAGO, ILL.



UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK,
OF ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS.....................................$300,000.
SAFE DEPOSIT AND STORAGE VAULT.
Boxes to rent at from $5 to $20 per annum, according to size. Interest paid on deposits as follows: Issues Demand Certificates to draw interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum if left four months; 4 per cent per annum if left six months; 4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months. Accommodations limited solely by the requirements of sound banking principles. Patronage solicited.

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. H. T. INMAN, Vice Prest. ALONZO RICHARDSON, Cash.
The Atlanta Trust & Banking Co
CORNER PRYOR AND ALABAMA STREETS.
Capital, $150,000. Undivided Profits, $30,000.
TOTAL LIABILITY OF STOCKHOLDERS, $330,000.
A general banking business transacted.
Superior advantages for handling collections.
Commercial paper discounted at current rates.
Loans made on marketable collaterals.
Accounts of Banks, Corporations, Firms and Individuals Solicited.
Issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, drawing interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum if left three months; 4½ per cent per annum if left six months; and 5 per cent per annum if left twelve months.
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JO. W. ENGLISH, President. CHAS. A. COLLIER, Vice President. JACOB HAAS, Cash.
THE CAPITAL CITY BANK,
CITY DEPOSITORY.
CAPITAL, $400,000. SURPLUS, $100,000.
Individual liability same as national banks; transacts a general banking business; commercial paper discounted; loans made upon approved collateral, and collections on points in the United States, Canada and throughout Europe, made on the most favorable terms; draw our own bills of exchange on Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, France, Austria and other European states; invite the accounts of individuals, firms, banks, bankers and corporations; issue demand certificates or savings bank book to draw interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum if left 60 days, 4 per cent per annum if left 6 months; 4½ per cent per annum if left 12 months. nov21-dly fin pg

R. F. Maddox, Pres't.; J. W. Rucker, Vice Pres't.; W. L. Peel, Cash'r.; G. A. Nicolson, Ass't Cash'r.
Maddox-Rucker Banking Co.
Capital, $150,000. Charter Liability, $300,000.
Transact a general Banking Business; approved paper discounted, and loans made on collateral. Will be pleased to meet or correspond with parties contemplating changing or opening new accounts. Issue interest-bearing certificates of deposit payable on demand, as follows: 3½ per cent, if left 60 days; 4 per cent if left six months, 5 per cent if left 12 months. 1y

—THE—
Georgia Railroad.
OUR
Bill of Fare
Via Richmond, Va.
Atlanta to Washington and return....$17 50
Atlanta to Richmond and return...... 15 50
Atlanta to Old Point Comfort and return 15 75
Atlanta to Charlottesville and return.. 15 50
Route via Augusta and Columbia.
Above tickets to be sold for train leaving Atlanta July 26th at 8 o'clock a. m., limit ten days.
THEN AGAIN.
Atlanta to New York and return via Charleston and Clyde line steamers..$42 30
Atlanta to Morehead City and return.. 23 60
Atlanta to Norfolk, Va., and return.. 27 90
Atlanta to New York and return via Portsmouth and Old Dominion steamship 42 30
Atlanta to Sullivan's Island and return. 17 70
Atlanta to Virginia Beach and return.. 27 90
Atlanta to Wrightsville, N. C., and return 19 15
The above named tickets are now on sale and will be sold daily until September 30, 1892. Extreme limit, October 31, 1892.
Call on A. HOWELL, Union Ticket Agent, Union Depot.
JOE W. WHITE, T. P. A., 739 Broad street, Augusta, Ga.
A. G. JACKSON, General Passenger Agent, Augusta, Ga.
July 22, 5t.

THE J. W. TYNAN
Machine Plant
FOR LEASE.
The long established, fully equipped and excellently situated machine, boiler, blacksmith shops and brass foundry of the late J. W. Tynan, located W. Broad, Indian and River streets in Savannah, Ga., are offered for lease for a term of years.
The shops contain nine (9) lathes, planing and shaping machines, radial and upright drills, improved pipe threading machines, steam hammers, boiler rolls and punches and all other tools required in first-class shops.
In connection with the above lease a large and valuable lot of patterns and stock of high grade machinery supplies will be offered for sale to the lessee. There is ample space for the erection of an iron foundry.
This business was successfully conducted by the late J. W. Tynan for more than twenty-one (21) years and has had the patronage of the best class of trade in this section.
For further information address
M. A. TYNAN, Executrix,
No. 83 Whitaker street, Savannah, Ga.
july22-1w



PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES
TRADE MARK.
Quality First and Always.
KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians, Manufacturers of Fine Spectacles and Eyeglasses and dealers in Scientific Instruments. Retail Salesroom, 54 Old Capitol, opposite Postoffice.

$5.50 ONE WAY
$11.00 ROUND TRIP
CINCINNATI
TO CHICAGO
VIA C., H. & D. R. R.
sun tue fri 1y1fam

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—John T. Henderson, Sr., administrator of John T. Henderson, Jr., represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
july 9 3-m sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Wiley P. Wells, administrator of estate of Joseph B. Gray, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN,
july 9 3-m sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Court of Ordinary, Chambers, July 8, 1892.—To the heirs-at-law of Mary Irving Green, deceased, who reside out of the state: C. K. Maddox having as executor applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next August term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in August next, as said will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
july9 16 23 30.

Sale of Stock Pledged as Collateral.

The undersigned will sell, for cash, to the highest bidder, before the courthouse door of Fulton county, Georgia, within the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in August next, 43 4,416-10,000 shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, of the capital stock of James P. Harrison & Co., the certificates for which are numbered thirty-one (31), thirty-two (32), thirty-three (33), thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35), thirty-six (36), thirty-seven (37), thirty-eight (38) and thirty-nine (39), issued to James S. Lawton, now deceased, and having been, by him in his life time, transferred to Maddox, Rucker & Co. as collateral security for his indebtedness. Said indebtedness amounts to two thousand ($2,000) dollars, besides interest and 10 per cent attorneys' fees, as appears by the note of said Lawton, dated May 2, 1891, due six (6) months after date, and bearing 8 per cent interest from date. We have become the legal owners of said debt and collateral, by virtue of our succession to the rights of Maddox, Rucker & Co. therein. Notice of this sale has been given to the personal representatives of the said James S. Lawton, deceased.

Witness our hands and seals this June 29, 1892. MADDOX-RUCKER BANKING CO.
By King & Anderson, Its Attorneys at Law.
july2-9-16-23-sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Dora Thomas, as guardian of John Wesly and Mack Thomas, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minors. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
july9 16 23 30 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—M. E. Lofton has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John Zachary, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
july9-16-23-30 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Mary A. Robbins, administratrix of Elizabeth Knight, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
july 9 16 23 30.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—B. H. Hill has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Ben Hill Thompson, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for.
july9-16-23-30 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—To the heirs-at-law of Kate Murphy, deceased, who reside out of said state: Annie Louisa Conley having as executrix applied for probate in solemn form of the last will of said deceased, you are hereby cited to be and appear at the next August term of said court, to be held on the first Monday in August next, as said will of said deceased will then be offered for probate in solemn form. W. L. CALHOUN,
july 9 3-m sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Sidney D. Moore, administrator of Eliza A. Moore, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in October next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN,
july 9 3-m sat Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Robert Powell, guardian of George B. Powell, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in August next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust.
july9-16-23-30 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Henrietta M. Verdery, administratrix of Fannie A. Mayo has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
july 9 16 23 30.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Andrew J. Shropshire has applied for letters of guardianship of the persons and property of Eula and Andrew Cranford, minors, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
july9-16-23-30 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Benjamin S. Drake has applied for letters of guardianship of the persons and property of Mattie J. and Guy G. Drake, minors, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
july9-16-23-30 W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, July 8, 1892.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Nancy A. Harper, widow of Edward Harper, for a twelve months' support for herself, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next August term of this court, why said application should not be granted.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
july 9 16 23 30.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY. Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—W. B. Willingham, as executor of Thomas Willingham, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else leave will then be granted said applicant as applied for.
W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
july 9 16 23 30.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, July 8, 1892.—Essie Pittsford has applied for letters of guardianship of the person and property of Hannah E. Kerr, minor, under the age of fourteen years. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in August next, else letters will then be granted said applicant as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
july 9-16-23-30

WILL LOCK HORNS.

Joe James and C. C. Post Meet on the Stump Today.

THEY ARE OLD TIME FOES,

And Some Fun Is Expected—A Question as to Where Campaign Money Is to Come From.

Joe James is a democrat of the most aggressive kind, and he won't tolerate anything like apathy among democrats.

C. C. Post is a third party man, dyed-in-the-wool, originally and unchangeably so, and he is never so happy as when declaiming third party doctrines from the stump.

Once Joe James and C. C. Post lived in the same county and were neighbors. But Douglas county isn't big enough for two such men as Joe James and Post.

They argued all day, and many times their discussions were transferred to some country school house and continued at night. When they met there was always fun, and the crowd enjoyed it.

Their repeated bouts only made them the more eager for discussion. They never became satisfied. Each one of them has been anxious for a whack at the other.

"Of all democrats," Mr. Post soliloquizes, "I'd rather wipe up that fellow Joe James than any one I know of. I just want a good chance at him."

And the Douglas county soliloquies of Joe James are of the same venor as regards Post. No two game cocks were ever more eager to get at each other than these two gentlemen.

Well, today they meet—meet in Joe James's own bailiwick where they used to talk hour after hour, and there will be some of the rarest stump speaking that ever resounded over the red hills of Georgia.

If Joe James don't roast Post after the most approved style it will be because he has lost the magic of his eloquence and his silver tongue its brilliancy.

And if Post don't sail into the democracy, Joe James and everything else but the people's party it will be because he has forgotten how since the convention Wednesday.

A special train will carry the crowds out from Atlanta this morning and doubtless many will go anticipating something rich.

Of all red hot debates on the stump this promises to be the very hottest hot.

Wants Money.

Mr. D. N. Sanders calls attention to a very important matter. Mr. Sanders is one of the most earnest workers at the people's party headquarters, and he has certainly done some arduous work for the cause.

But it's all without remuneration, he says. And so says Secrtary Oscar Parker.

The headquarters occupy three good-sized rooms, and they have to be paid for. Then there's Mr. Parker, Mr. Daniels, Mr. Goodman and two young ladies, and it would seem that their labors were not altogether for love. Besides this, carloads of campaign matter is being sent out.

Where does the money come from to supply this drain? Mr. Sanders says it doesn't come at all. Third party men are poor as a rule, and they can't give much. Only a quarter, or 10 cents here and there has so far made up the campaign fund.

"We don't get enough," says Mr. Sanders, "to pay for the stamps we use, to say nothing of the enormous amount of work, the rent and other expenses.

"I see that our friends from the north are flooding North Carolina with money and literature. They ought to help us some, too. The fight is on now, and we need help."

"For my part," chimed in Secretary Parker, "I work without pay. I went into the movement to give my whole time to it, and I have done it."

The third party headquartors presents a busy scene nowadays. It's at somebody's expense, that's sure.

Surrounded by a Mob.

Lithia Springs, Ga., July 22.—(Special.)—The third party had a speaking and basket dinner at Hiram today. A short time after the speaking began, John M. James appeared on the grounds, and asked for a division of time that he desired to speak for the democrats. The third party crowd refused to give him any time until after dinner and that he could have one hour and a half, and John Sibley, of Cobb, one hour and a half.

Mr. James agreed to this. C. C. Post spoke three hours and adjourned to dinner. After dinner James spoke one hour and ten minutes, and Sibley spoke one hour and a half.

When James arose to close in twenty minutes he was surrounded by a howling mob with drawn knives, swearing that he should not speak. James was very cool and stood his ground nobly, and told them that they had woke up the wrong man to scare, that he had faced minie balls, bomb shells and cannon balls, and that he was there to close the debate for the democrats and intended to do so.

At this time John Sibley, the third party speaker, walked up to Mr. James and placed his arms around him and said he was a true man and a true democrat, and must be allowed to finish his speech. After several minutes the crowd was quieted down and Mr. James finished his speech. It is believed that Harvey Rich, an ex-republican and a third party leader, was the cause of the trouble.

Richmond and Danville Half Rates.

July 26th; tickets good ten days.
To Washington and return, $17.50.
To Richmond and return, $15.50.
To Old Point and return, $15.75.

Knights of Pythias Take Notice.

Arrangements have been made to handle the Knights of Pythias from Georgia points using the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia to Chattanooga connecting there with the Knights of Pythias special to Kansas City. The train will be under the special control of Captain Tobias Newman, captain of the Oglethorpe division No. 4.

He requests that all Knights of Pythias in the state communicate at once either with himself or W. H. Doll, traveling passenger agent of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway, with a view of determining how many sleepers will be needed and what class of decorations will be placed thereon, as it is desired to make each sleeper specially attractive and suggestive.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.
A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.
Superior to every other known.
Used in Millions of Homes—
40 Years the Standard.
Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome.
No other baking powder does such work.

LAMAR ACQUITTED.

The Warrant Sworn Out Against Him Was Dismissed Yesterday.

IT WAS TRIED BEFORE JUDGE LANDRUM

And Was Witnessed by a Large Crowd. Several Amusing Things Happened During the Trial.

Mr. David Lamar, the man of many calamities, recently the editor of Southern Life, was yesterday acquitted before Judge Landrum.

Mr. Sam Hall, the plaintiff, who swore out the warrant and who testified that Mr. Lamar had appropriated the funds of the paper, was considerably put out by the judge's decision. He fully expected that the case would end in his favor, and when the final announcement was made and he realized that the jig was up, he turned in the direction of Mr. Jonas, who sat by the door, and gazed at that good-natured gentleman for several moments.

It was an interesting trial from beginning to end, and the courtroom was crowded with spectators throughout the hearing.

Mr. W. P. Hill, who managed the case for the prosecution, and Colonel W. C. Glenn, who represented Mr. Lamar, were both in a fighting humor, and their zeal in behalf of their clients was fully aroused.

After the witnesses were examined the argument was opened by Colonel Glenn, as no testimony was introduced by the defense, and he had, therefore, the right to open and close the case.

Mr. Hall Examined.

Judge Landrum entered the courtroom at half after 8 o'clock, and Mr. Hall, whose testimony had not been concluded when the court adjourned last Wednesday, was put upon the stand.

"Mr. Hall," asked Colonel Glenn, "can you give me an idea as to the amount of your property?"

"I am not able to say exactly," replied the witness, hesitating as he answered the question.

"But give me an idea," importuned the attorney.

"Well," said he, turning around in his chair and stroking his chin, "I suppose I am worth about forty-five thousand dollars."

"How is your money invested, Mr. Hall?" inquired the attorney.

"I have an interest in the Atlanta Coffin factory," said he, "and own property in Birmingham and Atlanta."

"Is the property in your own name, Mr. Hall?" asked Colonel Glenn.

"No, sir, it is not in my own name," replied the witness demurely.

"Mr. Hall," asked the lawyer, changing his oars and starting out in a new direction, "did you write any articles for The Southern Life?"

"I did not, sir."

"Who contributed the news items that were written for the paper?"

"Mr. Jonas."

The gentleman referred to sat quietly by the door listening intently to the evidence, and when his name was pronounced by his employer a smile of "that's me" came over his face as if nothing that dropped from his pen could be criticized by Colonel Glenn or any one else.

"Did you object to Mr. Lamar's illuminating the paper with cuts of prominent people?"

"No, sir. He had my permission to put in anybody's he liked, and if he had put in his own and that of the lady he calls his wife I wouldn't have cared, only I'd thought it a little funny."

"Why would you have thought it funny, Mr. Hall? Are they not talented people?"

"That's not the reason," said Mr. Hall, with a knowing look, and he gave no further answer to the question.

He then proceeded to state in reply to a question that he had seen Mr. Lamar in a ticket office a few weeks ago, and that he was trying to make arrangements for a special car to carry his friends on a pleasure tour about the country.

Mr. Hill Objects.

"Did Mr. Hanson sleep in your room the other night, Mr. Hall?" asked the attorney, again changing the subject.

"Yes, sir."

"Did you get in by a private entrance?"

"I object," said Mr. Hill, springing up as if from a trap. "It is not relevant and has nothing to do with the question of finding out whether or not Lamar is a thief," and the attorney for Mr. Hall spoke with an emphasis as he delivered himself of the sentence.

"We'll let it go," said Colonel Glenn, withdrawing the question. "I will now ask you, Mr. Hall, why you have sworn out this warrant against Mr. Lamar?"

"Because I thought he was dishonest," replied the witness.

Mr. Hill dissented again. "Will you allow Mr. Glenn to ask such questions, your honor?" asked he.

"You are both good lawyers," replied the judge in delicate compliment, "and should not ask improper questions."

Mr. Jonas Introduced.

Mr. Israel Jonas, the late colaborer of Mr. Lamar, and the versatile news editor of Southern Life, was next introduced.

He testified that Lamar had made a request for $125; that the money was given him by Mr. Hall.

"Did Mr. Lamar leave town after receiving the money?" the question was asked.

"I am not able to say. It was claimed by his friends that he was out of the city, but he may have been hiding about in the woods."

He then proceeded to state that he called on Mr. Lamar a few days before and asked him to turn over the office.

"I spoke as politely as I could to such a man," continued Mr. Jonas, "but he swelled up like a lobster and informed me that he was the president of the concern. I replied that he made me sick, and turning around on my heel I walked away."

The Argument.

After the testimony of Mr. Jonas was concluded the arguments commenced. Colonel Glenn made the opening speech, and was followed by Mr. Hill. Mr. Hill made things decidedly lively by his speech. He characterized Lamar's actions as the quintessence of cheek and gall, adding of Lamar: "If ever God Almighty did stamp villain upon a man's face to warn an unsuspecting public, he has on this man." This seemed to amuse Lamar very much. Then Mr. Glenn spoke. Before concluding his argument, however, he exhibited in court money, which, he said, was that alleged to have been appropriated by Mr. Lamar, and stated that since the demand for the money had not been made until after the defendant had been restrained, he could not be convicted of the charge.

Judge Landrum decided that the facts in the case were not sufficient to authorize the warrant, and he, therefore, dismissed the prosecution.

THE GRADY CADETS.

They Are Now a Well Organized and Drilled Company.

The Grady Cadets held a most important meeting at their armory last night.

It was to elect new officers and reorganize and the work was accomplished most satisfactorily.

The following are the officers elected: Captain, P. L. Mynatt, Jr.; first lieutenant, H. M. Malone; second lieutenant, W. D. Ellis, Jr.; second junior lieutenant, Mack Laird.

The election was held from 7 to 9 o'clock last evening and was full of interest and enthusiasm. The returns will be made to the adjutant at once.

The judges of the election were Messrs. Park Woodward, of Colonel Calhoun's staff, and Keeling, of the Atlanta Artillery.

There were a number of new members elected and general enthusiasm and renewed loyalty prevailed. No better selections could have been made than these. Captain Mynatt has held many military places of honor and is a capable and handsome officer.

The Grady Cadets will hereafter continue to be an independent and a gallant company. The boys will go to Cumberland August 2d to have an outing.

CAPITOL GOSSIP.

School Commissioner Bradwell Starts Another Institute.

BRINGS BACK POLITICAL TIDINGS.

A Glimpse of the Situation in Chatham. The Third Party Is Not as Strong as Represented.

School Commissioner Bradwell returned yesterday from Savannah, where he started off a teachers' institute which is to run for twenty-five days.

It might be said that there are two institutes, for there is one for white teachers and the other for colored. Each is attended by about fifty teachers. Captain Bradwell believes that they will show good results.

He found politics active in Chatham. Major G. M. Ryals is being strongly opposed for renomination for the house. The fight on him is being led by the Russell faction, which is strong in Chatham's politics. Major Ryals advocated a bill which cut down the income of County Treasurer Waring Russell, and a hard fight is being waged against him. The primary method will be tested for the first time in Chatham for a state and county ticket. Major Ryals's chances of getting the nomination are considered good.

Half a dozen candidates are in the field. Colonel Dick Guerrard is the strongest representative of the business interests who is running. The other men in the race are young and without experience. The business and professional men want able men nominated. They fear that the third party may slip a number of men into the next general assembly, and Savannah wants a strong delegation.

Captain Bradwell goes to Buford today to speak. Tomorrow night he will leave for Americus to open a teachers' institute there.

Captain Bradwell says that the third party is not anything like so strong as has been represented.

SEEKING HER LOVER.

A Florida Girl Comes Here—She Appeals to the Police for Aid.

The Central's fast train from Savannah which reaches Atlanta at 7 o'clock in the morning, brought an interesting passenger when it rolled into the union depot yesterday morning.

She was a very young woman, very commonly dressed, and in all that bustling cargo of people few noticed her as she edged her way through the crowd and reached the outer sidewalk.

She was evidently a stranger in the city, and her face showed very plainly that something was troubling her.

Carrying a small valise, she walked along the street in an aimless fashion, while her worry increased each moment. Confining herself to the two squares nearest the depot, the young lady walked up and down the sidewalk for over two hours.

Then unable longer to conceal her distress she applied to a friendly policeman for aid. When the officer heard her story, he pointed her to the police station and in a few moments she presented herself to Station House Keeper Foute.

And there, while the officers gathered around and listened, she told her story.

There have been many stories like it. The names and the places were different, but the elements were the same.

She was Yates Bowles, sixteen years old, the second daughter of an honest and fairly well-to-do farmer residing at Lady Lake, Fla., and she was seeking the man who had betrayed her.

A few months ago she met Theo Neuber, a German, who kept a poolroom at one of the hotels in Leesburg, Fla. Neuber was formerly from Cincinnati and was something of a sport. His dashing manners caught the fancy of the giddy young girl and they became lovers. An engagement, moonlight strolls, protestations of undying love. But things material often destroy the prettiest romance, or seriously interfere with it. Neuber, suddenly left Leesburg on business, and that was the last of him.

The trusting young woman was not long in discovering that she had been deceived and deserted, and ashamed to return home, she waited in Leesburg in the desperate hope that the faithless Neuber would return.

But as the weeks wore on and became months and still there was no word of him, the girl decided to follow him. Two days ago she left Lady Lake. She exchanged her neat clothing for a very common calico dress in order to conceal her identity, and on yesterday she reached Atlanta. She was on her way to Louisville, where she believed that Neuber had gone. Her funds were exhausted before she reached Atlanta and she was unable to proceed further. She was compelled to seek assistance of the police. She wanted Chief Wright to secure her a pass to Louisville, so that she might go on. He decided to send her to the Home for the Friendless until he could learn something of the case.

Acting Chief of Detectives Carson wrote to the girl's brother yesterday telling him of her condition and asking him to send for her.

He expects to hear from him today and the girl will be sent back.

A Good Name
makes a good note.
The name "Yale" or this mark (Y&T), distinguishes the genuine "Yale" Locks.
You know the rest.

W. R. HOYT,
W. R. HOYT,
W. R. HOYT,
W. R. HOYT,

FANCY AND STAPLE
FANCY AND STAPLE
FANCY AND STAPLE
FANCY AND STAPLE

GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,
GROCERIES,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

SPECIALTIES—
SPECIALTIES—
SPECIALTIES—
SPECIALTIES—

HOYT'S REGAL PATENT FLOUR.
HOYT'S REGAL PATENT FLOUR.
HOYT'S REGAL PATENT FLOUR.
HOYT'S REGAL PATENT FLOUR.

HOYT'S RIJAMO COFFEE.
HOYT'S RIJAMO COFFEE.
HOYT'S RIJAMO COFFEE.
HOYT'S RIJAMO COFFEE.

HOYT'S TALO TEA.
HOYT'S TALO TEA.
HOYT'S TALO TEA.
HOYT'S TALO TEA.

HOYT'S JERSEY BUTTER.
HOYT'S JERSEY BUTTER.
HOYT'S JERSEY BUTTER.
HOYT'S JERSEY BUTTER.

CANNED MEATS AND FISH OF
CANNED MEATS AND FISH OF
CANNED MEATS AND FISH OF
CANNED MEATS AND FISH OF

EVERY VARIETY
EVERY VARIETY
EVERY VARIETY
EVERY VARIETY

90 WHITEHALL STREET.
90 WHITEHALL STREET.
90 WHITEHALL STREET.
90 WHITEHALL STREET.

STILSON, JEWELER.
55 WHITEHALL ST.
Reliable Goods.
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices. tf



Catching an Idea.
Don't let a good idea escape you. If you cannot catch it any other way hold out your hat for it. There are ideas which are worthless and ideas which are valuable. Just now it happens to be an exceedingly good idea to pay us a visit.
We are now offering special inducements in $12.50 and $15 suits at $9.90.
Negligee and puff bosom shirts at 10 per cent discount.
Straw hats at half price.
EISEMAN & WEIL,
One-Price Clothiers and Furnishers,
3 Whitehall St.

SUMMER RESORTS.
Tallulah Falls, Georgia.
HOTEL ROBINSON
is now open for guests, and everything in first-class order. The B. & R. and A. railroad has been put in good condition by the present owners, and no one can stay away on the account of the road. The road has been repaired from Cornelia to the falls, and good cars put on the line. The name of Tallulah Falls within itself is enough said. If you don't think so, come and look for yourself and hear the echoes of the water a thousand feet below as it dashes from fall to fall in all its glory, crying come and see. T. A. ROBINSON,
june28-1m Proprietor.

IDEAL SUMMER RESORT.
Hot Springs ..... North Carolina.
Go to the mountains of western North Carolina for pure bracing air, charming scenery, cool nights, perfect drainage; no malaria nor mosquitoes, luxurious bath, health, pleasure, home comforts, excellent table and service at the famous Mountain Park hotel. Open all the year, finest ballroom and best music in the south; plenty of amusements. Send for booklet. Dr. W. F. Ross, proprietor.
july 1, 1m.

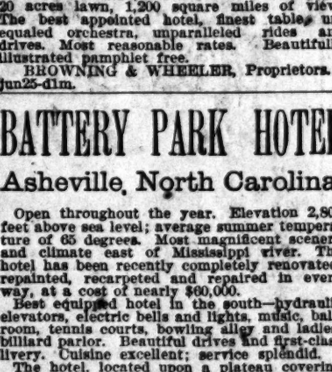
Kenilworth Inn
BILTMORE STATION,
Asheville, North Carolina.
Asheville on the one side, Vanderbilt park on the other side; 160 acres of Forest park, 20 acres lawn, 1,200 square miles of view. The best appointed hotel, finest tables, unequaled orchestra, unparalleled rides and drives. Most reasonable rates. Beautifully illustrated pamphlet free.
BROWNING & WHEELER, Proprietors.
jun25-dlm.

BATTERY PARK HOTEL
Asheville, North Carolina.
Open throughout the year. Elevation 2,800 feet above sea level; average summer temperature of 65 degrees. Most magnificent scenery and climate east of Mississippi river. The hotel has been recently completely renovated, repainted, recarpeted and repaired in every way, at a cost of nearly $60,000.
Best equipped hotel in the south—hydraulic elevators, electric bells and lights, music, ballroom, tennis courts, bowling alley and ladies' billiard parlor. Beautiful drives and first-class livery. Cuisine excellent; service splendid.
The hotel, located upon a plateau covering 11 acres, 100 feet above the city, is within 5 minutes' walk of postoffice, churches and opera house, and commands best view of George Vanderbilt's palace. Special electric cars to hotel from all trains. For particulars apply to
E. P. M'KISSICK, Manager.
June 29 3-m

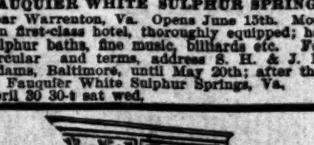
CLIFF HOUSE AND COTTAGES,
Tallulah Falls, Ga.
This hotel, which has for years enjoyed the patronage of the best people of the south, is now open to its former patrons and the traveling public. The largest hotel at Tallulah and the only one on the falls property. It provides for its guests billiards, pool, bowling alley and tennis courts. Terms $2 to $2.50 per day. Special rates to families and parties. J. D. MOSS,
july 19—dlm Manager.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, NEW YORK
CLARENDON HOTEL.
This Aristocratic Hotel will OPEN JUNE 30th. Terms, $14 Per Week and Upwards.
AVERILL & GREGORY, Proprietors.
jun26-12t-sun wed sat

FAUQUIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS
near Warrenton, Va. Opens June 15th. Modern first-class hotel, thoroughly equipped; hot sulphur baths, fine music, billiards etc. For circular and terms, address S. H. & J. F. Adams, Baltimore, until May 20th; after this at Fauquier White Sulphur Springs, Va.
april 30 30-t sat wed.



BEHIND TIME.
It's your own fault if you are behind time. There was a time when one watch was about all a whole family could afford, and when the purchase of a clock was almost as serious a matter as the purchase of a house is now. There isn't anything very formidable about the purchase of a clock or a watch in these days. The astonishing thing about timekeepers now is their cheapness, variety and excellence. Don't be behind time. There is not the least excuse for anything of the kind, when we are offering our entire stock of watches at a big reduction for the next thirty days.
A. L. DELKIN COMPANY,
90 Whitehall Street.



We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Dreams or Nocturnal Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.
Use it and pay if satisfied.
Address, VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.



Jump at Conclusions
When you are sure they are right; when you are not, just hesitate a moment. Judge for yourself whether there is any necessity for hesitating about buying your suit from us.
Come to a conclusion in an instant or take a week to decide, the result will be just the same—you will see what an unusual opportunity you have.
We are letting them go at a figure for which they have never been bought before, and we are giving you what can't be called anything but the choice of the season.
GEORGE MUSE CLOTHING CO
38 Whitehall St.

THE DRESDEN
RECEIVER'S SALE
WILL CONTINUE.
We have a few very fine H. & Co. decorated Dinner Sets, that will be closed out this week. They must be sold at some price, and the highest bid gets them. This is an auction sale carried on in a private way, and the people will do well to visit our store this week, for we are going to give some big bargains in fine Dinner Sets, fine Chamber Sets, fine Tin Sets, Library Lamps, Stand Lamps, Hall Lamps, Feather Dusters, Tinware, Hearth Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Counter Brushes, Baskets of all kinds and sizes, Bird Cages, Blue Steel Ware, fancy Cups and Saucers, fancy Mugs, etc.

PITCHERS!
The biggest line of Glass Pitchers, China Pitchers, English Granite Pitchers, C. C. Pitchers, White China Pitchers, Flemish Pitchers, Royal Flemish Pitchers. These Pitchers are going to be sold this week at some price, so come and get one.

TOYS.
This is a little out of season for Toys, but we have a large lot on hand and the court says they must be sold, so you may get just what you want in this line at your own price.

Our wholesale line is not as complete as it might be, but the merchants would do well to call and see our stock, as we are determined to close out this line this week.
H. F. GOLIGHTLY,
uly3—dlm Receiver.

TAILOR - MADE CLOTHES!
It is customary nowadays for gentlemen to have their CLOTHING made to order.
I am well prepared to do your work in first-class style at
MODERATE PRICES.
In fact, for the next few weeks I will sell the choicest Suitings at COST. This is done to reduce my summer stock. Call and see me.
HARRY ELSTON,
THE CLOTHIER,
No. 3 East Alabama St.
June 30—1m

MONON ROUTE
LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RY. CO.
Are you going to Chicago, or any point in the northwest, via Chicago? If so, ask your ticket agent for tickets via Louisville, or via Cincinnati, and Indianapolis; Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Monon, positively the only line running Pullman vestibuled trains, electric-lighted steam heated, with magnificent dining cars and

JAS. A. ANDERSON
Clothing Company.
Prices Smashed to Smithereens
Our Final and Greatest Cut.
A SALE WITHOUT AN EQUAL
For the Next Thirty Days.
300 Men's Suits reduced from $15 to $10
350 Men's Suits reduced from $15 to $12.
200 Men's Suits reduced from $20 to $15.
Boys' and Children's Suits.
Extra Pants for Men and Boys
—AND—
Furnishing Goods Reduced 33 Per Cent.
In Our Tailoring Department Prices Are Reduced 25 Per Cent.
NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.
J. A. ANDERSON CLOTHING CO.
41 WHITEHALL ST.

In effect Sunday May 29th, 1892.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
SEABOARD AIR-LINE. (GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION)		
No. 43, from Monroe, Columbia and Charleston	7.10 pm	
No. 41, from Portsmouth	8.30 am	
No. 36, to Monroe, Columbia and Charleston		7.35 am
No. 38, to Portsmouth		6 10 pm
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.		
From Savannah	7 45 am	
From Jackson'v'le	11 30 am	
From Savannah	7 30 pm	
To Savannah		7 20 am
To Jacksonville		4 15 pm
To Savannah		7 10 pm
WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.		
From Nashville*	7 00 pm	
From Marietta	8 20 am	
From Rome	11 05 am	
From Chat'n'ga*	1 15 pm	
From Nashville*	6 40 pm	
To Nashville*		6 10 am
To Chattanooga*		1 40 pm
To Rome		5 45 pm
To Marietta		5 50 pm
To Nashville*		7 40 pm
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.		
From Selma*	5 30 am	
From West Point	11 30 am	
From Mont'm'y*	12 30 pm	
From Opelika*	6 05 pm	
To Opelika*		7 00 am
To Montgomery*		4 15 pm
To West Point		5 05 pm
To Selma*		11 15 pm
GEORGIA RAILROAD.		
From Augusta*	6 30 am	
From Covington	7 55 am	
From Decatur	9 55 am	
From Augusta*	6 00 pm	
From Clarkston	1 55 pm	
From Clarkston	4 35 pm	
From Augusta*	5 45 pm	
To Augusta*		8 00 am
To Decatur		9 55 am
To Clarkston		12 10 pm
To Augusta*		3 45 pm
To Clarkston		3 15 pm
To Covington		6 20 pm
To Augusta*		11 15 pm
PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.)		
From Lula	7 50 am	
From Wash'gton*	11 35 am	
From Wash'gton*	4 05 pm	
From Wash'gton*	10 30 pm	
From Lula Sun.	9 50 am	
To Washington*		7 05 am
To Washington*		12 40 pm
To Lula		5 15 pm
To Washington*		7 00 pm
To Lula, Sundays		3 00 pm
RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R. (GEORGIA PACIFIC DIVISION.)		
From Greenville*	6 30 am	
From Tallapoosa*	8 40 am	
From Lithia Springs, Saturdays and Sundays only	8:40 am	
From Birming'm*	12 15 pm	
To Tallapoosa*		6
To Birmingham*		4
To Lithia Springs, days and Sundays		9
To Greenville*		11:05 pm
EAST TENN., VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA R'Y		
From Cincinnati	7 00 am	
From Jacksonville	8 00 am	
From Cincinnati	2 30 pm	
From Brunswick	8 10 pm	
To Jacksonville		7 15 am
To Cincinnati		7 30 pm
To Jacksonville		7 00 pm
To Cincinnati		10 55 pm
ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.		
From Fort Valley*	10 20 am	
To Fort Valley*		3 45 pm

*Daily. †Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

ATLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS, SHORT LINE.
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO. the most direct line and best route to Montgomery New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.
The following schedule in effect May 15, 1892.

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 82. Daily.	No. 56 Daily except Sunday.	No. 54. Daily.
Lv Atlanta	4 15 pm	11 15 pm	8 05 pm	7 00 am
Ar Newnan	5 14 pm	12 06 am	8 40 pm	8 26 am
Ar LaGrange	6 32 pm	1 11 am	9 00 pm	9 30 am
Ar W Point	6 57 pm	1 48 am	9 35 pm	10 01 am
Ar Opelika	7 46 pm	2 40 am		10 45 am
Ar Columbus				12 Noon
Ar Montgomery	9 25 pm	6 00 am		
Ar Pensacola	8 15 am	1 10 pm		
Ar Mobile	3 15 am	12 10 pm		
Ar N Orleans	7 45 am	4 45 pm		
Ar Houston Tex	9 45 pm	7 07 am		

TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT

NORTH BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 57	No. 55. Daily.
Lv New Orleans	7 45 am	8 25 pm		
Lv Mobile	1 04 pm	1 07 night		
Lv Pensacola		11 30 pm		
Lv Montgomery	7 55 pm	7 00 am		
Lv Selma	4 25 pm	5 15 am		
Lv Montgomery	11 30 pm	7 00 am		
Ar Columbus	11 05 am	11 05 am		11 45 am
Ar Opelika	2 10 am	9 05 am		2 06 pm
Ar West Point	2 48 am	9 38 am	5 00 a	2 51 pm
Ar LaGrange	3 36 am	10 05 am	5 35 am	3 27 pm
Ar Newnan	4 44 am	11 0 am	6 50 am	4 37 pm
Ar Atlanta	6 30 am	12 20 pm	11 30 am	6 05 pm

*Daily except Sunday.
Train No 50 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from New York to New Orleans, and vestibule dining car from Washington to Montgomery.
Train 53 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from New Orleans to New York and vestibule dining car from Montgomery to Washington.
Train No. 52 carries Pullman drawing room buffet car from Atlanta to New Orleans.
E. L. TYLER, R. E. LUTZ,
General Manager. Traffic Manager.
JOHN A. GEE, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE. SHORT LINE TO Norfolk and Old Point, Va., and Columbia, S. C. New Line to Charleston, S. C.
SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 26, 1892.

NORTHBOUND. No. 37. Daily.	No. 34. Daily.	Eastern Time. Except Atlanta.	SOUTHBOUND No. 43. Daily.	No. 41. Daily.
4 10 pm	7 35 am	Lv Atlanta Ar	7 10 pm	1 30 am
		In Pas'n. City T'e.		
5 10 pm		Lv Macon Ar		12 30 am
9 50 pm	11 03 am	Lv Athens Ar	3 45 pm	8 55 am
11 00 pm	12 26 pm	Ar Elberton Lv	4 30 pm	8 26 am
12 05 n't	1 42 pm	Ar Abbeville Lv	5 23 pm	4 17 am
12 42 am	2 15 pm	Ar Greenwood Lv	5 51 pm	3 35 am
1 45 am	3 20 pm	Ar Clinton Ar	1 45 pm	2 20 am
	3 55 pm	Lv Clinton Lv	1 30 pm	
	4 16 pm	Ar Newberry Lv	12 58 pm	
	4 32 pm	Ar Prosperity Lv	12 22 pm	
	5 26 pm	Ar Columbia Lv	11 08 am	
	7 25 pm	Ar Sumter Lv	9 43 am	
	10 20 pm	Ar Charleston Lv	6 50 am	
	†9 23 pm	Ar Darlington Lv	†7 12 am	
	†12 20am	Ar Wilmington Lv	†10 10pm	
3 20 am	4 58 pm	Ar Chester Ar	11 42 am	12 30 pm
4 11 am	5 42 pm	Ar Clinton Jc Ar	10 56 am	11 35 pm
5 10 am	6 35 pm	Ar Monroe Lv	10 00 am	10 22 pm
6 20 am		Ar Charlotte Lv		†8 00 pm
11 33am		Ar Wilming't'n Lv		†4 00 pm
1 13 am		Ar Raleigh Lv		4 15 pm
2 39 pm		Ar Henders'n		2 15 pm
2 46 pm		Ar Weldon Lv		12 30 pm
3 50 pm		Ar Portsm'th Lv		9 35 am
4 15 pm		Lv Weldon (a) Ar		12 15 n't
6 30 pm		Ar Petersburg Lv		10 00 am
6 29 pm		Ar Richmond Lv		9 15 am
11 15 pm		Ar Wash'gton Lv		6 30 am
12 45 n't		Ar Baltimore Lv		3 45 am
3 45 am		Ar Phil'delp'a Lv		12 05 n't
6 30 am		Ar New York Lv		9 00 pm
7 20 am		Ar Baltim're (b) Lv	†7 00 pm	
10 45 am		Ar Phil'delp'a Lv	4 45 pm	
1 30 pm		Ar New York Lv	12 10 pm	
6 00 pm		Lv P'tsm'th (n) Ar	9 15 am	
8 50 am		Ar Phil'delp'a Lv	11 15 pm	
8 00 am		Ar New York Lv	8 00 pm	
6 00 pm		Lv Pm'th (w) Ar	8 00 am	
8 30 am		Ar Wash'gton Lv	7 00 pm	

†Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily except Monday. * Daily except Saturday.

(a) Via Atlantic Coast Line. (b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company.
Trains Nos. 39 and 41 run solid with through Pullman buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta Ga., and Portsmouth, Va. Outgoing Atlanta passengers take Edgewood avenue electric line direct for Inman Park station, last car leaving Edgewood avenue and Exchange place 5:20 p. m., and 7:20 a. m.; city time. Baggage should be ready to leave Edgewood avenue passenger station one-half hour before time of departure of trains, or Howard Transfer Company will check same at residence by leaving orders with C. L. Milledge, ticket agent, Edgewood avenue station. Pullman and railroad tickets can be secured at Edgewood avenue or Inman Park stations.
C. V. SMITH, JOHN C. WINDER,
Traffic Manager. General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER,
Dis. Passenger Agent, Atlanta.

POND'S EXTRACT CURES

Piles *Boils*
Wounds *Bruises*
Sunburn *Chafing*
Sprains *Soreness*
Sore Eyes *Sore Feet*
Mosquito Bites
Hemorrhages
Inflammation

Avoid substitutes. Genuine made only by Pond's Extract Co., New York and London.

A Famous French Chef

once wrote: "The very soul of cooking is the stock-pot, and the finest stock-pot is

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef."

Genuine only with signature. Invaluable in improved and economic cookery. For Soups, Sauces and Made Dishes

july12—1m wed sat n r m last p

BUOYANCY OF BODY

can never be realized when the bowels do not act as nature intends they should. Instead, there is headache, weight in the stomach after eating, acidity and belching up of wind, low spirits, loss of energy, unsociability and forebodings of evil. An unhappy condition, but

TUTT'S Tiny Liver Pills

will relieve it and give health and happiness. They are worth a trial.



A remedy which, if used by Wives about to experience the painful ordeal attendant upon Child-birth, proves an infallible specific for, and obviates the tortures of confinement, lessening the dangers thereof to both mother and child. Sold by all druggists. Sent by express on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle, charges prepaid.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ELY'S **CATARRH**

CREAM BALM

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sor Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.



TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York. nov3-tues thur sat n r m

MANHOOD RESTORED.



Before & After Use. Photographed from life.

"SANATIVO," the Wonderful Spanish Remedy, is sold with a Written Guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Mention this paper. Address,

MADRID CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A. 358 Dearborn Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE IN ATLANTA, GA., BY Chas. O. Tyner, Druggist, Marietta & Broad Sts. R. L. Palmer, Druggist, 18 Kimball House.

8-ly-n r m.

Visit Owen's photographic studio over Rich Bros.

Grand Excursion to Arkansas and Texas, August 2d, 3d and 4th. Round Trip Tickets, good for thirty days, via three Memphis routes, Little Rock and Cotton Belt R. R. Parties wishing to go send in names to secure sleeping car berths and they will be reserved. County maps of Arkansas and Texas mailed free. All information regarding excursion may be had from General Excursion Agent, who will make cheapest possible rate. "Peg" Williams, No. 42 Wall street, Atlanta, Ga.

july5-d3t

How to Buy Lots at Manchester.

The officers the Manchester Investment Company will run out to Manchester every day to show lots to all parties who wish to buy.

Call at the company's office, 34 1-2 Wall street, opposite main entrance to carshed, and make your appointment to go out.

The Manchester accommodation train leaves the carshed at regular intervals all through the day. The lots are offered at one uniform price, but first purchasers have first choice.

Come at once, therefore, if you want choice of lots yet unsold.

Only a limited number will be offered at present prices.

THE MANCHESTER INVESTMENT CO.

july 22—1m

Correction.

It was not Dr. Henry McDonald, as stated today in your article on Manchester, but Dr. A. T. Spalding who pronounced the benediction at the close of the ceremony of laying the corner stone of the Southern Female College at Manchester on the 19th.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the best for children teething. 25 cents

THE REST HE SOUGHT

For His Weary Spirit Was Found in Death.

TIRED OF LIFE'S HARD STRUGGLES

And Without Hope or Purpose in the World, John Lowther Ends His Life with His Own Hand.

From a model young man respected and admired John Lowther ran through all the stages of sin in four short years until he reached the bottom—a wreck, physical, mental and moral.

Yesterday the end came. A dose of morphine—that tells the story.

John Lowther is a young man twenty-five years of age. His parents live at 37 Piedmont avenue on the corner of Gilmer street, and there they have made their home for years.

Lowther's father is a contractor, and is an honest and well-liked citizen, a strict member of the Catholic church and a man who deals fairly with his fellows. John was the eldest boy and was always the pride of the home. His father took extra care with his training; kept him from bad company as much as possible. As a result of this watchfulness and care young Lowther grew up to be a model young man. In business the young man was highly successful. He was connected for years with David H. Dougherty & Co., the Peachtree street dry goods firm. For a long time he was the trusted city collector for the firm. No one stood higher than Lowther. He was pointed to as a model young man, and one who had been trained up in the way that he should go.

But it is not always true, as the proverb says, and as this case shows that "train up a child in the way he should go and when he gets old he will not depart from it."

When John Lowther came to be a man of his own, he departed from the careful training of his father.

Wine and Women.

And the causes old as the proverb itself were responsible for his downfall. Wine and women—that tells the story.

First he began to indulge in the wine-cup and then seductive smiles of women lured him from the narrow way. He began to indulge too freely, and finally he became a hard drinker. He lost his position and down through all the stages of sin he went until he reached the very bottom.

A few months ago Lowther was arrested on a charge of forgery, and he spent several weeks in jail on that charge. Six weeks ago his parents secured a settlement of the trouble and he was released.

When he came out of jail he drank more and more. So low had he fallen that he left his home rather than mortify his father and mother by the sight of his misery and degradation. Ten days ago Mounted Officer Sewell arrested him on Peachtree street on a charge of vagrancy. He was sent to the city stockade for several days and was only released a day or so ago.

Yesterday he was more miserable and dejected than ever, and drank considerably. About 5 o'clock he was found seated on the curbstone on Decatur street apparently suffering acute pain. His face was haggard and every feature of it seemed writhing in agony. His eyes were dim, and a half-conscious light glowed in them.

The officer at once sent for the city ambulance and had Lowther removed to the Grady hospital.

Near the End of It All.

He was already speechless and unconscious. Dr. Fensch, the hospital superintendent, gave the sufferer immediate attention, but he quickly found that the case was a hopeless one—that the young man was even then in the clutches of death.

Drs. Gill, George and Blalock, house physicians, were called in to assist Dr. Fensch. Artificial respiration was tried, and by this means the young man was kept alive for nearly an hour, although he never spoke and his heart beat but faintly.

At 6 o'clock he died.

A half finished letter addressed to his sister was found in Lowther's pocket.

It read:

Dear Sister—I have determined to put an end to my miserable existence. I have grown tired of life, and only give father trouble. He sent for a policeman to arrest me. I have already taken the —

The letter broke off abruptly. It was written in a scrawling hand, and the young man was evidently suffering under the influence of the deadly drug when he penned it.

Several love letters signed "Gussie," and written in the tenderest vein were found in his pocket. Each letter breathed the warmest sentiments of love. A number of scattering verses which he had written to his sweetheart were found in his pocket. That he was deeply smitten the letters show.

Two drachms of morphine were found in the young man's shoe, where he had hidden it securely away with the evident purpose of ending his life in case he was found and the dose he had first taken did not put an end to him.

An inquest will be held this morning, and this afternoon the young man will be carried to his grave from the home of his father on Piedmont avenue.

Hood's Sarsaparilla absolutely cures all diseases caused by impure blood and it builds up the whole system.

Is your blood poor? Take Beecham's Pills.

If you feel weak and all worn out take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Use Angostura Bitters, the world renowned South American appetizer, of exquisite flavor. Manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. Ask your druggist.

Yellowstone Park Excursion for Knights Templar.

Special arrangements have been made by the Union Pacific railway for the benefit of the Knights Templar who attend the conclave at Denver in August, who desire to visit Yellowstone National park. Parties who desire to make the trip to Helena or the Yellowstone park should purchase, before leaving, round trip tickets to the former point. Rate for the same is one fare or $47.50 for the round trip. Round trip tickets can be purchased at Denver or Beaver Canon for the tour through the park for parties of from six to nine persons, $40; for parties of fifteen or more persons, $30 each. These rates include the regular rate through the park, taking all points of interest, such as lower, middle and upper Geyser basin, Yellowstone falls, Grand Canon, Morris Geyser basin and Mammoth Hot springs. For full particulars call on or address James F. Agiar, general agent Union Pacific railway, St. Louis. sat, tues, thur.

A Correction.

One of our typographers was a little off last night, and what should have been August 2d, 3d and 4th, in "Peg" Williams's advertisement was made to read August 23d and 24th. "Peg" says he is going to have the largest crowd that ever went west on an excursion and does not want to have any misunderstanding about the date. Remember August 2d, 3d and 4th. R. A. Williams, 42 Wall street.

THE LEYDEN.

A Select and Refined Home at 198 Peachtree Street.

Clean, airy rooms, choice, healthy location; cuisine and attendance would please the most fastidious; must be seen to be appreciated; is not a hotel, but a select house.

jly6-1yr

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIEL, wall paper, window shades, room molding and furniture. 40 Marietta st. 'Phone 77

Messrs. Freeman & Crankshaw's stock of fine stationery is now on sale at Thornton's, 27 Whitehall.

THE best picture frames are made by Sam Walker, 10 Marietta street. He carries a fine assortment of etchings and water colors. Lowest prices new goods. Mail orders receive prompt attention. oct 23-1y

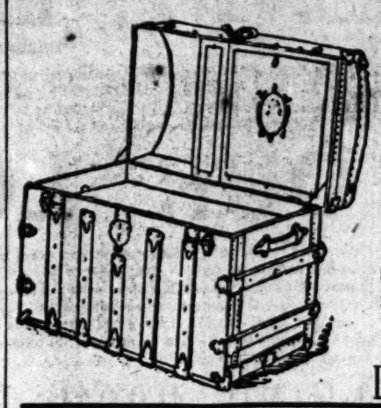
IF YOU HAVEN'T ENOUGH MONEY

To buy a new Piano, you can buy a slightly used Piano,

SQUARE OR UPRIGHT.

We have fifty second-hand Pianos, taken in part payment for new instruments or returned from failure to pay balance due. Come and see them, or write for description and prices. Easy terms.

PHILLIPS & CREW COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.



ATTENTION TOURISTS!

For the next ten days we offer a special discount of 15 per cent on all

TRUNKS, TRAVELING BAGS

and Tourist Outfits. Call and satisfy yourself at the Atlanta Trunk Factory, 92 and 94 Whitehall.

LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep, Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

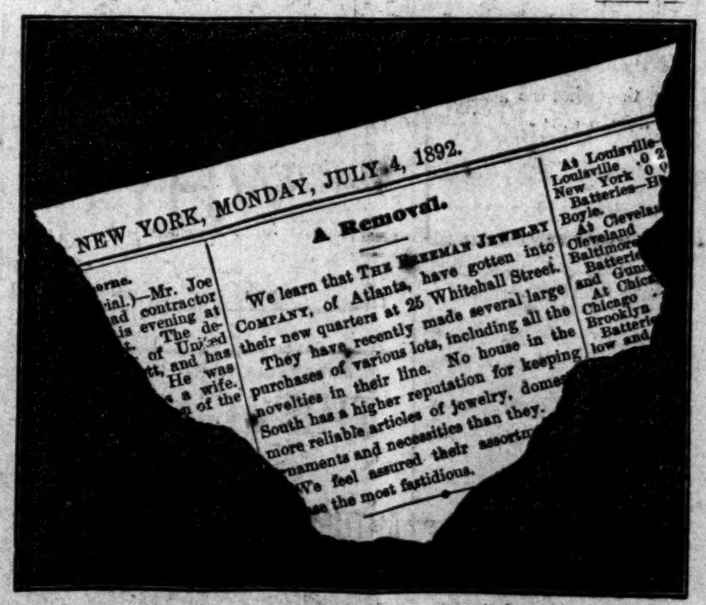
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.



NEW YORK, MONDAY, JULY 4, 1892.

A Removal.

We learn that THE FREEMAN JEWELRY COMPANY, of Atlanta, have gotten into their new quarters at 25 Whitehall Street. They have recently made several large purchases of various lots, including all the novelties in their line. No house in the South has a higher reputation for keeping more reliable articles of jewelry, dome... ornaments and necessities than they. ...We feel assured their assortm... ...se the most fastidious.

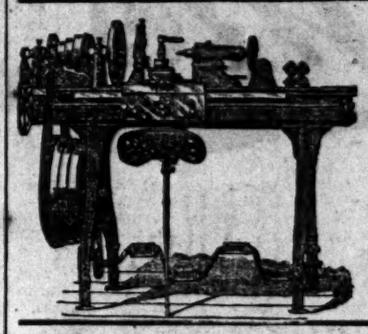
FOR SUMMER WEAR

Goods you want right away. The styles will tempt you. The prices will urge you.

Men's Suits, Light Coats and Vests
Boy's Suits, Fancy Vests,
Extra Pants, Negligee Shirts.
ALL KINDS,
ALL SIZES.

HIRSCH BROS.,

CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS,
42 WHITEHALL STREET.



THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY COMPANY.

MACHINERY AND TOOLS,
Plumbers', Steam and Gas Fitters' Supplies.
BELTING, HOSE AND PACKING.
ATLANTA, GA.

SCIPLE SONS,

Office: No. 8 Loyd Street, Atlanta, Ga.

COAL	CEMENT	DRAIN PIPE	SEWER PIPE	FIRE BRICK	STOVE	THIMBLES	STOVE FLUES	FIRE CLAY	STOVE THIMBLES	PLASTER PARIS	STOVE FLUES	FIRE BRICK	FIRE CLAY	SEWER PIPE	DRAIN PIPE	CEMENT	LIME	COAL	LIME

THE INK USED ON THIS PAPER

IS FROM

THE STANDARD PRINTING INK CO.

NO. 108 CANAL STREET,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts

And Branch Store 201 Peters Street.

Has on hand and to arrive 100 gross fruit jars such as Mason's metal top, Mason's improved, Glassboro improved, Woodbury and Millville. Pints, quarts and half gallons; also extra rubbers and fixtures for all the above jars. 50 barrels jelly tumblers, 1-3 and 1-2 pints; 1,000 pounds fresh turnip seeds, assorted; field and garden seeds of all kinds in their proper seasons. Also boots and shoes; hardware, hollowware, leather and harness and other large varieties of other goods too numerous to mention here.

P. Lynch keeps his usual stock of fine wines, liquors, beer, ale and porter on hand; also, 100 empty spirit barrels and half barrels at his Whitehall street store. Terms cash.

THE TRIPOD PAINT CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

PURE : READY-MIXED : PAINTS,

Piedmont White Lead, "l'Etoile" One-Coat Carriage Paints, "Adamant" Floor Paint, Oil Wood Stains, Pure Colors in Oil, Graining Colors, Etc., Etc., Dealer in

PAINTERS' : AND : ARTISTS' : SUPPLIES,

Varnishes, Window Glass, Cement, Etc., Etc.

FACTORY, 375 Decatur Street.

STORE and OFFICE, 56 and 58 Marietta Street.

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EISEMAN BROS.

AT THE SEASHORE.

A CONTRAST.

You are proud of your small boy. Regular features, luxuriant hair, good manners are his natural endowments. They haven't had a fair chance.

But that forbidding, ill-mannered, small cub of the Jenkinses puts your boy quite at a disadvantage.

You'll readily see it's a question of Clothes, and just now not of cost. Give your boy one or two Sailor Suits and he'll display both good looks and good breeding.

THEY ARE HALF PRICE NOW

Be just to your boy and make yourself happier. Your choice of the entire stock at precisely half of yesterday's price.

AND NOW

We give attention to the big brothers, the chappies that go from 4 to 14 years and have doffed Knickerbockers except for Athletics. The prices of their Cheviot, Homespun and Serge Suits have shrunk one-quarter, and the variety is unbroken. All colors, all sizes, all styles.

SPECIAL SALE.

At $9.90—New lots have been added to the $12, $15, $16 and $18 Suits for Men that we are now selling at $9.90.

TAILORING.

For one week longer—20 per cent discount off of each purchase.

EISEMAN BROS.

15-17 WHITEHALL ST.